Canal Zone

PART 57

Canal Zone

INTRODUCTION

(Page numbers listed here omit the area prefix number which appears as part of the page number for each page. The prefix for this area is 57)

	Page		Page
Subject guide Subjects included in this report,		Social characteristicsContinued	
by type of area and table number	III	Marital status	XI
		Household and group quarters membership, and	
1960 Census schedule for the Canal Zone	V	relationship to head of household	XII
		Married couple, family, and unrelated indi-	
General	VII	vidual	XIII
Historical background	VII	Children ever born	XIII
Collection and processing procedures	VII		
Changes in definitions	VII	Economic characteristics	XIII
	*****	Employment status	XIII
Area classifications	VIII	Weeks worked in 1959	ΧV
Usual place of residence	VIII	Occupation, industry, and class of worker	XV
Urban-rural residence	VIII	Income	XVIIJ
Court districts	VIII		
Places	VIII	Collection and processing of data	XIX
Social characteristics	VIII	Field enumeration	XIX
Age	VIII	Manual coding and editing of schedules	XIX
Color	X	Machine processing	XX
Country of birth	X		
School enrollment and year of school in which		Accuracy of the data	XX
enrolled	Х	Sources of error	XX
Years of school completed	XI	Editing of unacceptable data	ХX
TOULS OF SCHOOT COMPTERGREENESS *********************************	27.7	·	

TABLES AND MAPS

(See list preceding each chapter)

Chapter A. Number of inhabitants (Tables 1 to 4).
Chapter B. General population characteristics (Tables 5 to 31).

SUBJECTS INCLUDED IN THIS REPORT, BY TYPE OF AREA AND TABLE NUMBER

		Type of an	rea (see Not	e below)	
Subject	Canal	Zone	Court	Places of	Places of
guojee o	Total, urban and rural	By color	dis- tricts	2,500 or more	1,000 to 2,500
	Table	Table	Table	<u>Table</u>	Table
Color Color, by sex Age, by color and sex Country of birth Country of birth, by color and sex	15 15 6 7	··· ··· 7	27 27 27 28	27 27 27 28	31 230
School enrollment: By age By level of school By year of school, by age and sex Years of school completed:	8 9 10	8 9 	28 28 	28 28	•••
By sex	12 11, 12	12	28 ³ 28	28 ³ 28	•••
Marital status, by sex Marital status and presence of spouse, by age and sex Married couples, families, and unrelated individuals Households and population per household Household relationship Children ever born, by age of woman	13 14 15 16 16	13 15 16 16 17	28 28 28 28 28	28 28 28 28 28 28	31 431
Employment status, by sex. Labor force status, by age and sex. Weeks worked in 1959	18, ¹ 19 20 21 22 23 24	18, 19 20 21 22 23 24	29 29 29 29 29 29	29 29 29 29 29 29	•••
Income in 1959: Families and unrelated individuals Families Unrelated individuals Persons, by sex	25 25 ⁵ 25 26	25 25 ⁵ 25 26	⁵ 29 29 ⁵ 29 29	⁵ 29 29 ⁵ 29 29	•••

NOTE. -- Data on population counts for the various areas of the Canal Zone are shown in chapter A.

Not by urban-rural residence.
 Not by color.
 Population 25 years old and over.
 Households and population in households.
 Median only.

+ + + +	+	P I. Name of this person
	<u> </u>	P.Z. What is his relation
11 S DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE		Head
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS		Son or daughter o
(Other - Spacify:
		P3, Sex:
		Female
To Bush)
1960 CENSUS OF POPULATION		Negro-mixed
CANAL ZONE		Other - Specifys.
		PS. What is the month
d. ED number		Jan., Feb., Mar.
b. Town		April, May, June July, Aug., Sept.
		Oct., Nov., Dec. P6. Marital status:
r. Enumerated by Date f. If continued from snother schedule, check here	nother re	Is he new-
g. Address House Apt. No. Street, avenue, or road (?? unnamed, describe location)		a de la constante de la consta
		P7. If this is a woman
1.]	How many bables
FIRST Determine if there is more than one household. ASK		(Number)
Does more than one tamily live in this name: If "YesDe they live and set with the foulty, or do they have separate living quoriers? If "YesDe they live and set with the fourthy, or do they have separate living quoriers?	1147	PB. Where was he bert
SECOND — Uning one page for each person, chief names in r's and make relationship in received in this order: The head		Canal Zone
His wife Unmarried some and daughters (in order of age)		United States
Married some and daughters and their lemilies Other restries Other execus, such as jodgers, maids, or hired hands who live is and their families living in.	living in.	Other, - Specify
ASK What is the name of the heed of this household?		P9. What is the higher ever attended?
What ere the names of oil other persons who live nere! THIRD _ Check for completeness.	•	(0) Never attended
Abr. Is there enyone also who usually lives here, but is temporarily away? Is sevene also stating here now who has no usual residence alsowhere?		(0) Kindergarten
herenames now. s that right? FOURTH _ Fill P9 - P22 for each person.		(0) Elementary ach
FIFTH A Like for visiture, fill an marriage, comment of the ASK		(1) High achool
SIX.17 — Librar for other mousemouts. A.K. Deas emyses else live have in this building or elsewhere on this property?		(2) College
SEVENTH Ank about the next household. Name of head?		P10. Did he sinten in
Number of people? When at herre?		P11. If born after Man (or cellege) at a
CONFIDENTIAL - The Census is required by the United States Constitution and further		Yes
authorized by 13 U.S.C. 5, 9, 141, 221-4. The law requires that the inquires be anowered completely and accusately, and guarantees that the information furnished will be accompletely another than the second completely and accusately, and guarantees that the complete control be used for purposer of tax.		P12, Check whether ! Yes, born befo
atios, investigatios, or regulation.	_	April 1946
		FORM SOPH-1CZ

FORM 60PH-1CZ

Budger Bureau No. 41-59110 Approval Expires Dec. 31, 1960

Characteristics of the Population

GENERAL

This part of Volume I presents the major portion of the information compiled from the 1960 Census of Population for the Canal Zone. It contains the two chapters A and B previously published in the PC(1)-A and PC(1)-B final report series. All of the statistics presented in these two chapters are based on a complete count of the population.

Chapter A, "Number of Inhabitants," comprises tables 1 to 4 and contains statistics on the number of persons in the Canal Zone, by court districts, and for towns. Comparable statistics from earlier censuses are also presented in this chapter.

Chapter B, "General Population Characteristics." comprises tables 5 to 31 and presents the demographic, social, and economic statistics obtained in the 1960 Census of the Canal Zone. Data are presented on color, sex, age, country of birth, school enrollment, level of school in which enrolled, years of school completed, marital status, household relationship, married couples and families, children ever born, employment status, weeks worked in 1959, class of worker. occupation group, industry group, and income in 1959 of persons and of families and unrelated individuals. The amount of detail presented is substantially greater for the area as a whole than for its subdivisions, and data from earlier censuses on the subjects treated are generally limited to the whole area. bles 5 to 26 contain figures for the Canal Zone as a whole; tables 27 to 29 include summaries of demographic, social, and economic characteristics for court districts and for places of 2,500 inhabitants or more; and tables 30 and 31 contain summary data for places of 1,000 to 2,500.

A list of the subjects included, showing the type of area and the tables in which they appear, is presented on page III. A map of the Caribbean area appears on pages 2 and 6, and a map of the Canal Zone showing court districts and towns is presented on pages 3 and 7.

HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

The use, occupation, and control of the Canal Zone were granted to the United States under the terms of a treaty with the Republic of Panama, signed November 18, 1903, and ratified in the following year. The first census of the Canal Zone was taken as of February 1, 1912, by the Department of Civil Administration of the Isthmian Canal Commission. In 1920 and in subsequent decades, the population of the Canal Zone was enumerated in conjunction with the regular decennial census of the United States, the field work having been done under the supervision of the Governor in accordance with plans prescribed by the Director

of the Census. Major General William E. Potter, Governor of the Canal Zone, supervised the 1960 Census enumeration.

In 1912, the Canal Zone had a population of 62,810. Between 1912 and 1920, there was a sharp decline in the population to 22,858. According to the 1960 Census, the population of the Canal Zone on April 1, 1960, was 42,122. Table 1 contains figures on the population of the Canal Zone from 1912 to 1960.

COLLECTION AND PROCESSING PROCEDURES

In 1960 as in previous censuses of the Canal Zone, the data for each household were obtained by personal interview. The census enumerators were instructed to visit every housing unit in their assigned areas and to interview the head or other responsible member of the household. If no suitable respondent was at home at the time of his first visit, the enumerator was required to make at least two callbacks on different days in an effort to obtain the information. After three calls, if he was still unsuccessful in finding a suitable respondent, he was instructed to obtain as much of the desired information as possible from neighbors, hired help, or relatives living in the area.

The processing of the census returns for the Canal Zone involved manual editing of the schedules for omissions and inconsistencies, coding of selected items on the schedules (such as relationship), transferring the information on the schedules to a set of punch cards, further editing of the data by machine, tabulation of the desired summary data, posting of the tabulated data to work sheets, computation of statistical measures such as percentages and medians, typing of the final text and tables, and printing.

The definitions of terms which are given below are consistent with the instructions given to the enumerators and to the field office personnel who reviewed the schedules. As in all censuses and surveys, however, there were some failures to execute these instructions exactly. A few types of known or suspected inaccuracies in the data arising from failure to apply the definitions correctly are noted in this text.

Additional information on the collection and processing of the data appears in the section beginning on page XIX.

CHANGES IN DEFINITIONS

The definitions of the major concepts used in the 1960 Census of the Canal Zone are given below. A few of the definitions used in 1960 differ from those used in 1950. These changes were made after consultation

57-VIII Canal Zone

with users of census data and were made in order to improve the statistics, even though it was recognized that comparability would be affected. In some cases, the new definitions were tested by the Bureau of the

Census in connection with its Current Population Survey and census pretests, and, where feasible, measures of the impact of the change on the statistics were developed.

AREA CLASSIFICATIONS

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to 1790, each person enumerated in the 1960 Census was counted as an inhabitant of his usual place of abode, which is generally construed to mean the place where he lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as his legal residence, voting residence, or domicile; however, in the vast majority of cases, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there may be appreciable differences for a few areas.

In the application of this rule, persons were not always counted as residents of the places in which they happened to be found by the census enumerators. Ordinarily, visitors in private homes and transient guests in hotels were not enumerated as residents of those places. Information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, landladies, etc. If an entire family was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, the information was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for a person who reported for himself while away from his usual residence and who was also reported at his usual residence by someone else.

Persons in the Armed Forces quartered on military installations were enumerated as residents of the area in which their installations were located. Members of their families were enumerated where they actually resided. As in 1950, college students were considered residents of the communities in which they were residing while attending college. The crews of vessels of the U.S. Navy and of the U.S. merchant marine in harbors of the Canal Zone were counted as part of the population of the ports in which their vessels were berthed on April 1, 1960. Inmates of institutions,

who ordinarily live there for long periods of time, were counted as inhabitants of the place in which the institution was located, whereas patients in general hospitals, who ordinarily remain for short periods of time, were counted at, or allocated to, their homes. Persons without a usual place of residence were counted where they were enumerated.

Persons who were abroad for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in universities, etc.) are not included in the population of the area. On the other hand, persons temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like, were enumerated at their usual residences on the basis of information received from members of their families or from neighbors.

URBAN-RURAL RESIDENCE

According to the definition adopted for use in the 1960 Census of the area, the urban population comprises all persons living in towns of 2,500 inhabitants or more. The following towns in the Canal Zone were thus classified as urban in 1960: Balboa, Gamboa, Paraiso, and Rainbow City.

COURT DISTRICTS

The Canal Zone is divided into two court districts, which, for census purposes, are treated as equivalent to county areas. Balboa District comprises the eastern part of the Zone, and Cristobal the western part.

PLACES

The term "place" as used in this report refers to a concentration of population, regardless of the existence of legally established limits, powers, or functions. All of the places in the Canal Zone are designated as towns.

SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

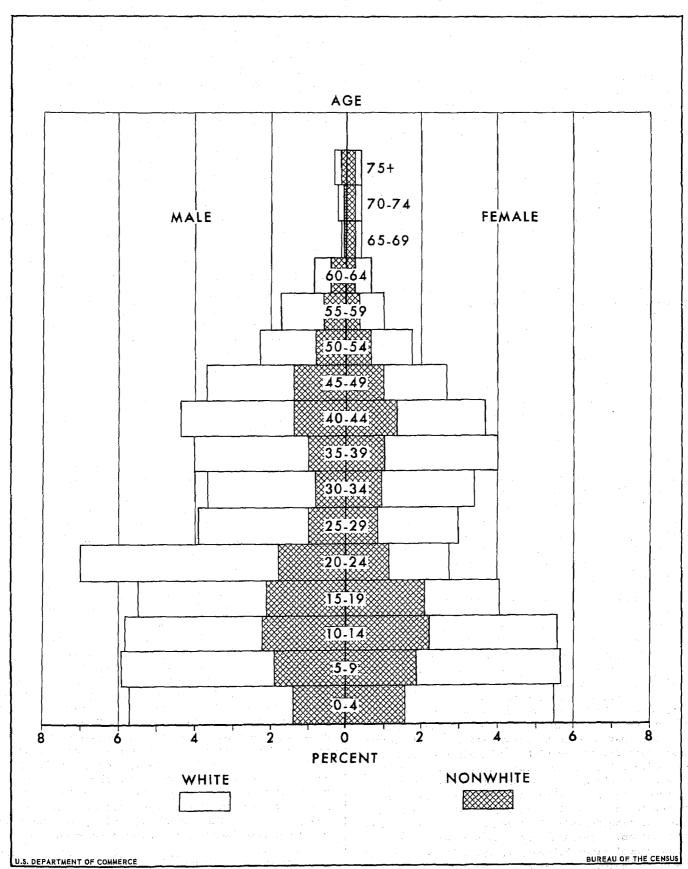
AGE

The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1960. For the first time since 1900, the Bureau of the Census obtained data on the age of the population by asking for date of birth. The enumerator asked the question, "What is the month and year of his birth?" and then recorded the quarter and year in the space provided on the schedule. The comparable question in previous censuses was designed to obtain the age in completed years. It was believed that the wording of the question in terms of date of birth would result in fewer errors in reporting information relating to ages.

Assignment of unknown ages.—Whenever the age of a person was not reported on the schedule, it was estimated on the basis of other available information such as marital status, year of school in which enrolled, employment status, age of other members of the household, and type of household. This method of assigning unknown ages on the basis of related information was also used in the 1950 Census. In previous censuses, persons of unknown age were shown as a separate category.

Median age. -- The median, a type of average, is presented in connection with the data on age which appear in this report. The median age is that age which

PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY AGE, COLOR, AND SEX, FOR THE POPULATION OF THE CANAL ZONE: 1960



divides the distribution into two equal parts--onehalf of the cases falling below this value and onehalf of the cases exceeding this value.

COLOR

The term "color," as used by the Bureau of the Census, refers to the division of the population into two groups, white and nonwhite. The color group designated as "nonwhite" consists of such races as the Negro, American Indian, Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, Korean, Asian Indian, and Malayan races. Persons of Mexican birth or ancestry who are not definitely of Indian or other nonwhite race are classified as white. Persons of mixed white and nonwhite parentage are classified as nonwhite. As in previous censuses of the Canal Zone, the 1960 classification was obtained in most cases by the enumerator's observation. However, where the enumerator failed to report race for an individual, the classification was made in the editing process.

COUNTRY OF BIRTH

In this report, information is presented showing the population born in the United States, in the Canal Zone, in other outlying areas of the United States, and in selected foreign countries. The small number of persons whose country of birth was not reported on the schedule are assumed to have been born in the United States.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND YEAR OF SCHOOL IN WHICH ENROLLED

Definitions

The data on school enrollment were derived from answers to the question, "Has he attended regular school (or college) at any time since February 1, 1960?" This question was asked only for persons 5 to 34 years of age. The data on year of school in which enrolled were obtained by tabulating, for those who were enrolled, the responses to the question on highest grade attended (see section below on "Years of school completed").

Schooling included .-- Persons were included as enrolled in school if they reported attending or being enrolled in a "regular" school or college at any time. between February 1, 1960, and the time of the enumeration. "Regular" schooling refers to formal education obtained in public and private (denominational or nondenominational) kindergartens, graded schools, colleges, universities, or professional schools, whether day or night school, and whether attendance was full time or part time. That is, "regular" schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional degree. Schooling that was not obtained in a regular school and schooling from a tutor or through correspondence courses were counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system. Persons who had been enrolled in a regular school since February 1, 1960, but who had not actually attended, for example, because of illness, were counted as enrolled in school.

Schooling excluded.--Persons were excluded from the enrollment figures if the only schools attended since February 1, 1960, were not "regular" (unless courses taken at such schools could have been counted for credit at a regular school). Schooling which is generally regarded as not "regular" includes that which is given in nursery schools, in specialized vocational, trade, or business schools, in on-the-job training, and through correspondence courses.

Level and year of school in which enrolled.--Persons who were enrolled in school were classified according to the level and year of school in which they were enrolled. Tables in this report show the number of persons enrolled in kindergarten, and in specified years of elementary school, high school, and college. Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 to 8 and high school includes grades 9 to 12. If a person was attending a junior high school, the equivalent in terms of 8 years of elementary school and 4 years of high school was obtained. The term "college" includes junior or community colleges, regular 4-year colleges, and graduate or professional schools.

Enumeration of college students.—College students were enumerated in 1950 and 1960 where they lived while attending college, whereas in earlier censuses they generally were enumerated at their parental home. This change in procedure may have some effect upon the comparability of the figures on enrollment for persons at the college level.

Comparability

Earlier census data.—In 1950 and 1960, the questions on school enrollment referred to the period from February 1 to the date of enumeration. In 1940, however, the corresponding question referred to a somewhat shorter period, the period from March 1 to the date of enumeration. Furthermore, in earlier censuses, the question was not restricted as to the kind of school the person was attending. In the 1960 Census of the Canal Zone, kindergarten enrollment was separately identified and included with the regular enrollment figures.

The age range for which enrollment data have been obtained has varied for the several censuses. Information on enrollment was recorded for persons 5 to 24 years old in 1940 and 1950, and for those 5 to 34 years old in 1960. The extended age coverage in the 1960 Census reflects the increasing number of persons in their late twenties and early thirties who are attending regular colleges and universities.

In 1960, as in prior censuses, persons for whom there was no report as to school enrollment were allocated as either enrolled or not enrolled. The editing rules were determined largely on the basis of information available regarding ages of compulsory school attendance. In general, in 1960, persons 7 through 16 years of age for whom school enrollment was not reported were counted as enrolled, while those over 16 years old were considered not enrolled. In 1940 and 1950, persons 5 through 17 years of age not reporting on school enrollment were tabulated as enrolled.

Data from other sources. -- Data on school enrollment are also collected and published by other governmental agencies. This information generally is obtained from reports of school systems and from other surveys and censuses. These data are only roughly comparable with data collected by the Bureau of the Census by household canvassing because of differences in definitions, subject matter covered, time references, and enumeration methods.

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED

Definitions

The data on years of school completed were derived from answers to the questions, "What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school he has ever attended?" and "Did he finish this grade (or year)?" As indicated above, these questions on educational attainment applied only to progress in "regular" schools. Both questions were asked of all persons 5 years of age and over. In the present report, these data are shown for persons 14 to 24 years old not enrolled in school and for all persons 14 years old and over.

Highest grade of school attended.--The first question called for the highest grade attended, regardless of "skipped" or "repeated" grades, rather than the number of full school years which the person had spent in school. If the highest grade of school attended was in a junior high school, the instructions were to determine the equivalent in elementary grades 1 to 8 or high school grades 1 to 4.

Enumerators were instructed to obtain the approximate equivalent grade in the American school system for persons whose highest grade of attendance was in a foreign school system, whose highest level of attendance was in an ungraded school, whose highest level of schooling was measured by "readers," or whose training by a tutor was regarded as qualifying under the "regular" school definition.

Completion of grade. The second question on educational attainment asked whether or not the highest grade attended had been completed. It was to be answered "Yes" if the person had successfully completed the entire grade or year indicated in response to the previous question on the highest grade ever attended. If the person was still attending school in that grade, had completed only a half grade or semester, or had dropped out of or failed to pass the last grade attended, the question was to be answered "No."

Comparability

In the 1950 Census, a single question was asked on highest grade of school completed. Analysis of earlier census returns and those of other surveys conducted by the Bureau of the Census using this type of question indicated that respondents frequently reported the grade or year in which they were enrolled, or had last been enrolled, instead of the one completed. The two-question approach used in 1960 was designed to reduce this kind of error.

In this report, the number in each category of highest grade of school completed for 1960 represents the combination of (a) persons who reported that they had attended the indicated grade and finished it, and (b) those who had attended the next higher grade but had not finished it.

Median School Years Completed

The median number of school years completed is defined as the value which divides the population group into two equal parts -- one - half having completed more schooling and one-half having completed less schooling than the median. This median is expressed in terms of a continuous series of numbers representing years of school completed (such as 9 for the first year of high school and 13 for the first year of college). The persons completing a given school year were assumed to be distributed evenly within the interval from .0 to .9 of the year. In fact, at the time of census enumeration (generally April or May), most of the enrolled persons had completed at least three-fourths of a school year beyond the highest grade completed, whereas a large majority of persons who were not enrolled had not attended any part of a grade beyond the highest one completed. The effect of the assumption is to place the median for younger persons slightly below, and for older persons slightly above, the true median.

The same procedure for computing this median has been used in the 1940, 1950, and 1960 Censuses. Because of the inexact assumption as to the distribution within an interval, this median is more appropriately used for comparing groups and the same group at different dates than as an absolute measure of educational attainment.

MARITAL STATUS

The data on marital status were based on replies to the question, "Is he now married, widowed, divorced, separated [or] never married?" The classification refers to the marital status of the person at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" comprise, therefore, both those who have been married only once and those who have remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated (either legally separated or otherwise absent from their spouse because of marital discord) are classified as a subcategory of married persons. The enumerators were instructed to report persons in common-law marriages as married, and persons whose only marriage had been annulled as single. Persons "ever married" are those in the categories "married" (including "separated"), "widowed," and "divorced."

Differences between the number of married men and the number of married women are due partly to the absence of husbands or wives from the area at the time of enumeration. Examples are women whose husbands were in the Armed Forces overseas and immigrants whose husbands or wives were still abroad. Differences may also arise because the husband and wife have different places of residence and because of differences in the completeness and accuracy of reporting on marital status for men and women.

A married person with "spouse present" is a man or woman whose spouse was enumerated as a member of the same household even though he or she may have been temporarily absent on business or vacation, visiting, in a hospital, etc., at the time of enumeration. The small number of persons living with their spouse in group quarters are classified as married, spouse absent.

57-XII Canal Zone

The number of married men with spouse present, shown in this report, is identical with the number of married couples. (See discussion of "married couple" below.) By definition, this number should also be identical with the number of married women with husband present. However, the figures may not agree exactly because of minor differences in the tabulations. Married persons with "spouse absent -- other" comprise married persons employed and living away from their homes, those whose spouse was absent in the Armed Forces, in-migrants whose spouse remained in other areas, husbands or wives of inmates of institutions, married persons (other than separated) who were living in group quarters, and all other married persons for whom place of residence was not the same as that of their spouse.

Comparability

The 1960 marital status categories for the Canal Zone are similar to those of the 1950 and 1940 Censuses except for the addition of the category "separated" and the exclusion of all persons in group quarters from the category "married, spouse present."

HOUSEHOLD AND GROUP QUARTERS MEMBERSHIP, AND RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD

Definitions

The data on households, group quarters, and relationship to head of household were obtained primarily from the question, "What is his relationship to the head of this household?"

Household. -- A household consists of all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment or other group of rooms, or a single room, is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters, that is, when the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and when there is either (1) direct access from the outside or through a common hall or (2) a kitchen or cooking equipment for the exclusive use of the occupants.

The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of households. The number of households is equal to the number of heads of households.

Group quarters.—All persons who are not members of households are regarded as living in group quarters. Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for groups containing five or more persons unrelated to the person in charge. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, lodging and boarding houses, military and other types of barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, homes for nurses, convents, monasteries, and ships. Group quarters are also located in a house or an apartment in which the living quarters are shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him.

The population in group quarters is classified into two types, "inmate of institution" and "other." Inmates of institutions are persons for whom care or custody is provided in such places as homes for delin-

quent or dependent children, homes and schools for the mentally or physically handicapped, places providing specialized medical care for persons with mental disorders, tuberculosis, or other chronic disease, nursing and domiciliary homes for the aged and dependent, prisons, and jails. Resident institutional staff members not living in separate housing units and all persons in group quarters other than in institutions are included in the category "other."

Relationship to head of household. --This subject pertains only to persons who are members of households. Five categories of relationship to head of household are recognized in this report.

The "head of household" is the member reported as the head by the household respondent. The instructions to enumerators defined the head as the person considered to be the head by the household members. However, if a married woman living with her husband was reported as the head, she was reclassified as wife of head, and her husband was classified as the head for the purpose of these tabulations.

Household heads are either heads of primary families or primary individuals. The head of a primary family is a household head living with one or more persons related to him by blood, marriage, or adoption. A primary individual is a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only.

The "wife of head" is a woman married to and living with a household head. This category includes women in common-law marriages as well as women in formal marriages. This category is somewhat less inclusive than the category of married women, husband present, because it excludes those married women whose husband is not head of the household. By definition, the number of wives of household heads is identical with the number of married couples with own household or the number of husband-wife families with own household.

A "child of head" is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the head of the household (regard-less of the child's marital status or age). This category excludes all other children, sons-in-law, and daughters-in-law in the household.

An "other relative of head" is a household member related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption but not included in either the category "wife of head" or "child of head."

A "nonrelative of head" is any person in the household not related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. Nonrelatives consist of lodgers and resident employees.

Comparability

The 1960 definition of a household differs slightly from that used in the 1950 Census. The change arises as a result of the shift from a dwelling unit to a housing unit as the basic unit of enumeration in the Census of Housing. Housing units differ from dwelling units mainly in that separate living quarters consisting of one room with direct access but without cooking equipment always qualify as a housing unit in 1960 but qualified as a dwelling unit in 1950 only when located in a regular apartment house or when the room was the only living quarters in the structure. The evidence

so far available suggests that using the housing unit concept in 1960 instead of the dwelling unit concept as in 1950, had relatively little effect on the comparability of the statistics for the two dates on the number of households for the area as a whole.

The concept of quasi-household used in 1950 is similar to the concept of group quarters used in 1960. In 1950, as in 1960, groups of persons with this type of living arrangements were excluded from the count of households.

Except for the household concept, the definitions with respect to relationship to head of household are essentially the same as in 1950. However, the statistics for certain relatively small categories by relationship and family status may have been significantly affected by the change in the household definition. The change from dwelling unit to housing unit (and, therefore, the change in household definition) is discussed in 1960 Census of Housing, Vol. IV, Components of Inventory Change, Part 1A.

MARRIED COUPLE, FAMILY, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUAL

Married Couple

In the 1960 Census, a married couple is defined as a husband and his wife enumerated as members of the same household. Statistics on married couples were compiled in 1960 for persons in housing units only. Data are not available for the very small number of married couples in group quarters. In the 1950 Census, the figures for married couples include those in quasi-households.

A "married couple with own household" is a married couple in which the husband is a household head; the number of such married couples is the same as the number of "husband-wife families with own household." The number of married couples with own household is also equal to the number of women classified as wife of the household head.

Family

A family consists of two or more persons living in the same household who are related to each other by blood, marriage, or adoption; all persons living in one household who are related to each other are regarded as one family. Thus, if the son of the head of the household and the son's wife are members of the

household, they are treated as part of the head's family. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. A few households contain more than one family, that is, two family groups in the same household in which none of the members of one family is related to any of the members of the other family. A "husband-wife family" is a family in which the head and his wife are enumerated as members of the same household.

Statistics on the total number of families were compiled in 1960 only for persons in housing units. The 1950 Census data on families included those in quasi-households as well as those in dwelling units.

Unrelated Individual

As the term is used in the 1960 Census, an unrelated individual is a member of a household who is not related to anyone else in the household, or is a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution. Unrelated individuals who are household heads are called "primary individuals." Those who are not heads of households are called "secondary individuals."

CHILDREN EVER BORN

The data on children ever born were derived from answers to the following question, which was asked of all women who had ever been married: "How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths?" The 1960 Census was the first census of the Canal Zone to include a question on number of children ever born.

Although the question on children ever born was asked only of women reported as having been married, the data are not limited to legitimate births. On the other hand, the data are less complete for illegitimate than for legitimate births. Consequently, the rates per 1,000 women may be slightly understated. The enumerator was instructed to include children born to the woman before her present marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children borne by the woman who were still living in the home.

The schedule contained a terminal category of "10 or more" children ever born. For purposes of computing the total number of children ever born, the terminal category was given a mean value of 11.

ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Definitions

The data on employment status were derived from answers to the following questions:

- 1. Did this person work at any time last week?
- 2. If "Yes" in (1) How many hours did he work last week at all jobs?
- 3. If "No" in (1) Was he looking for work or on layoff from a job?

4. If "No" in (3) - Even though he did not work last week, does he now have a job he usually works at?

These questions are designed to identify, in this sequence, (a) persons who worked at all during the reference week; (b) those who did not work but were looking for work or were on layoff; and (c) those who neither worked nor looked for work but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent. For those who worked during the reference week, a question was asked on hours of work.

57-XIV Canal Zone

Reference week.—In the 1960 Census, the data on employment refer to the calendar week prior to the date on which the respondents were interviewed by the enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because not all persons were enumerated during the same week. The majority of the population was enumerated during the first half of April, but the enumeration was not completed until the end of the month. The employment status data for the 1950 Census refer to the approximately corresponding period in 1950.

Employed.--Employed persons comprise all civilians 14 years old and over who were either (a) "at work"--those who did any work for pay or profit, or worked without pay for 15 hours or more on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) "with a job but not at work"--those who did not work and were not looking for work but had a job or business from which they were temporarily absent because of bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, illness, or other personal reasons.

Unemployed. --Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 14 years old and over and not "at work" but looking for work. A person is considered as looking for work not only if he actually tried to find work during the reference week, but also if he had made such efforts recently (i.e., within the past 60 days) and was awaiting the results of these efforts. Examples of looking for work are:

- 1. Registration at a public or private employment office.
- 2. Meeting with or telephoning prospective employers.
- 3. Being on call at a personnel office, at a union hall, or from a nurses' register or other similar professional register.
 - 4. Placing or answering advertisements.
 - 5. Writing letters of application.

Persons waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off or furloughed were also counted as unemployed.

Labor force. --The labor force includes all persons classified as employed or unemployed, as described above, and also members of the Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). The "civilian labor force" comprises only the employed and unemployed components of the labor force.

Not in labor force.--This category consists of all persons 14 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force and includes persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the week). Most of the persons in this category are students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, or persons who cannot work because of long-term physical or mental illness or disability. Of these groups not in the labor force, only inmates of institututions and students are shown separately.

Problems in Classification

Although the classification of the population by employment status is correct for most regular full-time workers, it is subject to error in marginal cases.

Some of the concepts are difficult to apply; more important, for certain groups, the complete information needed is not always obtained. For example, students or housewives may not consider themselves as working if their job required only a few hours of work a week.

Comparability

Statistics on gainful workers .-- The data on the labor force for 1940, 1950, and 1960 are not entirely comparable with the statistics for gainful workers for years prior to 1940 because of differences in definition. "Gainful workers" were persons reported as having a gainful occupation, that is, an occupation in which they earned money or a money equivalent, or in which they assisted in the production of marketable goods, regardless of whether they were working or seeking work at the time of the census. A person was not considered to have had a gainful occupation if his activity was of limited extent. The labor force is defined on the basis of activity during the reference week only and includes all persons who were employed, unemployed, or in the Armed Forces in that week. Certain classes of persons, such as retired workers, some inmates of institutions, recently incapacitated workers, and seasonal workers neither working nor seeking work at the time of the census were frequently included among gainful workers; but in general, such persons are not included in the labor force. On the other hand, the census included in the labor force for 1940, 1950, and 1960 persons seeking work without previous work experience, that is, new workers. These new workers were probably not reported as gainful workers in the Census of 1930.

1940 and 1950 Censuses. -- The 1940 and 1950 Census questionnaires, interviewing techniques, and tabulation procedures differed somewhat from each other and from those used in the 1960 Census. In addition, modification in wording and some simplification in concepts were introduced in 1960.

The so-called "main activity" question of 1950-"What was this person doing most of last week--working,
keeping house, or something else?"--was omitted from
the 1960 schedule on the assumption that the information obtained in that item (e.g., the knowledge
that a person was primarily a housewife or a student)
might induce enumerators to omit the follow-up questions on work activity, job seeking, etc. It was felt
that the loss of the classification of nonworkers
(keeping house, in school, unable to work, and "other")
shown in 1950 would not be serious. Actually the only
group that cannot be approximated by means of data on
marital status and school enrollment is the "unable to
work" category.

The question on unemployment was revised to include persons on temporary (less than 30-day) layoff as unemployed as well as those on "indefinite" layoff. Formerly, such persons were included among the employed. However, no mention was made either on the schedule or in the instructions to enumerators of the other small categories of "inactive" unemployed covered in the 1950 and 1940 Censuses, that is, those who would have been looking for work except for temporary illness or belief no work was available. Also, the definition of "unpaid family work" was simplified to

include any work done without pay in an enterprise operated by a relative, without further specifying (as in 1950) that this relative had to be a member of the same household.

Other data. -- Because the 1960 Census employment data were obtained from respondents in households. they differ from statistics based on reports from individual business establishments, farm enterprises, and certain government programs. The data obtained from households provide information about the work status of the whole population without duplication. Persons employed at more than one job are counted only once in the census and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. In statistics based on reports from business and farm establishments, on the other hand, persons who work for more than one establishment may be counted more than once. Moreover, other series, unlike those presented here, may exclude private household workers, unpaid family workers, and self-employed persons, but may include workers less than 14 years of age. An additional difference arises from the fact that persons who had a job but were not at work are included with the employed in the statistics shown here, whereas many of these persons are likely to be excluded from employment figures based on establishment payroll reports. Furthermore, the household reports include persons on the basis of their place of residence regardless of where they work, whereas establishment data report persons at their place of work regardless of where they live.

WEEKS WORKED IN 1959

The data on weeks worked were derived from answers to the question, "How many weeks did he work in 1959, either full-time or part-time?" The data pertain to the number of different weeks during 1959 in which a person did any work for pay or profit (including paid vacation and sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business. Weeks of active service in the Armed Forces are also included. It is probable that the number of persons who worked in 1959 and the number of weeks they worked are understated, because there is some tendency for respondents to forget intermittent or short periods of employment, or they may have a tendency not to report weeks worked without pay. In the 1950 Census, a question was asked regarding the number of weeks worked in 1949, but the data were not tabulated.

OCCUPATION, INDUSTRY, AND CLASS OF WORKER

The data on occupation, industry, and class of worker were derived from answers to the following questions:

- 1. For whom did he work?
- 2. What kind of business or industry was this?
- 3. What kind of work was he doing?
- 4. Class of worker:

Employee of a private company, business or individual for wages, salary, or commissions. Government employee (Federal or territorial). Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Working without pay in a family business or

In the 1960 Census, information on occupation, industry, and class of worker was collected for persons in the experienced civilian labor force as well as for persons not in the current labor force but who had worked sometime during the period 1950 to April 1960. All three items related to one specific job held by the person. For an employed person, the information referred to the job he held during the reference week. If he was employed at two or more jobs, the job at which he worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week was reported. For experienced unemployed persons, i.e., unemployed persons who have had previous job experience, and for those not in the labor force, the information referred to the last job that had been held.

The occupation, industry, and class-of-worker data presented in this report are limited to employed persons only. The classification systems used for the occupation and industry data were developed in consultation with many individuals, private organizations, government agencies, and, in particular, the Interagency Occupations Classifications Committee of the U.S. Bureau of the Budget.

Occupation

Classification system. -- The occupational classification system used for the Canal Zone is basically the same as that used for the United States. However, because of the relatively small number of workers in the Canal Zone, the 479 items included in the detailed classification for the United States have been condensed into 55 occupation groups.

For some groups, the title may not adequately indicate the inclusion of certain important components. For these groups, a listing of selected components is given below. More complete information on the composition of the major groups is given in the publication, U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1960 Census of Population, Classified Index of Occupations and Industries, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1960.

Professional, technical, and kindred workers.

Engineers, technical. -- Includes aeronautical, chemical, civil, electrical, industrial, mechanical, metallurgical and mining engineers, and metallurgists.

Medical and other health workers.

Nurses, professional. -- Includes public health nurses.

Physicians and surgeons. --Includes public health physicians.

Other medical and health workers. -- Includes dentists, dietitians, healers, medical and dental technicians, pharmacists, therapists and veterinarians.

Radio operators. -- Includes wireless operator and wireless telegrapher.

Teachers, elementary schools. -- Includes grade school teachers, parochial school teachers and principals, elementary schools.

57-XVI Canal Zone

Teachers, secondary schools. -- Includes high school teachers, school supervisors, and public school super-intendents.

<u>Teachers (n.e.c.¹)</u>.--Includes teachers--business college, military school, and nursery school.

Technicians, except medical and dental. -- Includes electrical and electronic and other engineering and physical science technicians, food technicians, and government soil conservation aides.

Other professional, technical, and kindred workers.--Includes airplane pilots and navigators, architects, college presidents, professors and instructors, farm and home management advisors, judges, lawyers, musicians, music teachers, natural scientists, social workers, and surveyors.

Farmers and farm managers.

Includes owner operators, share croppers and tenant farmers.

Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm.

Officials and inspectors, public administration. -- Includes postmasters.

Other specified managers, officials, and proprietors. --Includes buyers, credit men, purchasing agents and shippers of farm products.

Managers, officials, and proprietors (n.e.c.).-Includes building-construction superintendents, cafe
operators, dealers, dockmasters, hospital directors,
road contractors, store managers, and transportation
supervisors.

Clerical and kindred workers.

Other specified clerical workers. -- Includes bank tellers, cashiers, messengers, office boys, shipping clerks, telegraph operators and telephone operators.

Clerical and kindred workers (n.e.c.).--Includes bill clerks, cargo routers, court clerks, desk clerks, hotel clerks, medical clerks, order clerks, shop clerks, train clerks and warehouse clerks.

Sales workers.

Includes hucksters and peddlers, newsboys, and retail store clerks.

Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers.

<u>Carpenters.</u>--Includes boat repairmen, building carpenters, house carpenters, joiners, shipwrights, wood-floor layers, and woodworkers.

Construction craftsmen, except carpenters.--Includes brickmasons, cement and concrete finishers, electricians, excavating, grading and road machinery operators, painters (construction and maintenance), plasterers, and roofers and slaters.

Foremen (n.e.c.) -- Includes dock bosses, factory foremen, maintenance foremen, and production foremen.

Machinists. -- Includes bench hands (machine shop), inspectors (machine shop), maintenance machinists, repairmen (machine tool), and tool machinists.

Mechanics and repairmen. --Includes repairers of heating and refrigeration equipment, airplanes, automobiles, office machines, radios and televisions, and railroad cars.

Other craftsmen and kindred workers. --Includes bakers, blacksmiths, cabinet makers, cranemen, derrickmen, millers, stone carvers, stone cutters, telegraph and telephone linemen and servicemen.

Operatives and kindred workers.

<u>Drivers and deliverymen</u>. --Includes ambulance drivers, bus conductors and drivers, routemen, taxicab drivers, tractor drivers, and truck drivers.

Other specified operatives. -- Includes apprentices, fish packers, laundry operatives, lockkeepers, painters (except construction and maintenance), power station operatives, surveying chainmen, rodmen and axmen, weavers (textile), and wrappers.

Operatives and kindred workers (n.e.c.).-Includes basket weavers, canners, meat cutters, and shop workers.

Private household workers.

Includes housekeepers and laundresses in private households.

Service workers, except private household.

Attendants, hospital, recreation and personal service (n.e.c.).--Includes baggage checkers, first-aid attendants, guides, hospital aides, recreation assistants, and tour escorts.

Kitchen workers (n.e.c.), except private house-hold.--Includes dishwashers, cook's helpers, and meat carvers.

Protective service workers.

Other protective service workers. -- Includes bailiffs, bridge tenders, marshals, and watchmen.

Other service workers. -- Includes bartenders, cooks, except private household, midwives, and waiters.

Farm laborers and farm foremen.

All other farm laborers and foremen. -- Includes farm foremen and self-employed farm service laborers.

Laborers, except farm and mine.

Includes car washers, communal laborers, fishermen, garage laborers, groundskeepers, longshoremen, stevedores and teamsters.

Relationship to DOT classification. -- The Population Census occupational classification is generally comparable with the system used in the Dictionary of

^{1 &}quot;N.e.c." means not elsewhere classified.

Occupational Titles (DOT).² The two systems, however, are designed to meet different needs and to be used under different circumstances. The DOT system is much more detailed than the system of the Bureau of the Census, and it also calls for many types of distinctions which cannot be made from census information.

Industry

Classification system. -- The industrial classification system developed for the 1960 Census of the United States consists of 150 categories, which are classified into 40 industry groups. However, in this report the classification has been condensed into 17 groups or categories which were numerically significant for the Canal Zone.

The following list shows the condensed industry groups and categories for which data are presented in this report. Complete information on the industrial classification system used in the 1960 Census is presented in the publication, U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1960 Census of Population, Classified Index of Occupations and Industries, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1960. The numbers in parentheses shown in this list after each of the group titles are code designations of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC). (See paragraph below on "Relation to Standard Industrial Classification.")

- 1. Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries (01, 02, 07 except 0713, 08, 09)
- Construction (15-17)
 Manufacturing (0713, 19-39)
- 3. Ship and boat building and repairing (373)
- 4. Other manufacturing industries (0713, 19-36, 37 except 373, 38, 39)
- 5. Water transportation (44)
- 6. Other transportation, communication, and public utilities (40-42, 45-49)
- 7. Wholesale trade (50)
- 8. General merchandise retailing (53 except 533)
- 9. Eating and drinking places (58)
- 10. Other retail trade (52, 533, 54-57, 59)
- 11. Private households (88)
- 12. Medical and other health services (80)
- 13. Educational services (82, 84)
- 14. Other professional and related services (81, 86, 89)
- 15. Public administration and postal service (91-94)
- 16. Other industries (10-14, 60-67, 70, 72, 73, 75, 76, 78, 79)
- 17. Industry not reported (99)

Relation to Standard Industrial Classification. -The list presented above shows for each industry group
used in the Census of Population the code designation
of the similar group or groups in the SIC. This relationship is presented here for general information purposes only and does not imply complete comparability.

See U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security, Dictionary of Occupational Titles, Second Edition, Vols. I and II, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C., 1949.
 See Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget,

The SIC, which was developed under the sponsorship of the United States Bureau of the Budget, is designed for the classification of industry reports from establishments. These reports are, by their nature and degree of detail, considerably different from industry reports obtained from household enumerations such as the Population Census. As a result, distinctions called for in the SIC cannot be made in the Population Census.

Furthermore, the Population Census data are designed to meet needs different from those met by the establishment data. The allocation of government workers represents perhaps the most basic difference between the two systems. The SIC classifies all government agencies in a single major group. In the system used in the Population Census, however, the category "public administration" includes only those activities which are uniquely governmental functions, such as legislative and judicial activities and most of the activities in the executive agencies. ment agencies engaged in educational and medical services and in activities commonly carried on also by private enterprises, such as transportation and manufacturing, are classified in the appropriate industrial category. For example, persons employed by a hospital are classified in the medical services group, regardless of whether they are paid from private or public funds. Information on the total number of government workers appears in table 22.

Relation to certain occupation groups. -- In the classification systems of the Population Census, the industry category "agriculture" is somewhat more inclusive than the total of the two major occupation groups, "farmers and farm managers" and "farm laborers and foremen." The industry category also includes (a) persons employed on farms in occupations such as truck driver, mechanic, and bookkeeper, and (b) persons engaged in agricultural activities other than strictly farm operations, such as crop dusting or spraying, cotton ginning, and landscape gardening. Similarly, the industry category "private households" is some-what more inclusive than the major occupation group "private household workers." In addition to the baby sitters, housekeepers, laundresses, and miscellaneous types of domestic workers covered by the major occupation group, the industry category includes persons in occupations such as chauffeur, gardener, and secretary, if they are employed by private families.

Class of Worker

The class-of-worker information refers to the same job as the occupation and industry information. The assignment of a person to a particular class-of-worker category is basically independent, however, of the occupation or industry in which he worked. The classification by class of worker consists of four categories which are defined as follows:

- 1. Private wage and salary workers. -- Persons who worked for a private employer for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind or at piece rates.
- 2. Government workers. -- Persons who worked for any governmental unit (Federal or territorial), regardless of the activity which the particular agency carried on.

See Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget, Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1957. For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C.

3. <u>Self-employed workers.--Persons</u> who worked for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm either as an owner or tenant. Included here are the owner-operators of large stores and manufacturing establishments as well as small merchants, independent craftsmen and professional men, farmers, peddlers, and other persons who conducted enterprises of their own. Persons paid to manage businesses owned by other persons or by corporations, on the other hand, are classified as private wage and salary workers (or, in some few cases, as government workers).

4. Unpaid family workers.--Persons who worked without pay on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by blood or marriage. The great majority of unpaid family workers are farm laborers.

Special Editing Procedures

A factor to be considered in the interpretation of these data is that respondents sometimes returned occupation and industry designations which were not sufficiently specific for precise classification. Indefinite occupation and industry returns were frequently assigned, however, to the appropriate category through the use of supplementary information. For example, the name of the employer or the industry return on the census schedule was often of great assistance in determining occupation. The name of the employer (company name) was used occasionally to assign the proper industrial classification using lists of local industrial establishments. In the coding of indefinite industry returns, helpful information was frequently obtained from other sources regarding the types of industrial activity in the given area or of the given company.

Comparability

Earlier censuses.—The occupational and industrial classification systems used in 1930, 1940, and 1950 are basically the same as those of 1960. There are a number of differences, however, in the title and content for certain items, as well as in the degree of detail shown for the various major groups. The 1940 and 1950 classification by class of worker is comparable with the 1960 classification system.

Other data .-- Comparability between the statistics presented in this report and statistics from other sources is frequently affected by the use of different classification systems, as well as by many of the factors described in the paragraphs on comparability with other data in the section on "Employment status." In regard to comparisons between occupation figures from the Population Census and those based on data from government licensing agencies, professional associations, trade unions, etc., comparability may not be as direct as would first appear. Among the sources of difference may be the inclusion in the organizational listing of retired persons or persons devoting all or most of their time to another occupation, the inclusion of the same person in two or more different listings, and the fact that relatively few organizations attain complete coverage of membership in an occupation field.

INCOME

Definitions

The 1960 Census was the first census of the Canal Zone to include questions on income. The income data were derived from answers to the following questions:

- 1. How much did he earn in 1959 in wages or salary, from all jobs? (Before deductions for taxes, bonds, etc. Include commissions and tips.)
- 2. How much did he earn in 1959 working in his own business, professional practice, partnership or farm? (Net income after business expenses.)
- 3. Last year, 1959, did he receive any income from:

Social Security, pensions, or veteran's payments? Rents, interest, or dividends? Unemployment insurance or welfare payments? Any other source not already reported?

If "Yes" - enter amount for entire year.

Information on income for the calendar year 1959 was requested from all persons 14 years old and over. Total income is the sum of the amounts reported for wage or salary income, self-employment income, and other income (items 1, 2, and 3 above). The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: Money received from the sale of property, unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property; the value of income "in kind," such as food produced and consumed in the home or rent-free living quarters; withdrawals of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; gifts and lumpsum inheritances or insurance payments.

Specific definitions of the three income categories are as follows:

Wage or salary income. -- This is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee. It includes wages, salary, pay from the Armed Forces, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned.

Self-employment income. --This is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a business, farm, or professional enterprise in which the person was engaged on his own account. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include the costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes, etc.

Income other than earnings.—This includes money income received from sources other than wages or salary and self-employment, such as net income (or loss) from rents or receipts from roomers or boarders; royalties; interest, dividends, and periodic income from estates and trust funds; Social Security benefits; pensions; veterans' payments, military allotments for dependents, unemployment insurance, and public assistance or other governmental payments; and contributions for support from persons who are not members of the household, alimony, and periodic receipts from insurance policies or annuities.

This report presents information on income for families and unrelated individuals and for persons 14 years old and over. In the statistics on family income, the combined incomes of all members of each family are treated as a single amount; whereas in the statistics on the income of unrelated individuals and in those on the income of persons 14 years old and over the classification is by the amount of each individual's income.

Although the time period covered by the income statistics is the calendar year 1959, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration. Thus, the income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1959 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of the interview. On the other hand, family income includes amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during 1959 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration. For most of the families, however, the income reported was received by persons who were members of the family throughout 1959.

Median Income

The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median, and the other having incomes below the median. For families and unrelated individuals, the median income is based on the number of families and unrelated individuals reporting on income; whereas for persons the medians are based on the distributions of persons 14 years old and over with income.

Limitations of the Data

The schedule entries for income are frequently based not on records but on memory, and this factor probably produces underestimates, because the tendency is to forget minor or irregular sources of income. Other errors of reporting are due to misunderstanding of the income questions or to misrepresentation.

A possible source of understatement in the income figures was the assumption in the editing process that no income other than earnings was received by a person who reported the receipt of either wage or salary income or self-employment income but failed to report on the receipt of other money income. This procedure was adopted in order to make better use of the information obtained.

The income tables for families and unrelated individuals include in the lowest income group (under \$500) those that were classified as having no 1959 income, as defined in the census. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts, or were newly created families or unrelated individuals, or were families in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or left the household. However, many of the families and unrelated individuals who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the census.

The income data in this report cover money income only. The fact that many families receive an important part of their income in the form of rent-free housing and of goods produced and consumed at home rather than in money should be taken into consideration in comparing the income data for the Canal Zone with figures for other areas.

COLLECTION AND PROCESSING OF DATA

The collection and processing of data in the 1960 Census followed the same general pattern as in 1950. The principal points of difference between the two censuses are to be found in the content and design of the questionnaire and in the more extensive use of machines for editing the data recorded on the schedules.

FIELD ENUMERATION

In 1960, a separate questionnaire was used for each household, whereas in 1950, each schedule contained 60 lines and the enumerator was instructed to enumerate one household after another, utilizing each line for a person. In terms of content, the 1960 Census covered several items which had not been asked previously in the Canal Zone. These include: Number of children ever born, date last worked, and income. Items on the 1950 schedule which were dropped in 1960 include number of rooms and monthly rent for occupied dwelling units, citizenship of the foreign born, and veteran status for males 14 years old and over.

The enumeration began on April 1, 1960, and was completed by the end of the month. During the last week in March, the enumerators were given approximately 16 hours of training, which included instruction on the individual schedule items, a discussion of enumeration procedures, and several practice interviews.

The information for each household was obtained from the head or other responsible member of the household by direct interview.

Field review .-- During the first week of the enumeration, the crew leader was instructed to check each enumerator's work to make sure that the enumerator was performing his duties properly and to provide additional instruction where necessary. If the results of this first review showed that the enumerator needed further supervision and training, additional reviews were scheduled during the enumeration period. A final review of each enumerator's work was conducted upon completion of his assignment. In addition to checking individual items on the schedule, the completeness of coverage was checked in various ways. One check included an advance listing by the crew leader of a sample of the addresses in each district, and a comparison of these addresses with the list of households reported by the enumerator.

MANUAL CODING AND EDITING OF SCHEDULES

After the schedules were assembled and checked for completeness in the field, they were sent to a central processing office in Jeffersonville, Ind., for manual coding and editing. The coding and editing operation generally provided the final opportunity to

57-XX Canal Zone

correct errors in the census returns by hand before the data were transferred to punch cards. For some schedule items, it was necessary to hand code the entries made by the enumerator for each person on the schedule. For other items, the most common entries were precoded on the schedule and manual coding was required only for a small portion of the returns. Still other items were completely precoded and required manual editing and coding only for nonresponses and multiple entries.

One of the coding problems that required the manual processing of every schedule was the coding of the relationship item. The main purpose of this operation was to assign a code to each member of the household, indicating his relationship to the head of the household, and to identify each family group within the household. Persons enumerated in group quarters were assigned special codes to indicate the type of group quarters (institution or other) and the relationship of the individual to the head of the unit, such as lodger, nurse, inmate, etc.

Codes were also assigned for country of birth. The most common entries--Canal Zone, Republic of Panama, and the United States--were precoded on the schedule. For persons born elsewhere, the enumerator wrote in the name of the territory or foreign country; for example, Puerto Rico, the Dominican Republic, Mexico. In such cases, the coder had to refer to a code list of foreign countries and enter the proper code.

A specialized group of clerks coded the entries for occupation and industry. The class-of-worker entry was edited for consistency with the occupation and industry reported.

All of the manual coding work was verified completely before the schedules were forwarded to Washington for card punching.

MACHINE PROCESSING

After the manual coding and editing operation was completed, the information for each person was transferred to a punch card. The cards were then processed through a series of mechanical edits to correct inconsistencies and unacceptable codes. For example, the entry for highest grade of school completed was compared with the age of the person and impossible combinations were corrected in accordance with a list of acceptable grades for each year of age. An employment status recode was assigned to each person 14 years old and over based on various combinations of entries for employment status, occupation, and date last worked. Other consistency edits which were handled by machine involved income and employment status; relationship, sex. and marital status; education and school attendance.

When the machine editing process was completed, the cards were tabulated and the tabulated data were posted to worksheets. The final tables were typed from the worksheets and reproduced by offset printing for publication.

ACCURACY OF DATA

SOURCES OF ERROR

Human and mechanical errors occur in any mass statistical operation such as a decennial census. Such errors include failure to obtain required information from respondents, obtaining inconsistent information, recording information in the wrong place or incorrectly, or otherwise producing inconsistencies between entries for interrelated items on the field documents. Errors also occur in the clerical coding and editing operations and in the machine processing of the data.

Careful efforts are made in every census to keep the errors in each step at an acceptably low level. Review of the enumerator's work, verification of manual coding and editing, and checking of the tabulated figures tend to reduce the effects of the errors in the census data.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

Regardless of the operating procedure that is followed, the desired end is to produce a set of sta-

tistical tables that describe the population as accurately and clearly as possible. In keeping with this objective, certain unacceptable entries on the 1960 Census schedules were edited.

Allocations, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were needed most often where an entry on a given item was lacking or where the information reported for a person on that item was inconsistent with other information for the person. As in earlier censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for such a person that was consistent with entries for other persons with similar characteristics. Thus, a person who was reported as a twenty-year-old son of the household head, but for whom marital status was not reported, was assigned a marital status from a marital status distribution for all sons (in the same age group) of household heads.

It was believed that the assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries would enhance the usefulness of the data.

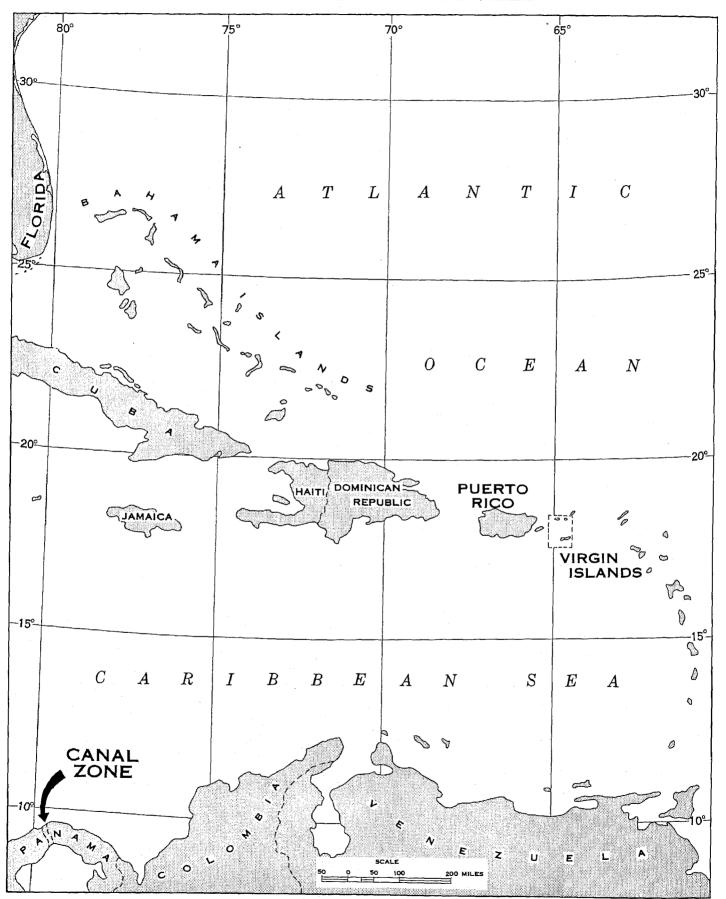
NUMBER OF INHABITANTS

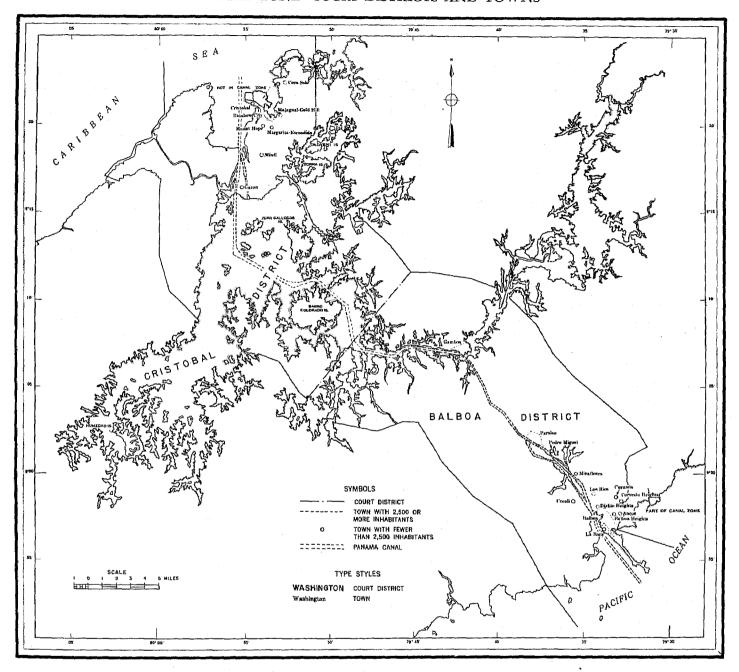
Canal Zone

LIST OF TABLES

[Page numbers listed here omit the area prefix number which appears as part of the page number for each page. The prefix for this area is 57]

Table 1Population of the Canal Zone, urban and rural: 1912 to 1960	Page 4
2Area and population of the Canal Zone, by court districts, urban and rural: 1960 and 1950	4
3Population of court districts of the Canal Zone, by minor geographic divisions:	4
4Population of towns in the Canal Zone: 1960 and 1950	4
LIST OF MAPS	
The Canal Zone and the Caribbean Area The Canal Zone, showing court districts and towns	2 3
57 -1	





TU. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1960-565786/14

Table 1.—POPULATION OF THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1912 TO 1960

[For description of urban definition, see text. Minus sign (-) denotes decrease]

	Total				Urban te	erritory		Rus	al territory	Percent o	f total	
Census date	Popula-	Increase preceding		Number of	Popula-	Increase preceding		Popula- tion	Increase preceding		Urban	Rural
	tion	Number	Percent	urban places	tion	Number	Percent	tion	Number	Percent		
1960 (Apr. 1) 1950 (Apr. 1) 1940 (Apr. 1) 1930 (Apr. 1) 1920 (Jan. 1) 1912 (Feb. 1)	52,822	-10,700 995 12,360 16,609 -39,952	-20.3 1.9 31.3 72.7 -63.6	4 4 3 (1) (1)	13,429 17,197 12,540 10,887 (1) (1)	-3,768 4,657 1,653 (i)	-21.9 37.1 15.2 (1)	28,693 35,625 39,287 28,580 (1) (1)	-6,932 -3,662 10,707 (i)	-19.5 -9.3 37.5 (i) (1)	31.9 32.6 24.2 27.6 (1) (1)	68,1 67,4 75,8 72,4 (¹)

¹ Figures not available for places prior to 1930.

Table 2.—AREA AND POPULATION OF THE CANAL ZONE, BY COURT DISTRICTS, URBAN AND RURAL 1960 AND 1950 [Minus sign (-) denotes decrease]

Court district	Land		1	960 population	1		1	.950 population	Percent increase, 1950 to 1960			
	area in	Total		Urbs	in							Rural
	square miles	Number	Per square mile	Total	Percent of total	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	
Canal Zone	362	42,122	116,4	13,429	31.9	28,693	52,822	17,197	35,625	-20,3	-21.9	-19,5
BalboaCristobal	222 140	30,623 11,499	137.9 82.1	9,741 3,688	31.8 32.1	20,882 7,811	37,738 15,084	11,471 5,726	26,267 9,358	-18,9 -23,8	-15.1 -35.6	-20.5 -16.5

Table 3.—POPULATION OF COURT DISTRICTS OF THE CANAL ZONE, BY MINOR GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS: 1940 TO 1960

Court district and minor geographic division	1960	1950	1940	Court district and minor geographic division	1960	1950	1940
BALBOA DISTRICT. Ancon town. Arraijen (rural). Balboa town. Balboa Heights town. Chagres (rural). Cocoli town. Curundu town. Curundu town. Curundu Heights town. Diablo Heights town. Gamboa town. Camboa (rural). Las Cascadas (rural). Los Rios town. Miraflores town. Pedro Miguel town. Pedro Miguel town. Pedro Miguel (rural). Balance of district.	30,623 1,151 7 3,139 118 197 1,209 1,260 983 1,075 3,489 48 124 612 35 3,113 603 215	37,738 1,695 85 4,162 363 210 1,244 1,647 3,074 4,235 212 55 1,503 809 378 18,066	31,502 1,946 101 3,922 374 179 451 2,353 4,035 278 80 752 527 16,504	CRISTORAL DISTRICT Barro Golorado (rural) Coco Solo town ² Cristobal town Escondido East (rural) ³ Frijoles-Monte Lirio (rural) Gatum town Gatum Escobal (rural) Majagual-Gold Hill town Margarita-Escondido town ⁴ Mindi town Mount Hope town Rainbow City town ² Trinidad (rural) Balance of district	11,499 74 1,133 817 17 80 692 34 1,364 224 3,688 3 2,935	15,084 1,303 417 263 2,275 967 73 5,726 108 3,952	20,325 826 305 2,477 11 4,583 243 21,880

Table 4.—POPULATION OF TOWNS IN THE CANAL ZONE: 1960 AND 1950

[Minus sign (-) denotes decrease]

Town	1960	Increase, 1950 to 1960 Town		1960	1950	Increase, 1950 to 1960			
			Number	Percent				Number	Percent
Ancon. Balboa Balboa Heights Cocoli Coco Solo ¹	1,151 3,139 118 1,209 1,133	1,695 4,162 363 1,244 1,303	-544 -1,023 -245 -35 -170	-32.1 -24.6 -67.5 -2.8 -13.0	La Boca Los Ríos Majagual-Gold Hill, Margarita-Escondido ³ Mindi	48 612 124 1,364 224	4,235 967	-4,187 397	-98,9 41,1
Cristobal. Curumdu Curumdu Heights Diablo Heights Gamboa ² Oatun	817 1,260 983 1,075 3,489 692	1,647 3,074 2,275	400 - 572 415 -1,583	95.9 -34.7 13.5 -69.6	Miraflores Mount Hope Paraiso Pedro Miguel Rainbow City ⁴	35 314 3,113 603 3,688	55 73 1,503 809 5,726	-20 241 1,610 -206 -2,038	-36,4 330,1 107,1 -25,5 -35,6

¹ Camboa town reported as North Camboa prior to 1960,
2 Coco Solle town reported as Coco Solito town in 1950,
3 Escondido Esat (rural) reported as Escondido (rural) prior to 1960,
4 Margarita - Escondido town reported as Margarita in 1950,
5 Rainbow City town reported as Silver City town prior to 1960.

¹ Coco Solo town reported as Coco Solito town in 1950, 2 Gamboa town reported as North Gamboa town in 1950, 3 Margarita-Escondido town reported as Margarita in 1950, 4 Rainbow City town reported as Silver City town in 1950,

GENERAL POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

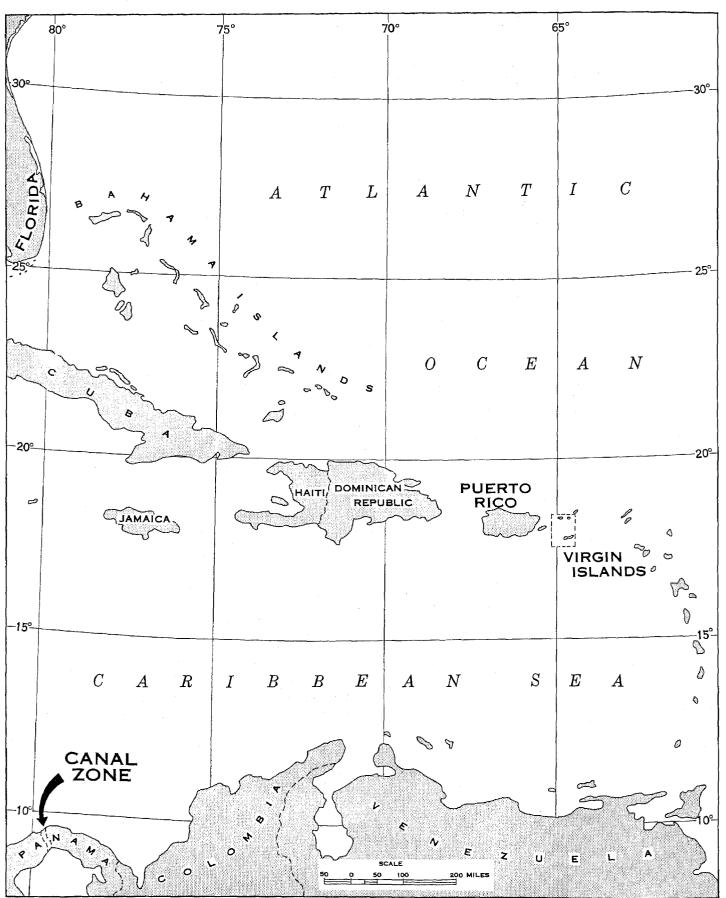
Cánal Zone

LIST OF TABLES

[Page numbers listed here omit the area prefix number which appears as part of the page number for each page. The prefix for this area is 57]

Table	Page
5Population by color and sex, for the Canal Zone: 1912 to 1960	9
6 Age by color and sex, for the Canal Zone, urban and rural, 1960, and for the Canal Zone, 1950	9
7 Country of birth, by color and sex, for the Canal Zone, urban and rural, 1960, and for the Canal Zone,	
8 Sahool sward want by actor and are then the Govel force when and averal, 1060	11 12
8 School enrollment, by color and age, for the Canal Zone, urban and rural: 1960	
9School enrollment, by level of school and color, for the Canal Zone, urban and rural: 1960	12
10Year of school in which enrolled, by single years of age and sex, for the Canal Zone, urban and rural:	17
1960	13
11Years of school completed by persons 14 to 24 years old not enrolled in school, by single years of age	ے 1
and sex, for the Canal Zone, urban and rural: 1960	15
the Canal Zone, urban and rural: 1960	16
13 Marital status, by color and sex, for the Canal Zone, urban and rural, 1960, and for the Canal Zone,	
1950 and 1940	17
11+ Marital status and presence of spouse, by age and sex, for the Canal Zone, urban and rural: 1960	18
15 Married couples, families, and unrelated individuals, by color of head, for the Canal Zone, urban and	
rural, 1960, and for the Canal Zone, 1950	20
16 Household relationship, by color, for the Canal Zone, urban and rural, 1960, and for the Canal Zone,	
1950	20
17 Children ever born to women ever married, by age and color of woman, for the Canal Zone, urban and	
rural: 1960	21
18 Employment status, by color and sex, for the Canal Zone, urban and rural: 1960	22
19 Employment status, by color and sex, for the Canal Zone: 1960 and 1950	23
20 Labor force status by age, color, and sex, for the Canal Zone, urban and rural: 1960	23
22Weeks worked in 1959, by color, for the Canal Zone, urban and rural: 1960	25
for the Canal Zone, urban and rural: 1960	25
23Downstion group of amployed persons, by color and sex, for the Canal Zone, urban and rural: 1900	26
21 Industry group of employed persons, by color and sex, for the Canal Zone, urban and rural: 1960 25 Income in 1959 of families and unrelated individuals, by color, for the Canal Zone, urban and rural:	28
7060	29
26 Thomas in 1060 of manages by color and sex. for the Canal Zone, urban and rural: 1900	30
37 Acc by color and new few count districts and places of 2.500 or more: 1900	31
OR count districts and Diaces of 2,000 or more: 1700	33
OO manufaction of the nanulation for court districts and places of 2,000 or more.	34
203 Ann Jan Man Guille Ann an 1 000 to 2 500 to 1960	36
31 General characteristics of the population, for places of 1,000 to 2,500: 1960	36
LIST OF MAPS	77
	Page 6
The Canal Zone and the Caribbean Area	
The Canal Zone and the Caribbean Area	7
57-5	

CANAL ZONE AND THE CARIBBEAN AREA



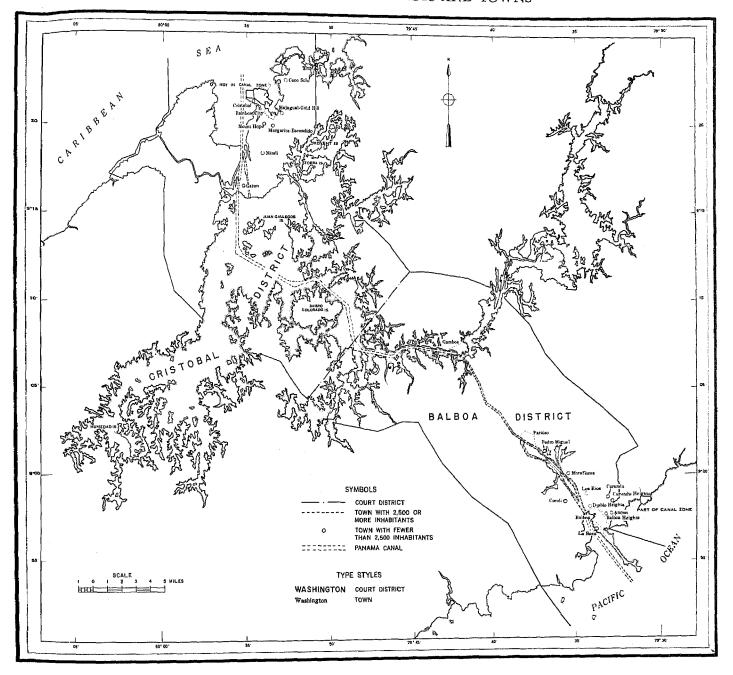


Table 5.—POPULATION BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE: 1912 TO 1960

		Population		Percent	by color			Population		Percent b	y color
Gensus year and sex	All classes	White	Non- white	White	Non- white	Census year and sex	All classes	White	Non- white	White	Non- white
TOTAL						FEMALE					
1960 1950 1940, 1930 1920	51,827 39,467 22,858	28,196 32,007 32,856 18,814 12,370 19,413	13,926 20,815 18,971 20,653 10,488 43,397	66,9 60,6 63,4 47,7 54,1 30,9	33,1 39,4 36,6 52,3 45,9 69,1	1960. 1950. 1940. 1930. 1920.	18,844 22,093 14,299 13,328 8,272 17,647	12,318 12,443 5,885 4,391 3,815 4,454	6,526 9,650 8,414 8,937 4,457 13,193	65,4 56,3 41,2 32,9 46,1 25,2	34.6 43.7 58.8 67.1 53.9 74.8
MALE						MALES PER 100 FEMALES					
1960,	30,729 37,528 26,139 14,586	15,878 19,564 26,971 14,423 8,555 14,959	7,400 11,165 10,557 11,716 6,031 30,204	68.2 63.7 71.9 55.2 58.7 33.1	31.8 36.3 28.1 44.8 41.3 66.9	1960 1950 1940 1930 1930 1920	123,5 139,1 262,5 196,1 176,3 255,9	128.9 157.2 458.3 328.5 224.2 335.9	113.4 115.7 125.5 131.1 135.3 228.9		

Table 6.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL, 1960, AND FOR THE CANAL ZONE, 1950 [Males per 100 females not shown where number of females is less than 100]

		All cla	sses			Whit	e			Nonwhi	te	
Area, census year, and age	Total	Male	Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Male	Female	Males per 100 females	Total.	Male	Female	Males per 100 females
CANAL ZONE, 1960												
Total, all ages	42,122	23,278	18,844	123,5	28,196	15,878	12,318	128.9	13,926	7,400	6,526	113.4
Under 1 year	1,053	529	524	101.0	793	406	387	104.9	260	123 117	137 123	89.8 95.1
7 37887	912 959	475 483	437 476	108.7 101.5	672 707	358 361	314 346	114.0 104.3	240 252	122	130	93.8
2 years	978	491	487	100,8	702	362	340	1.06.5	276 219	129 112	147 107	87.8 104.7
4 years	778 966	402 490	376 476	106,9 102,9	559 689	290 355	269 334	107.8	277	135	142	95.1
5 years	976	482	494	97.6	686	331	355	93.2	290 324	151 156	139 168	108.6 92.9
7 vears	1,015 892	507 459	508 433	99.8 106.0	691 582	351 304	340 278	103.2	310	155	155	100.0
8 years 9 years	1,024	537	487	110,3	645	346	299	115.7 129.3	379 361	191 191	188 170	101.6 112.4
30 years	987	544 503	443 448	122,8	626 601	353 318	273 283	112,4	350	185	165	112,1
11 years	951 1,016	516	500	103,2	625	317	308	102.9	391 409	199 199	192 210	103.6 94.8
13 years	1,023	514	509 449	101.0 83.5	614 432	315 193	299 239	105.4 80.8	392	182	210	86.7
14 years	824 850	375 431	419	102.9	457	228	229	99.6 108.8	393 364	203 192	190 172	106.8 111.6
16 years	767	402	365 401	110,1 87,5	403 362	210 167	193 195	85.6	390	184	206	89.3
17 years	752 735	351 449	286	157.0	413	287	126	227.8 442.9	322 325	162 186	160 139	101.3 133.8
18 years	933	682	251	271.7 295,1	608 659	496 543	112 116	468.1	309	180	129	139.5
20 years	968 22,763	723 12,933	9,830	131.6	15,670	8,987	6,683	134.5	7,093	3,946	3,147	125.4
21 years and over	4,680	2,380	2,300	103,5	3,433	1,777	1,656	107.3	1,247 1,580	603 788	644 792	93.6
Under 5 years 5 to 9 years	4.873	2,475	2,398	103.2	3,293 2,898	1,687 1,496	1,606 1,402	105.0 106.7	1 7 903	956	947	101.0
10 to 14 years	4,801 4,037	2,452 2,315	2,349 1,722	104.4 134.4	2,243	1,388	855	162.3	1,794 1,209	927 755	867 454	106.9 166.3
15 to 19 years	4,099	2,957	1,142	258.9	2,890 2,154	2,202 1,225	688 929	320.1 131.9	764	431	333	129.4
25 to 29 years	2,918 2,968	1,656 1,544	1,262	131.2 108.4	2,251	1,190	1.061	112.2	717 856	354 414	363 442	97.5 93.7
30 to 34 years	3,342	1,673	1 669	100,2	2,486	1,259 1,231	1,227	102.6 125.6	1,163	605	558	108.4
40 to 44 years	3,374	1,836	1,538	119.4	2,211 1,673	972	701.	138.7	992	583 340	409 241	142.5
45 to 49 years	2,665 1.734	1,555 982	752	130,6	1,153	642 477	511 293	125.6 162.8	581 399	258	141	183.0
55 to 59 years	1,169	735 350	434 247	169.4 141.7	311	167	144	116.0	286 120	183 53	103	177.7
60 to 64 years	597 255	99	156	63,5	135	46 53	89 79	1 :::	139	61	78	:::
65 to 69 years	271	114	157 115	72.6	132 91	36	55		109	49 27	60	***
75 to 79 years	79	85 38	41	1,	34	11 19	23 19	:::	45 22	13	9	
80 to 84 years	60	32	28		38	11	5,281	105,4	5,877	2,926	2,951	99.2
Under 18 years	16,723	8,491	8,232	103,1	10,846 430	5,565 165	265	62.3	435	203	232	
65 years and over	865	368 23.4	497 22.9	74.0	23.9	23.6	24.7	•••	21.8	22.8	21.4	•••
Median age	23.3	7.7		1	ŀ				<u> </u>			
Percent Distribution		-		İ					100.0	100.0	100.0	
	100.0	100.0	100.0		100.0	100,0	100.0	***	9.0	8.1	9,9	
Total, all ages	11,1	10.2	12.2		12.2 11.7	11.2 10.6	13.4 13.0	:::	11.3	10,6	12.1	
Under 5 years	11.6	10.6	12.7		10.3	9.4	11.4		13.7 12.9	12.9 12.5	14.5 13.3	
10 to 14 years	11.4	10.5 9.9	12.5 9,1		8.0	8.7 13.9	6,9		8.7	10.2	7.0	
15 to 19 years	9.0	12.7	6,1		10.2 7.6	7.7	7.5		5.5 5.1	5.8 4.8	5,1 5,6	
25 to 29 years	6.9	7.1 6.6	6,7		8.0	7.5 7.9	8.6		6.1	5.6	6.8	
30 to 34 years	. 7.0	7.2	8.9		8.8 7.8	7.9	8.0		8.4 7.1	8.2 7.9	8.6	
40 to 44 years	8.0	7.9 6.7	8.2 5.9		5.9	6,1			4,2	4.6	3.7	' · · · · ·
45 to 49 years	. 0.3	4.2	4.0	•••	4.1 2.7	3.0	2.4		2.9	3.5 2.5	2.2	
50 to 54 years	2,8	3,2	2.3		1,1	1.1	1.2		2.1	0.7	1.0)
60 to 64 years	. 1.4	1.5	0.8		0.5 0.5	0.3			1.0			
65 to 69 years	0.6	0,5	0,8		0.3	0,2	0.4	•••	0.8	0.4	0.3	3
75 to 79 years	0,5	0.4	0.6		0.1	0.1		:::	0,2			
75 to 79 years	0,2		I		0.1	11 0.1						
85 years and over	.,						•					

Table 6.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL, 1960, AND FOR THE CANAL ZONE, 1950—Con.

[Males per 100 females not shown where number of females is less than 100]

				iot snown wi		Whit	e			Nonwhi	te	
Area, census year, and age	Totel	All cla	Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Male	Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Male	Female	Males per 100 females
CANAL ZONE, 1950											,	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	52,822	30,729	22,093	139.1	32,007	19,564	12,443	157.2	20,815	11,165	9,650	115.7
Total, all ages	6,532	3,398	3,134	108.4	4,082	2,161	1,921 365	112.5	2,450 456	1,237	1,213 212	102.0 115.1
Under 1 year	1,251	674 2,559	577 2,409	116,8 106,2	795 2,556	430 1,314	1,242	105.8	2,412 1,952	1,245 965	1,167 987	106,7 97.8
5 to 9 years	4,968 3,310	1,654	1,656	99.9	1,358 2,993	689 2,376	669 617	103.0 385.1	1,742	899	843	106.6
15 to 19 years	4,735 6,384	3,275 4,585	1,460 1,799	224.3 254.9	4,769	3,775	994	379.8	1,615 1,582	810 831	805 751	100,6 110.7
20 to 24 years	5,656	3,107	2,549	121.9 132.2	4,074 3,631	2,276 2,152	1,798 1,479	126.6 145.5	1,684	874	810	108,0
30 to 34 years	5,315 4,166	3,026 2,341	2,289 1,825	128,3	2,710	1,549	1,161 856	133.4 127.3	1,456 933	792 458	664 475	119,3 96,4
40 to 44 years	2,879	1,548	1,331 1,105	116.3 109.0	1,946 1,416	1,090 801	615	130.2	893	403	490	82,2
45 to 49 years	2,309 2,141	1,204 1,249	892	140,0	1,082	628 378	454 280	138.3 136.0	1,059 1,202	621 817	438 385	141.8 212.2
55 to 59 years	1,860	1,195	665 476	179,7 209,9	658 357	206	151	136.4	1,118	793	325	244.0 156.3
65 to 64 years	586	333	253	131.6	176 83	83 39	93 44		410 188	250 109	· 160	1,001
70 to 74 years	271 235	148 108	123 127	120.3 85.0	116	47	69		119	61.	58	
Median age	25.4	24.9	26.2		25.3	24.3	27.2		25.7	27,6	23,8	
URBAN, 1960												
Total, all ages	13,429	6,814	6,615	103.0	4,551	2,286	2,265	100.9	8,878	4,528	4,350	104,1
Under 5 years	1,270	617	653	94,5	471 511	233 270	238 241	97.9 112.0	799 1,199	384 594	415 605	92.5 98.2
5 to 9 years	1,710 2,104	1,080	846 1,024	102.1 105.5	607	309	298	103.7	1,497	771	726	106,2 107,6
15 to 19 years	1,747	893	854 342	104.6 95.3	439 176	215	224 98	96.0	1,308 492	678 248	630 244	101.6
20 to 24 years	668 475	326 212	263	80.6	223	99	124	79.8 85.3	252 347	113 144	1.39 203	81.3 70.9
30 to 34 years	599 877	260 382	339 495	76.7 77.2	252 337	116 133	136 204	65.2	540	249	291	85.6
35 to 39 years	1,247	634	613	103,4	433	219 234	214 171	102.3 136.8	814 682	415 405	399 277	104.0 146.2
45 to 49 years	1,087 664	639 381	44.8 283	142.6 134.6	405 281	153	128	119.5	383	228	155	147,1
55 to 59 years	432	302 153	136 99	222,1	204 82	135 44	69 38		234 170	167 109	67 61	***
60 to 64 years	252 87	20	67	:::	40	14	26		47 46	6	41 40	
70 to 74 years	84 72	20 17	64 55		38 31	14 13	24 18	:::	41	6 4	37	:::
75 to 79 years	29	8	21		12	5	7 7		17 10	3 4	14	:::
85 years and over	19	6	13	700.7	1 000	969	938	103.3	4,381	2,207	2,174	101.5
Under 18 years	6,288 6,404	3,176 3,271	3,112 3,133	102.1 104.4	1,907 2,487	1,242	1,245	99.8	3,917	2,029	1,888	107.5
65 years and over	291	71 19.7	220 19.6	32,3	130 26,6	48 26.9	82 26.4	58.5	161 18.6	23 18,8	138 18.4	16.7
Median age	19.7	19.7	15.0		20,0	2017	2017	"				
RURAL, 1960												120.0
Total, all ages	28,693	16,464	12,229	134.6	23,645 2,962	13,592	10,053	135.2	5,048	2,872	2,176	132.0 95.6
Under 5 years 5 to 9 years	3,410 3,163	1,763 1,611	1,552	103.8	2,782	1,417	1,365	103.8	381	194	187	103.7
10 to 14 years	2,697 2,290	1,372 1,422	1,325 868	103.5 163.8	2,291 1,804	1,187 1,173	1,104	107.5 185.9	406 486	185 249	221 237	83.7 105.1
15 to 19 years	3,431	2,631	800	328.9	2,714	2,124	590	360.0	717	507	21.0	241.4
25 to 29 years	2,443 2,369	1,444 1,284	999 1,085	144.5 118.3	1,931 1,999	1,126 1,074	805 925	139.9	512 370	318 210	194 160	163.9 131.3
35 to 39 years	2,465	1,291	1,174	110.0	2,149	1,126	1,023	110,1	316 349	165 190	151 159	109,3 119,5
40 to 44 years	2,127 1,578	1,202 916	925 662	129.9 138,4	1,778 1,268	1,012 738	766 530	132.1 139.2	310	178	132	134.8
50 to 54 years	1,070	601	469 298	128.1 145.3	872 566	489 342	383 224	127.7 152.7	198 165	112 91	86 74	
55 to 59 years	731 345	433 197	148	133.1	229	123	106	116.0	116	74	42	
65 to 69 years	168 187	79 94	89 93		95 94	32 39	63 55	:::	73 93	47 55	26 38	
75 to 79 years	128	68	60		60	23	37		68	45	23	,
80 to 84 years	50 41	30 26	20 15		22 29	17	16 12	:::	28 12	24 9	3	
Under 18 years	10,435	5,315	5,120	103.8	8,939	4,596	4,343	105.8	1,496	719	777	92,5
21 years and over	16,359 574	9,662 297	6,697 277	144.3 107.2	13,183	7,745 117	5,438 183	142.4 63.9	3,176 274	1,917	1,259 94	152,3 191,5
65 years and over	24.1	23.9	24.5	107.2	23.7	23.5	243		25,8	26.3	25,1	10112
	L	ч		·						Л		

Table 8.—SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, BY COLOR AND AGE, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960
[Figures for persons enrolled in school include children enrolled in kindergarten]

		Total	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		White			Nonwhite	
Area and age	Population	Enrolled	in school	Population	Enrolled	in school	Population	Enrolled	in school
	roputastun	Number	Percent	ropilation	Number	Percent	Population	Number	Percent
CANAL ZONE						,			
Total, 5 to 34 years old	23, 696	9,790	41.3	15,729	7,467	47.5	7,967	2,323	29,2
5 to 24 years old	17,810 1,942 6,908 1,674 1,519 1,668 1,786 2,313 5,886	9,510 1,124 5,471 1,193 982 428 175 137 280	53.4 57.9 79.2 71.3 64.6 25.7 9.8 5.9 4.8	11, 324 1, 375 4, 384 889 765 1, 021 1, 206 1, 684 4, 405	7, 221 1, 036 4, 208 829 659 264 121 104 246	63.8 75.3 96.0 93.3 86.1 25.9 10.0 6.2 5.6	6,486 567 2,524 785 794 647 580 629 1,481	2,289 88 1,263 364 323 164 54 33 34	35.3 15.5 50.0 46.4 42.8 25.3 9.3 5.2 2.3
URBAN									
Total, 5 to 34 years old. 5 to 24 years old. 5 and 6 years old. 7 to 13 years old. 14 and 15 years old. 16 and 17 years old. 18 and 19 years old. 20 and 21 years old. 22 to 24 years old. 25 to 34 years old.	7,303 6,229 6,09 2,783 859 767 543 355 313 1,074	2,882 2,848 139 1,560 494 402 184 48 21 34	39.5 45.7 22.8 56.1 57.5 52.4 33.9 13.5 6.7 3.2	2,208 1,733 193 810 244 189 121 75 101 475	1,286 1,267 116 692 219 158 62 14 6	73.1 60.1 85.4 89.8 83.6 51.2 18.7 5.9 4.0	5,095 4,496 416 1,973 615 578 422 280 212 599	1,596 1,581 23 868 275 244 122 34 15	31.3 35.2 5.5 44.0 44.7 42.2 28.9 12.1 7.1 2.5
RUPAL				·					,
Total, 5 to 34 years old	16,393	6,908	42.1	13, 521	6,181	45.7	2,872	727	25,3
5 to 24 years old	11,581 1,333 4,125 815 752 1,125 1,431 2,000 4,812	6,662 985 3,911 699 580 244 127 116	57.5 73.9 94.8 85.8 77.1 21.7 8.9 5.8 5.1	9,591 1,182 3,574 645 576 900 1,131 1,583 3,930	5,954 920 3,516 610 501 202 107 98 227	62.1 77.8 98.4 94.6 87.0 22.4 9.5 6.2 5.8	1,990 151 551 170 176 225 300 417 882	708 65 395 89 79 42 20 18	35.6 43.0 71.7 52.4 44.9 18.7 6.7 4.3 2.2

Table 9.—SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, BY LEVEL OF SCHOOL AND COLOR, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

Level of school		Total			White			Nonwhite	
20,162 01 201003	Canal Zone	Urban	Rural	Canal Zone	Urban	Rural	Canal Zone	Urban	Rural
Total enrolled, 5 to 34 years old	9,790	2,882	6,908	7,467	1,286	6,181	2,323	1,596	727
Kindergarten Elementery: 1 to 6 years 7 and 8 years High school: 1 year 2 to 4 years College Level of school not reported.	603 4,971 1,470 614 1,706 347 79	61 1,382 499 233 597 83	542 3,589 971 381 1,109 264 52	564 3,811 1,062 448 1,224 319	59 593 201 111 249 66	505 3,218 861 337 975 253 32	39 1,160 408 166 482 28 40	2 789 298 122 348 17	371 371 110 44 134 11

Table 10.—YEAR OF SCHOOL IN WHICH ENROLLED, BY SINGLE YEARS OF AGE AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

	Persons	enrolled	ſ				DVTA									 -					
	in so	hool	}							Year of	school	. in whi									,
Area, age, and sex	Number	Percent	Kin- der-				Elemen	<u> </u>				-	High s					College		5 or	Not re-
			garten	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	more	ported
CANAL ZONE		}					ł	ĺ				{	[{ }							1
Male, 5 to 34 years	5,216	38,9	315	441	449	425	462	420	414	371	351	31.3	333	271	356	106	82	25	23	16	43
5 years	233 338	47.6 70.1	214 101	1,3 223	1 9	:::	:::	•••	:::		:::	:::		:::					,		5 5
7 years	412 377	81.3 82,1		177	216 178	9 168		• • • •	•••	***		• • • •	• • • •		•••		***.				10
9 years.,	438	81.6	:::	4	35	1.95	198	3			:::			:::	•••	:::	:::	:::	•••	•••	3
10 years	432 398	79.4	:		5	45 6	182 52	188 173	158	5	<u>.</u>		:::	:::			:::			:::	3
12 years	399 386	77.3 75.1	:::	···i	1		12 4	36 12	174 49	163 148	164	5	"i	:::		•••		::: }	•••		6
14 years	273 311	72.8 72.2	:::			•••	***	5	12 7	31 10	107 45	106 127	11 112		:::	•••	:::				1
16 years	284 211	70.6 60.1				1	2	1	3		13	39 10	115 38	104 83	72	1 2	:::	:::			:::
18 years	137 111	30.5 16.3					1		···	í	1 2	7	16 12	30 18	67 42	14 18	ü	1			"i
20 years	82 57	11.3	1	- :::	:::	•••			2	2	1	4	5	9	39 19	13 10	7	2			
22 years	32	7.1	:::			•••			2		•••	1	2		20	2	4		ï	***	:::
24 years	41 46	7.6 7.0			•••		• • • •		:::	1	•••	1	3	5	12	6 2	10	2	6	2	:::
25 to 29 years	116 102	7.0 6.6	:::	:::	•••		1	:::	1	3	6	2	7	5	33 37	22 16	14 20	6 8	9 5	7	
Female, 5 to 34 years	4,574	44.4	288	437	440	397	382	325	379	393	355	301	299	244	203	46	33	7	7	2	36
5 years	201 352	42.2	189 99	9 240	io	i								•••		•••			•••	,,,	3 2
6 years	417	71.3 82.1		165	230	9	i			:::					:::				:::		12
8 years	350 383	80.8 78.6	:::	14 6	153 30	172 169	5 175	ïi	::: <u>:</u>		:::	::: }	:::		:::	:::				•••	6 2
10 years	351 354	79.2	:::	:::	6	27 11	161 28	147 130	9 169		···i	:::	:::	::: [:::{		• • • •	1 2
12 years	387 387	77.4 76.0		1	1	1	8	28 10	154 24	185 162	177	2	i	:::			:::	:::	•••	• • • •	3
14 years	313	69.7	:::	ï	"i	1 3	1	5	7 6	24	124 29	131 108	15 133	2 7	2	 i		• • •	•••	• • • •	1
15 years	296 251	70,6 68,8	:::		-:::}	j		2	2 (4 5	9 [28	86	106	8	3	i				2
18 years	236 121	58.9 42.3		:::	1 2				3	J	2 3	1.5 4	35 9	92 19	82 56	2 22		:::	:::	:::	
19 years	59 23	23.5 9.4	:::	:::	::: }	··i	:::	1	:::	1	-::-	1	8	13	18 9	7	10	:::	• • •	• • • •	:::
21 years	13	5.6 4.1	• • • •	• • •		••• [i i		i	1	1	··;	4	2 1	3	- : :	i		:::
23 years	3	1.4	:::	:::	-::: }		:::}		[••• ∫	• • • • •		··i	1	ī 3		ĩ		i	• • • •	
24 years	32	2.6 2.5	:::	:::	"i	-:::			"i		"i	2	5	i	9	5	2	3	2	"il	
30 to 34 years	30	2.1			••••	••••	••••	•••	1	. 2	2		2	1	8	2	4	4	3	1	•••
URBAN	2 155	(2.2	- 1	22	200	100		100	134	100	129	113	129	82	96	24	18	2		4	13
Male, 5 to 34 years	1,466	16.9	25	93	103	126	126	127	-134	1.08	127										1
6 years	51 88	31.9 51.5	14	33 44	3 37		• • • •	_,…∫	[[••• [[••••]				:::	• • •		1 4
& years	98	57.6	:::	12	44	40	i i		:::	::: }		:::}		:::	••• [• • • • [• • • • •	••• [••• [· · · · j	1 3
9 years	119 120	58.6 55.0	:::	2	14	63 12	36 60	40		2	:::	::: }	:::		::: {	::: {		:::	:::{		٠.,
11 years	122 120	56.5 54.3	:::	:::	:::	6 I	19	59 15	37 63	1 32	"i	···i			:::[:::	:::{	:::}	::: [:::	3
13 years	116 117	52.3 57.6	••• {	1			2	6	20	46 18	39 55	2 33		:::	:::	:::	:::	:::	:::	:::	• • •
15 years	124	56.4	:::		2	:::	i		4	5	23	50 18	39 53	27		$\cdot \cdot \cdot_{i}$:::	:::			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
16 years	114 96	54.0 52.2	:::	,	::: }			1			3	4	23	36 11	28	1 ([[[
19 years	54 42	37.5	:::}	:::	:::	:::}		"i	i	· i		2 2	3	3 (18	6	7		:::	:::	
20 years21	15	16.9	:::}	::: }		;}		:::]	2	1	:::		··i	1 2	5 3	3 2	2	***			
22 years	6	10.9		<u>ا</u>	•••	• • •		}	:::	:::	:::		:::	:::	3	2	1	··i		:::	• • •
24 years	5	10.9	:::		:::		:::	:::	[}	• • • •	• • • •	···i	1	2	2	2	,	• • • •		
25 to 29 years	7	5,2 2,7	:::	:::			:::	::: }	-:::}	:::	:::	i		}	ĭ	ī	2	"i	-:::	í	:::
Female, 5 to 34 years	1,416	38,6	22	99	118	127	116	94	119	117	145	120	128	79	83	. 19		- 5	2	1	14
5 years	19 42	13.1 29.2	18	36	··i	"i	::;	***	:::	::: }	:::	:::	::: }	:::		:::	:::	:::}	::: }	:::	
7 years	114	60,6 56,6		55	48 46	40	1 2	••••		•••			••••	:::∤	:::	:::	:::	:::	:::	:::	6 2
8 years	115 (56.7		3	14	61	35	i		:::	:::			• • • • •	}	}	•••	••• [•••]		1
ll years	101	58.1 58.7	:::		2	11 5	61	30 48	32	2	···i	:::		:::}	:::	:::	:::}	:::	:::}	- :::	1
12 years	117 125	55.5 54.1	:::	1	:::	1	2	5	63 12	40 57	44	3	:::	:::	:::	:::	:::}	::: }	:::	:::	i
14 years	126 127	57.5 58.5	:::	:::	:::		:::	2	3 2	11 4	70 20	36 52	44	1	:::	i	:::	:::	-:::		~i
16 years	93	51.7	• • • •	• • • •	[••• [··i	··i	1	5	16	23	24 41	2 24	i	1		-,,		
17 years	57	39.6	:::	:::	"i	::: \	::: \	i	1	"i	ا ف	2	6	4	29	10	:::	:::{	:::		• • •
20 years	31 16	25.6 15.2	::: }	:::}	::: }	"i	:::}		:::	:::	-:::	1	5		12 9	3	3	:::	:::	• • • • •	•••
21 years	6	7.7 8.3		:::}	:::	:::	:::]	::: }	1	• • • {	:::	:::		:::	2 2	1		:::	"i	::: {	• • •
23 years	1 2	1.9	• • • •		•••]	•		• • •	}	• • •	::: }	••• {	:::			:::	1	•••	· i	:::	
O to 29 years	10	3.8	:::	:::	"i			:::	-::	···i	i	;;;	1	1	i	2	1	2		··i	***
30 to 34 years	6	1.8	l	••• 1	•••	• • •	• • •	***	1	Τ)	Τ.	••• 1	• • • • 1	••••	- 1	••• 1	- 1	• • • •	*** }	- ı	• • •

Table 10.—YEAR OF SCHOOL IN WHICH ENROLLED, BY SINGLE YEARS OF AGE AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960—Con.

	Persons in sc	enrolled hool								Year o	f schoo	l in wh	ich enr	olled							
Area, age, and sex			Kin-				Elemen	ntary					High a	school				College	9		Not
	Number	Percent	der- garten	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	5 or more	re- ported
RURAL						,															
Male, 5 to 34 years	3,750	38.4	276	348	346	299	336	293	280	263	222	200	204	189	260	82	64	23	23	12	30
5 years. 6 years. 7 years. 8 years. 10 years. 11 years. 12 years. 13 years. 14 years. 15 years. 16 years. 17 years. 18 years. 19 years. 20 years. 21 years. 22 years. 23 years. 24 years. 23 years. 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years.	206 287 324 279 319 276 279 270 156 187 170 115 83 69 46 26 38 415 95	62.4 89.1.4 96.5 95.7 95.2 95.7 96.6 92.5 90.6 88.0 92.6 88.0 10.6 10.6 7.8 7.3	189 87 	12 190 133 9 2 1 	1 6 179 134 21 2 1 1 1 1	6 128 132 33 	6 162 122 33 8 2 2	2148 1144 21 6 2	 2 121 111 29 9 3 2 	 4 131 102 13 5 1 	 4 125 52 22 5 2 1 6	 		377 47 19 15 8 4	 	 	 4 10 3 4 8 13 18	1			4 4 4 6 6 2 2 4 4 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1
Female, 5 to 34 years	3,158	47.6	266 171	338	322	270	266	231	260	276	210	181	171	165	120	27	22	5	5	1	22
5 years	182 3100 303 256 268 240 270 262 187 169 158 137 64 28 27 2 4 22 24	55.0 88.6 94.7 95.9 94.4 95.2 91.7 94.2 81.3 85.4 65.6 4.5 2.0 2.2 2.2	95	204	182 107 16 1 3 1 	5 132 108 16 6 1 1 1 1	3 140 100 17 4 1 1 1 1	117 82 222 5 3 3 2	6 137 91 12 4 4 2 2 1	 6 145 105 1 3 1 	1 5 133 54 2 1	95 56 12 7 2 1 1 2	 12 89 42 12 3 3 1 1 	 		 3 1 1 12 4 1 1					2 2 6 4 4 1 1 1 2 2

Table 11.—YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED BY PERSONS 14 TO 24 YEARS OLD NOT ENROLLED IN SCHOOL, BY SINGLE YEARS OF AGE AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

	Persons								Yея	rs of s	hool or	mpleter									
Area, age, and sex	not enrolled					Ele	mentary	,				High s					College	·		Not	Median school years
,	in school	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	5 or more	re-	com- pleted
CANAL ZONE																					
Male, 14 to 24 years	4,062	66	6	20	17	32	39	108	100	294	346	453	330	1,840	133	107	43	92	14	22	12.1
14 years. 15 years. 16 years. 17 years. 18 years. 19 years. 20 years. 21 years. 22 years. 23 years. 24 years.	102 120 118 140 312 571 641 530 417 497 614	1 1 3 2 7 9 13 12 18	1		1 2 1 3 3 2 1	31141232456	2 3 1 1 3 4 2 5 5 2	10 7 3 7 8 9 10 20 14 13 7	26 15 7 4 7 6 9 7 4 11	52 19 21 8 18 34 35 19 16 34 38	5 66 24 25 38 67 20 21 14 29 37	1 55 35 68 82 62 43 33 35 39	1 2 42 40 59 63 46 25 26 25	1 7 117 290 399 269 214 242 281	10 15 32 32 20 24	1 1 7 19 16 25 37	7 6 11	1 10 32 49	2 1 9) 1	8.1 9.2 10.0 10.4 11.1 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.4
Female, 14 to 24 years	1,983	16	:	7	28	39	- 51	255	79	193	175	205	167	596	59	54	16		1	14	10.7 8.1
14 years. 15 years. 16 years. 17 years. 18 years. 19 years. 20 years. 21 years. 22 years. 23 years. 24 years.	136 123 114 165 165 192 222 219 210 211 226	6 1 1 1 2 2 2		1 2 1 2		42443624424	6. 5 8. 7. 8. 2. 3. 2.	17 15 21 35 27 30 24 26 20 20	22 5 5 4 6 4 11 7	62 24 11 6 6 13 17 13 13 12 16	9 52 16 15 18 9 12 9 12 11	2 10 47 33 21 16 16 14 11 19	2 3 48 21 17 19 11 13 20	2 11 51 73 96 99 95 85 84	9 10 6 10 13	1 1 7 12 9 12 12	1 1 2 7 4		1	1	9.8 10.3 10.6 11.3 12.0 12.1 12.2 12.2
URBAN							- {														
Male, 14 to 24 years	835	3	1	5	5	5	7	24	50	95	110	107	87	307	5	10	4	1	1	6	11.0
14 years. 15 years. 16 years. 17 years. 18 years. 19 years. 20 years. 21 years. 22 years. 23 years. 24 years.	97 88 90 92 74	1 1	1/	2 2 1	1	2 	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6322121212121	24 14 4 2 3 1 1	47 15 17 6 1 2 2 1 1	3 56 21 15 6 5 2	1 49 22 12 4 4 5 5 4	1 35 16 15 6 10	28 48 60 56 48 32 30 30	2	2			1	1 2	
Female, 14 to 24 years	853	6		3	4	9	13	64	32	116	97 7	113	90	268	12	16			3	1	10.7
14 years. 15 years. 16 years. 17 years. 18 years. 19 years. 20 years. 21 years. 22 years. 23 years. 24 years.	87 93 87	3 1 		1		1 2 1 1 1 1	3322 12	53865759574	18 4 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1	55 22 10 2 1, 5 7 3 2 2 7	48 14 5 11 2 4 1 1 3	7 46 27 11 7 4 4 1 4 2	1 3 42 15 11 7 4 2 2	17 39 49 53 43 26 25 25	52121	2 3 2 6 3			1		
	3 222	63	5	15	12	27	32	84	50	199	236	346	243	1,533	128	97	39	9 9	_		
Male, 14 to 24 years 14 years 15 years 16 years 17 years 18 years 19 years 20 years 21 years 22 years 23 years 24 years 24 years 25 years 26 years 27 years 28 years 29 years 29 years 29 years 21 years 21 years 22 years 23 years 24 years 25 years 26 years 27 years	52 222 479 567 458 368 447	63 1 3 2 7 8 13 11 18	2 1 1	13 11 13 22 4 22	1 3 2 3 1 1 1	11 2 1 2 3 2 4 5 6 30 3	1 2 1 2 3 2 5 3 2 5 3 2 11 38	4 4 1 5 7 7 9 18 13 10 6	2 1 3 2 4 6 8 6 4 4 10 47	5 4 4 2 17 32 33 18 15 33 36 77	2 10 3 10 32 62 20 19 13 29 36 78	6 13 56 78 58 38 28 31 33 38 92	36 25 25 23 77	328	8 15 31 19 24	1 1 1 5 19 19 21 36 38	10	1 3 3 4	1001188	3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12.2 12.3 12.3 12.4 10.7
15 years. 16 years. 18 years. 18 years. 19 years. 20 years. 21 years. 22 years. 23 years. 24 years.	33 27 72 78 102 133 147 166 159	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		i ::- ::- ::-	2 2 3 2 4 2 1 1	2	3 6 6 6 2 3 2 4	12 13 29 22 23 19 17 15 13	2 3 5 4 4 2 9 6 6	1 4 5 8 10 10 11 10	2 10 7 7 8 8 11 10	1 6 10 9 12 10	6 6 6 12 7 11	1 4 12 24 43 56 69 60	 4 8 6 9 11	1 1 5 9 7 6	::	111111111111111111111111111111111111111		1 2	9,2 11.3 12.0 12.1 12,1

57-16

Table 12.—YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED BY PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY COLOR AND SEX AND BY AGE AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

	Ţ T							Ύє	ars of s	chool co	mpleted				,				Median
Area, color, age, and sex	All persons			Е	lementar	y school				High s	chool				College			Not	school years
and sex	persons	None	1 and 2	3 and 4	5	6	7	8	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	5 or more	re- ported	com- pleted
CANAL ZONE									i										
Color and Sex													}						
Total, 14 and over	28,592 16,346	397 285	199 120	815 416	647 293	2,334	1,050 558	3,405 1,883	1,924 1,099	2,122	1,751	8,482 5,188	1,101	1,276	602 273	1,263 762	776 535	448 263	11.7
White	11,111 5,235 12,246	35 250 112	20 100 79	70 346 399	51 242 354	171 852 1,311	236 322 492	892 991 1,522	720 379 825	921 321 880	793 266 692	4,383 805 3,294	582 46 473	668 51 557	252 21 329	744 18 501	518 17 241	55 208 185	12.4 8.4 11.1
White Nomwhite	7,893 4,353	48 64	25 54	115 284	83 271	351 960	214 278	644 878	478 347	605 275	488 204	2,765 529	452 21	533 24	316 13	486 15	235 6	55 130	12.3 8,2
Age and Sex																			
Male, 14 and over	16,346	285	120	416	293	1,023	558	1,883	1,099	1,242	1,059	5,188	628	719	273	762	535	263	12.0
14 to 24 years 25 years and over 25 to 29 years 30 to 34 years 40 to 44 years 45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years 50 to 54 years 60 to 64 years 65 to 69 years 67 to 74 years 70 to 74 years	5,647 10,699 1,656 1,544 1,673 1,836 1,555 982 735 350 99 114	68 217 46 46 12 19 16 13 14 17 13 8	29 91 5 9 5 12 12 13 6 9 8 6	63 353 32 33 327 34 62 40 48 33 9 14 21	66 227 14 19 18 34 39 28 36 15 10 2	156 867 49 41 89 173 180 132 95 69 9	274 284 33 32 29 47 55 32 27 13 4	595 1,288 82 124 223 315 230 131 98 44 9 15	670 429 80 97 63 50 53 28 37 10 2 5	717 525 96 69 66 82 60 51 21 4 2	616 443 97 89 67 69 43 41 25 9	1,908 3,280 706 602 574 546 409 227 141 42 11	181 447 89 89 90 66 53 36 16 4	119 600 61 82 133 135 83 54 37 13	52 221 34 25 40 48 31 25 11 5	96 666 136 96 106 114 92 55 37 18 4	14 521 87 75 100 86 86 45 29 8	23 240 9 16 28 22 29 23 23 13 23 34	11.3 12.2 12.4 12.3 12.4 11.8 11.1 9.7 8.2
Female, 14 and over	12,246	112	79	399	354	1,311	492	1,522	825	880	692	3,294	473	557	329	501	241	185	11,1
14 to 24 years. 25 years and over. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 24 years. 35 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 55 to 49 years. 55 to 54 years. 55 to 59 years. 60 to 64 years. 70 to 74 years. 75 years and over.	3,313 8,933 1,262 1,424 1,669 1,538 1,110 752 434 247 156 157 184	19 93 4 11 12 13 9 11 6 7	176288396569152	78 321 33 39 34 46 33 24 22 16 20	73 281 25 32 38 44 49 29 17 11 13 8	291 1,020 91 137 144 200 157 97 62 42 35 22 33	247 245 32 38 439 38 24 10 38 4	483 1,039 81 113 248 248 142 62 41 32 16 25	466 359 81 98 46 36 36 20 19 9	447 433 92 97 74 49 38 33 17 12 6 5	353 339 79 66 64 43 33 29 13 3 1	635 2,659 470 480 575 453 278 200 103 31 30 17 22	86 387 60 65 111 64 46 17 13 2 4	54 503 69 80 96 107 68 40 21 14 2	18 311 36 57 60 49 41 39 12 12 12	25 476 69 66 81 84 62 61 28 11 3	237 18 40 33 51, 35 31 21 3 22	17 168 14 5 17 17 21 19 19 13 10 18	9.9 12.1 12.2 12.2 12.1 11.6 12.1 11.3 8.4 7.7 7.9 7.4
URBAN Color and Sex												ļ							
	4	70												255					
Total, 14 and over Male. White. Normwhite. Femele White. Normwhite.	8,767 4,456 1,527 2,929 4,311 1,550 2,761	72 29 9 20 43 14 29	65 35 10 25 30 4 26	351 172 28 144 179 31 148	334 149 15 134 185 19 166	1,295 626 70 556 669 92 577	280 43 237 234 46 188	1,750 915 153 762 835 155 680	732 381 126 255 351 100 251	323 126 197 286 94 192	516 270 107 163 246 103 143	1,675 846 452 394 829 501 328	79 70 9 85 78 7	238 108 97 11 130 119 11	86 34 26 8 52 48 4	193 99 94 5 94 88 6	157 100 95 5 57 55 2	16 10 6 4 6 3 3	9.0 12.2 8.5 9.0 12.2 8.4
Age and Sex						•									i				
Male, 14 and over	4,456 1,422 3,034 212 260 382 634 639 381 302 153 20 20 31	29 4 25 1 2 2 4 7 7 2 4 	35 9 26 3 2 2 7 7 3 	172 20 152 2 10 12 19 32 27 27 18	149 18 131 4 6 12 23 27 15 27 11 3 1	626 51 575 10 15 57 129 136 92 73 51 3	280 139 141 8 13 14 27 34 15 17 9 1	915 204 711 13 50 140 214 151 67 38 21 5	381 238 143 9 39 13 23 24 15 12 2 2 1	323 188 135 10 10 13 18 30 22 17 10 1	270 179 91 9 8 19 17 15 10 12 1	846 328 518 82 50 55 96 112 60 45 12 1	79 20 59 7 7 6 9 12 12 11 1	108 11 97 9 8 14 17 19 16 12 1	34 4 30 6 5 1 5 4 2 1	99 2 97 20 16 9 10 16 6 6 9 9	100 2 98 20 18 13 19 16 6 3 2 1	10 5 5 2 1 2	9,0 10,1 8.7 12.5 9,8 8.7 8,5 8,5 8,4 6,9
Female, 14 and over	4,311 1,415	43 7	30 7	179	185 21	669 81	234 130	835 232	351 224	286 191	246 171	829 285	85 21	130 16	52 5	94 3	57 2	6	9,0
25 years and over 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 35 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 55 to 59 years. 50 to 54 years. 55 to 59 years. 60 to 64 years. 65 to 69 years. 70 to 74 years. 75 years and over.	2,896 263 339 495 613 448 283 136 99 67 64	7 36 1 5 7 1 2 4 3 5	23 4 1 3 3 1 2 4	162 162 10 18 14 18 27 17 9 15 8 14	21 164 9 14 23 27 32 23 8 7 7 4	588 24 54 54 89 131 105 65 35 25 23 14	130 104 5 17 13 19 17 11 8 5	232 603 27 54 159 173 95 34 17 11 7	127 20 47 12 11 14 13 4 3 2	95 16 16 12 12 12 12 9 4	171 75 8 12 13 14 7 9 6	544 73 65 102 123 69 59	21 64 11 9 14 10 10 3 4 1	114 23 12 18 27 16 12 4 1	47 9 4 4 9 7 9 2 2	91 17 9 11 17 18 12 3	255 57 8 13 9 4 53	1 1	8.6 12.1 9.2 8.7 8.6 8.3 8.7 8.2

Table 12.—YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED BY PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY COLOR AND SEX AND BY AGE AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960—Con.

[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

								Ye	ars of s	school co	mpleted						Victor Title-11		Median
Area, color, age, and sex	All			E	lementar	y school				High a	chool				College			Not	school years
and sex	peraons	None	1 and 2	3 and 4	5	6	7	ß	1	2	3	4	1	. 2	3	4	5 or more	re- ported	com- pleted
RURAL																			
Color and Sex																			
Total, 14 and over	19,825	325	134	464	313	1,039	536	1,655	1,192	1,513	1,235	6,807	937	1,038	516	1,070	619	432	12.2
Male. Mnite. Nouwhite. Female. White Nouwhite.	11,890 9,584 2,306 7,935 6,343 1,592	256 26 230 69 34 35	85 10 75 49 21 28	244 42 202 220 84 136	144 36 108 169 64 105	397 101 296 642 259 383	278 193 85 258 168 90	968 739 229 687 489 198	718 594 124 474 378 96	919 795 124 594 511 83	789 686 103 446 385 61	4,342 3,931 411 2,465 2,264 201	549 512 37 388 374 14	611 571 40 427 414 13	239 226 13 277 268 9	663 650 13 407 398 9	435 423 12 184 180 4	253 49 204 179 52 127	12.2 12.4 8.2 12.1 12.3 7.5
Age and Sex																			
Male, 14 and over	11,890	256	85	244	144	397	278	968	718	919	789	4,342	549	611	239	663	435	253	12.2
14 to 24 years 25 years and over 25 to 29 years 30 to 34 years 34 to 39 years 40 to 44 years 45 to 49 years 55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years 65 to 69 years 70 to 74 years 75 years and over	4,225 7,665 1,444 1,284 1,291 1,202 916 601 433 197 79 94	64 192 45 44 12 17 12 6 12 13 8 10	20 55 56 37 85 10 62 76	43 201 30 23 15 15 16 30 13 21 15 15 16	48 96 10 13 6 11 12 13 9 4 7	105 292 39 26 32 44 40 22 18 6 12 9	135 143 25 19 15 20 21 17 10 4 3	391 577 69 74 83 101 79 64 60 23 4 8	432 286 71 58 50 27 29 13 25 8 1 2	529 390 84 59 56 48 52 38 34 11 3	437 352 88 81 48 52 28 31 13 8	1,580 2,762 624 552 519 450 297 167 96 30 10 6	161 388 82 82 84 57 41 24 13 3	108 503 52 74 119 118 64 38 25 12	48 191 28 20 39 43 26 21 9 4 1	94 569 116 80 97 104 76 49 28 9 3 3	12 423 67 57 87 67 70 39 26 6 2 2	18 235 9 16 26 21 27 23 20 23 13 23 34	11.8 12.4 12.4 12.6 12.6 12.6 12.3 11.3 9.5
Female, 14 and over	7,935	69 12	49	220 61	169 52	642 210	258 117	687 251	474 242	594 256	446 182	2,465 350	65	38	13	22	2	15	9,9
14 to 24 years. 25 years and over. 23 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 35 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 50 to 54 years. 55 to 59 years. 65 to 64 years. 65 to 69 years. 70 to 74 years. 75 years and over.	1,898 6,037 999 1,085 1,174 925 662 469 298 148 89 93	57 3 3 3 6 5 12 7 7	39 47 2 6 3 4 4 5 3 1	159 23 21 20 16 19 16 15 7 8	117 16 18 15 17 17 6 9 4 6	210 432 67 83 55 69 52 27 17 12 8	141 27 21 27 20 21 13	436 54 59 90 75 47 28 24 21 9	232 61 51 34 25 24 7 15 6	338 76 81 62 37 26 24 13 7 2	264 71 54 51 29 26 20 7 3	2,115 398 414 473 330 209 141 80 18 22 14	323 49 56 97 54 36 14 9	389 46 68 78 80 52 28 17 13 2 4	264 27 53 56 40 34 30 10 10	385 52 57 70 67 44 49 25 11 2	182 13 33 25 38 26 27 16 2	164 12 6 16 16 21 18 19 13 10 18 15	12.3 12.2 12.3 12.5 12.5 12.4 12.5 12.2 9.3

Table 13.—MARITAL STATUS, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL, 1960, AND FOR THE CANAL ZONE, 1950 AND 1940

[Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100]

				<u></u>			10.50 .0		1940, Car	ol Zone
· ·			196	50			1950, CE	nel Zone	1940, Car	IRT PONE
Marital status and color	Canal	Zone	Urt	en	Rus	ral	Male	Female	Male	Female
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female				
All Classes										
Total, 14 years old and over	16, 346	12,246	4,456	4,311	11,890	7,935	23,433	15,162	33,780	10,644
Single Married. Separated. Vidoxed. Divorced.	6,473 9,309 177 190 374	3,276 8,165 145 597 208	1,694 2,620 55 65 77	1,489 2,512 43 252 58	4,779 6,689 122 125 297	1,787 5,653 102 345 150	10,428 12,097 (²) 908	3,301 10,898 (²) 963	125,462 7,763 (2) 377 178	¹ 3,592 6,518 (²) 467 67
White		ā					75.515	n a22	25,660	4,628
Total, 14 years old and over	11,111	7,893	1,527	1,550	9,584	6,343	15,545	8,711	¹ 21,025	1941
Single. Married. Separated. Vidowed. Divorced.	3,863 6,870 87 96 282	1,459 5,939 73 333 162	400 1,065 12 27 35	374 1,041 23 96 39	3,463 5,805 75 69 247	1,085 4,898 50 237 123	7,090 7,892 (²) } 563	1,209 6,964 (²) 538	4,383 (?) 97 155	3,392 (²) 230 65
Nonwhite	j			ı]			
Total, 14 years old and over	5,235	4, 353	2,929	2,761	2,306	1,592	7,888	6,451	8,120	6,016
Single Married Separated Vidowed Divorced	2,610 2,439 90 94 92	1,817 2,226 72 264 46	1,294 1,555 43 38 42	1,115 1,471 20 156 19	1,316 884 47 56 50	702 755 52 108 27	3,338 4,205 (²) 345	2,092 3,934 (²) 425	14,437 3,380 (²) 280 23	¹ 2,651 3,126 (²) 237 2

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 1}}$ Includes persons whose marital status was not reported. $^{\mbox{\scriptsize 2}}$ Not available.

Table 13.—MARITAL STATUS, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL, 1960, AND FOR THE CANAL ZONE, 1950 AND 1940—Con.

[Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100]

			196	0			1950, Ca	nal Zone	1940, Can	al Zone
Marital status and color	Canal	Zone	Urb	an	Rur	al	Male	Female	Male	Female
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female				
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION										
All Classes	:			ŀ						
Total, 14 years old and over	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Single. farried. Separated. Vidowed. Divorced.	39.6 56.9 1.1 1.2 2.3	26.8 66.7 1.2 4.9 1.7	38.0 58.8 1.2 1.5 1.7	34.5 58.3 1.0 5.8 1,3	40.2 56.3 1.0 1.1 2.5	22.5 71.2 1.3 4.3 1.9	44.5 51.6 3.9	21.8 71.9 6.4	175,4 23.0 1.1 0.5	133.7 61.2 4.7 0.6
Wh it e										
Total, 14 years old and over	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Single	34.8 61.8 0.8 0.9 2.5	18.5 75.2 0.9 4.2 2.1	26,2 69,7 0,8 1,8 2,3	24.1 67.2 1.5 6.2 2.5	36.1 60.6 0.8 0.7 2.6	17.1 77.2 0.8 3.7 1.9	45.6 50,8 3.6	13,9 79.9 6.2	181,9 17,1 0.4 0.6	¹ 20. 73. 5.
Nonwhite										
Total, 14 years old and over	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Single. Arried. Separated. Vidowed. Divorced.	49.9 46.6 1.7 1.8 1.8	41.7 51.1 1.7 6.1 1.1	44,2 53,1 1,5 1,3 1,4	40.4 53.3 0.7 5.7 0.7	57.1 38.3 2.0 2.4 2.2	44.1 47.4 3.3 6.8 1.7	42.3 53.3 4.4	32.4 61.0 6.6	154.6 41.6 3.4 0.3	144. 52. 3.

¹ Includes persons whose marital status was not reported.

 $T_{a}ble$ 14.—MARITAL STATUS AND PRESENCE OF SPOUSE, BY AGE AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

				Mari	ried			
Area, age, and sex	Total	Single	Total	Spouse	Spouse	absent	Widowed	Divorced
			married	present	Separated	Other		
CANAL ZONE							·	
Male, 14 years and over	16,346	6,473	9,309	7,733	177	1,399	190	374
14 years. 15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 33 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 45 to 49 years. 55 to 59 years. 65 to 69 years. 65 to 69 years. 70 to 74 years. 75 to 79 years. 80 to 84 years. 80 to 84 years. 80 to 84 years. 85 years. 85 years. 86 to 89 years. 87 to 79 years. 88 to 89 years.	375 2,315 2,957 1,656 1,544 1,673 1,836 1,555 982 735 350 99 114 85 38	375 2,268 2,242 500 266 193 163 155 88 69 53 222 34 18 11	 47 671 1,098 1,423 1,615 1,343 837 618 261 54 48 35		 3 13 15 18 21 32 28 19 14 7 1 1 3 3	40 385 253 175 132 147 100 58 4 47 31 8	 1 6 3 5 15 7 14 21 18 18 28 31 10	 43 52 36 52 43 50 43 27 18 5 4
Female, 14 years and over	12,246	3,276	8,165	7,733	145	287	597	208
14 years. 15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 35 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years.	449 1,722 1,142 1,262 1,424 1,669 1,538	449 1,622 481 211 101 83 86	95 651 1,039 1,301 1,546 1,397	75 612 996 1,245 1,498 1,348	6 12 15 12 22 19	14 27 28 44 26 30	2 3 7 25	4 10 10 19 33 30
45 to 49 years. 50 to 54 years. 60 to 64 years. 60 to 64 years. 65 to 69 years. 70 to 74 years. 75 to 79 years. 80 to 84 years. 80 years and over.	1,110 752 434 227 156 157 115 41	70 61 49 24 10 15 6 3	981 596 295 145 47 38 23 7	932 552 269 123 31 28 17 5	14 16 6 9 5 4 3 1	35 28 20 13 11 6 3 1	29 54 74 70 96 101 85 31	30 41 16 8 3 3 1

General Population Characteristics

Table 14.—MARITAL STATUS AND PRESENCE OF SPOUSE, BY AGE AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960—Con.

				Marr	ried			
Area, age, and sex	Totel	Single	Total	Spouse	Spouse	absent	Widowed	Divorced
			married	present	Separated	Other		
URBAN								
Male	4,456	1,694	2,620	2,442	55	123	65	77
14 years. 15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 45 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 45 to 49 years.	203 893 326 212 260 382 634 639	203 890 283 86 53 35 51	3 43 123 202 334 561	2 40 116 179 308 527	 1 2 4 9 9	 1 2 5 19 17 25	 1 2 7	 3 4 11 15
50 to 54 years. 55 to 59 years. 60 to 64 years. 65 to 69 years. 70 to 74 years. 75 to 79 years. 80 to 84 years. 85 years and over.	381 302 153 20 20 17 8 6	26 14 7 1 1 	341 271 133 12 11 9	327 249 126 10 10 9 3	9 6 1 1	5 16 6 1 1	3 11. 7 5 7 8 5	11 6 6 2 1
Female	4,311	1,489	2,512	2,442	43	27	252	58
14 years	219 854 342 263 339 495 613	219 831 241 82 34 21 25	22 99 179 299 463 566	17 92 173 292 457 559 415	 1 2 4 3 3 3	 4 5 2 4 3 4	 1 1 8	1 2 2 5 10 14
50 to 54 years. 55 to 59 years. 60 to 64 years. 65 to 69 years. 70 to 74 years. 75 to 79 years. 80 to 84 years. 85 years and over.	283 136 99 67 64 55 21	9 4 4 4 1 1 1	248 107 65 21 13 6 4	239 105 62 15 9 4 3	9 1 2 4 4 2 1		15 20 28 44 49 49 17 11	11 5 2 1 1
RURAL								
Male	11,890 172 1,422 2,631 1,444 1,284 1,291 1,202	4,779 172 1,378 1,959 414 213 158 112	6,689 44 628 975 1,037 1,089 1,054	5,291 2 233 714 867 962 909	122 3 12 13 14 12 23	1,276 39 383 248 156 115	125 1 6 2 3 8	297 43 49 32 41 28
45 to 49 years. 50 to 54 years. 55 to 59 years. 65 to 69 years. 65 to 69 years. 70 to 74 years. 75 to 79 years. 80 to 84 years. 85 years and over.	916 601 433 197 79 94 68 30 26	112 62 55 46 21 33 18 11	769 496 3347 128 42 37 26 14	679 433 308 97 35 25 16 10	15 10 8 6 3 3	75 53 31 25 7 9 7 4 2	3 11 10 11 13 21 23 5	32 32 21 12 3 3 1
Female	7,935	1,787	5,653	5,291	102	260	345_	150
14 years	230 868 800 999 1,085 1,174 925	230 791 240 129 67 62 61	73 552 860 1,002 1,083 831	58 520 823 953 1,041 789	5 10 11 9 19	10 22 26 40 23 26	1 2 2 2 6 17	3 8 8 14 23 16
45 to 49 years. 50 to 54 years. 55 to 59 years. 60 to 64 years. 65 to 69 years. 70 to 74 years. 75 to 79 years. 80 to 84 years. 85 years and over.	662 469 298 148 89 93 60 20	54 52 45 20 9 14 6 3	562 348 188 80 26 25 17 3	517 313 164 61 16 19 13 2	11 7 5 7 1 	34 28 19 12 9 6 3	20 39 54 42 52 52 36 14 8	26 30 11 6 2 2 1

Table 15.—MARRIED COUPLES, FAMILIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS, BY COLOR OF HEAD, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL, 1960, AND FOR THE CANAL ZONE, 1950

					1960						1950	
Type of unit		Total			White			Nonwhite				Non-
	Canal Zone	Urban	Rural	Canal Zone	Urban	Rural	Canal Zone	Urban	Rural	Total	White	white
Married couples. With own household. Percent with own household. Without own household. Living with relatives. Living with nonrelatives.	7,733 7,648 98.9 85 55 30	2,442 2,419 99.1 23 11 12	5,291 5,229 98.8 62 44 18	5,895 5,837 99.0 58 41 17	1,021 1,006 98.5 15 7	4,874 4,831 99,1 43 34	1,838 1,811 98.5 27 14 13	1,421 1,413 99.4 8 4	417 398 95.4 19 10	10,281 10,111 98.3 170 (1)	6,794 6,718 98.9 76 (1)	3,487 3,393 97.3 94 (1)
Families. Hisband-wife families. With own household. Without own household.	8,008 7,654 7,648 6	2,574 2,420 2,419 1	5,434 5,234 5,229 5	6,063 5,841 5,837 4	1,072 1,007 1,006	4,991 4,834 4,831 3	1,945 1,813 1,811 2	1,502 1,413 1,413	443 400 398 2	(1) (1) 10,111 (1)	(1) (1) 6,718 (1)	3,393 (1)
Unrelated individuals	7,182	720	6,462	4,770	319	4,451	2,412	401	2,011	(¹)	(±)	(¹)

¹ Not available.

Table 16.—HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP, BY COLOR, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL, 1960, AND FOR THE CANAL ZONE, 1950

	1960								1950			
Household relationship	Total			White			Nonwhite					
	Canal Zone	Urban	Rural	Canal Zone	Urban	Rural	Canal Zone	Urban	Rural	Total :	White	Non- white
Total population	42,122	13,429	28,693	28,196	4,551	23,645	13,926	8,878	5,048	52,822	32,007	20,815
In households. Head of household Head of primary family. Primary individual. Wife of head. Child under 18 of head. Other relative of head. Nonrelative of head. In group quarters. Inmate of institution. Other.	37,057 9,229 7,989 1,240 7,648 16,144 2,660 1,376 5,065 4,610 4,02	13,234 2,899 2,572 2,572 2,419 6,121 1,587 208 195 11 184 4,57	23,823 6,330 5,417 913 5,229 10,023 1,073 1,168 4,870 444 4,426	24,553 6,867 6,054 813 5,776 10,616 944 400 3,643 63 3,580	4,486 1,266 1,071 195 997 1,858 307 58 65 2 63	20,067 5,601 4,983 61.8 4,729 8,758 637 342 3,578 61 3,517	12,504 2,362 1,935 1,935 1,935 1,528 5,528 1,716 976 1,422 1,030 5,29	8,748 1,633 1,501 132 1,422 4,263 1,280 150 130 9 121	3,756 729 434 295 500 1,265 436 826 1,292 383 909 5,15	42,536 11,507 (1) (1) 10,111 21,7713 2,178 1,027 10,286 9,558 3,70	24,110 7,592 (1) (1) 6,728 29,001 589 200 7,897 170 7,727	18,426 3,915 (1) (1) 3,383 28,712 1,589 827 2,389 558 1,831
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION												
Total population	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0
In households. Head of household Wife of head. Child under 18 of head. Other relative of head. Nonrelative of head. In group quarters.	88.0 21.9 18.2 38.3 6.3 3.3	98.5 21.6 18.0 45.6 11.8 1.5	83.0 22.1 18.2 34.9 3.7 4.1 17.0	87.1 24.4 20.3 37.7 3.3 1.4 12.9	98.6 27.8 21.9 40.8 6.7 1.3	84.9 23.7 20.0 37.0 2.7 1.4 15.1	89.8 17.0 13.8 39.7 12.3 7.0 10.2	98.5 18.4 16.0 48.0 14.4 1.7	74.4 14.4 9,9 25,1 8,6 16,4 25,6	80.5 21.8 19.1 233.5 4.1 1.9	75.3 23.7 21.0 ² 28.1 1.8 0.6 24.7	88,5 18,8 16.3 241,9 7.6 4.0

¹ Not available.
2 All children of the head.

Table 17.—CHILDREN EVER BORN TO WOMEN EVER MARRIED, BY AGE AND COLOR OF WOMAN, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

[Rate not shown where base is less than 100]

						Women	ever ma	rried						I	Childr	en ever l	orn .
Area, color, and age					Ву	number o	f childr	en ever	born					Women not re-		Per 1,000	Per
of woman	Total	Total women reporting	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 or more	porting on shildren	Number	women report- ing	1,000 mothers
CANAL ZONE														202	00 800	0.604	2 740
Total, 15 years and over	8,970	8,678 95	1,324	1,490 37	2,009 14	1,508 2	903	510	357	207	126	92	152	292 5	23,293 71	2,684	3,167
15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 35 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 45 to 54 years. 65 years and over.	661 1,051 1,323 1,586 1,452 1,731 608 458	636 1,027 1,297 1,544 1,419 1,684 573 403	148 127 139 150 207 340 138 33	214 174 157 193 214 309 121	171 315 297 354 289 392 110 67	70 214 297 333 241 231 57 63	23 113 165 212 160 145 46 39	51 98 116 111 70 26 34	4 17 70 76 67 69 21 33	2 8 29 37 47 51 12 21	6 20 22 33 19 12 14	1 14 19 17 20 8 13	11 11 32 33 38 22 15	25 24 26 42 33 47 35 55	916 2,379 3,822 4,742 4,221 4,237 1,446 1,459	1,440 2,316 2,947 3,071 2,975 2,516 2,524 3,620	1,877 2,643 3,301 3,402 3,483 3,153 3,324 3,943
White, 15 years and over	6,434	6,284	1,048	1,182	1,688	1,177	622	271	171	59	33	19	14	150 2	13,960	2,222	2,666
15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 35 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 45 to 54 years. 55 to 64 years. 65 years and over.	79 562 857 1,017 1,194 948 1,142 392 243	77 544 839 1,000 1,167 934 1,120 381 222	39 129 107 120 120 151 263 98 21	29 182 151 125 159 163 236 96 41	8 154 277 258 313 237 312 84 45	1 56 174 243 279 178 161 45 40	17 86 132 151 111 79 23 23	3 30 62 69 46 31 13	2 9 35 51 29 19 13	1 2 14 11 9 4	3 7 5 6 2 3	3 3 4 2 4	1 6 1 4	18 18 17 27 14 22 11 21	760 1,813 2,610 3,087 2,168 2,087 704 683	1,397 2,161 2,610 2,645 2,321 1,863 1,848 3,077	1,831 2,477 2,966 2,948 2,769 2,435 2,488 3,398
Norwhite, 15 years and over.	2,536 21	2,394 18	276 3	308 8	321 6	331	281	239	186	148	93	73	138	142 3	9,333	3,898	4,407
15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 40 to 44 years. 45 to 54 years. 55 to 64 years. 65 years and over.	99 194 306 392 504 589 216 215	92 188 297 377 485 564 192	19 20 19 30 56 77 40 12	32 23 32 34 51 73 25 30	17 38 39 41 52 80 26 22	14 40 54 54 63 70 12 23	6 27 33 61 49 66 23 16	1 21 36 47 65 39 13	2 8 35 25 38 50 8 20	1 6 15 26 38 42 8 12	3 13 17 27 17 9	1 11 16 14 16 6 9	1 10 26 32 34 22 13	7 6 9 15 19 25 24 34	156 566 1,212 1,655 2,053 2,150 742 776	3,011 4,081 4,390 4,233 3,812 3,865 4,287	3,369 4,360 4,769 4,786 4,415 4,882 4,592
URBAN												45	100	0.3	9,485	3,450	. 3,926
Total, 15 years and over 15 to 19 years	2,822	2,749 22	333 9	372 7	496 5	443 1	313	220	199	122	81	63	107	73	20		
20 to 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 35 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 45 to 54 years. 55 to 64 years. 65 years and over.	101 181 305 474 588 706 227 217	94 177 299 464 577 696 224 196	21 26 21 33 61 107 43 12	34 29 24 43 63 100 43 29	21 35 42 66 104 150 39 34	8 33 58 88 97 104 25 29	6 20 31 71 66 73 24 22	57 57 52 36 14	3 5 41 32 39 49 11 19	1 5 18 23 30 29 5	13 14 24 13 4 9	11 14 11 11 11 5	1 8 23 30 24 11	7 4 6 10 11 10 3 21	149 485 1,229 1,852 2,151 2,148 661 790	2,740 4,110 3,991 3,728 3,086 2,951 4,031	3,212 4,421 4,297 4,169 3,647 3,652 4,293
White, 15 years and over	1,176	1,154	162	200	305	225	120	47	53	16	15	6	5	22	2,859 10	2,477	2,882
15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 35 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 45 to 54 years. 55 to 64 years. 65 years and over.	16 65 102 124 194 209 287 100 79	16 63 100 123 192 205 285 99 71	8 15 18 14 19 49 17 8	6 25 25 12 24 31 47 22 8	2 16 26 28 38 59 93 24	3 16 29 50 46 52 17	3 8 13 31 25 22 9	5 6 17 6 4 3	1 1 11 11 11 10 5	6 2 4 3	:: 1233 114	2 1	2 1 1	2 2 1 2 4 2 1 8	84 196 379 585 546 616 215 228	1,960 3,081 3,047 2,663 2,161	3,477 3,287 2,935 2,610
Normanite, 15 years and over.	1,646	1,595	171	172	191	218	193	173	146	106	66	57	102	51	6,626 10	4, 154	4,653
15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 35 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 45 to 54 years. 55 to 64 years. 65 years and over.	7 36 79 181 280 379 419 127 138	6 31 77 176 272 372 411 125	1 6 8 7 19 42 58 2 4	9 4 12 19 32 53 21 21	5 9 14 28 45 57 15	5 17 29 38 51 52 8	3 12 18 40 41 51 15	13 26 40 46 30 10 8	2 4 30 21 28 39 6 16	1 5 12 21 26 26 5 10	3 11 11 21 12 3 5	1 9 14 11 10 5	1 8 21 29 23 11	5 2 5 8 7 8 2 13	65 289 850 1,267 1,605 1,532 446 562	4,830 4,658 4,315 3,727 3,568 4,496	5,030 5,008 4,864 4,340 4,645
RURAL									3 60		45	29	45	219	13,808	2,329	2,796
Total, 15 years and over 15 to 19 years	6,148 77	5,929 73	991	1,118 30	1,513	1,065	590	290	158	85				4	51 767	1,415	1,848
20 to 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 35 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 45 to 54 years. 55 to 64 years. 65 years and over.	560 870 1,018 1,112 864 1,025 381 241	542 850 998 1,080 842 988 349 207	127 101 118 117 146 233 95 21	180 145 133 150 151 209 78 42	150 280 255 288 185 242 71 33	62 181 239 245 144 127 32 34	17 93 134 141 94 72 22 17	33 66 59 59 34 12 23	1 12 29 44 28 20 10 14	1 3 11 14 17 22 7 10	7 8 9 6 8 5	3 5 6 9 3 3	3 9 3 14 11 5	32 34	1,894 2,593 2,890 2,070 2,089 785 669	2, 228 2, 598 2, 676 2, 458 2, 114 2, 249 3, 232	2,529 2,947 3,001 2,974 2,767 3,091 3,597
White, 15 years and over	5,258	5,130	886 31	982 23	1,383	952 1	502	224	118	43	18	13	9	128	11,101	2,164	2,616
15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 40 to 44 years. 45 to 54 years. 46 to 54 years. 65 years and over.	63 497 755 893 1,000 739 855 292 164	61 481 739 877 975 729 835 282 151	114 89 106 106 132 214 81	157 126 113 135 132 189 74	138 251 230 275 178 219 60 26	53 158 214 229 132 109 28 28	14 78 119 120 86 57 14 14	3 25 56 52 40 25 9	1 8 24 40 18 9 8	1 2 8 9 5 6 4 8	2 5 2 3 1 2 3	1 3 3 3	1 4 	16 16 16 25 10 20	676 1,617 2,231 2,502 1,622 1,471 489 455	1,405 2,188 2,544 2,566 2,225 1,762 1,734 3,013	1,842 2,488 2,894 2,879 2,717 2,369 2,433 3,297

Table 17.—CHILDREN EVER BORN TO WOMEN EVER MARRIED, BY AGE AND COLOR OF WOMAN, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960—Con.

[Rate not shown where base is less than 100]

						Womer	ever m	rried							Child	ren ever	born
					B	y number o	of child	en ever	born					Women not re-		Per 1,000	Per
Area, color, and age of woman	Total	Total women reporting	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 or more	porting on children	Number	women report- ing	1,000
RURALCon.																	
Nonwhite, 15 years and over.	890	799	105	136	130	113	88	66	40	42	27	16	36	91	2,707	3,388	3,90
5 to 19 years, 20 to 24 years 25 to 29 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 54 years 35 to 54 years 35 to 64 years 35 years and over	14 63 115 125 112 125 170 89 77	61 111 121 105 113	2 13 12 12 11 14 19 14 8	7 23 19 20 15 19 20 4	3 12 29 25 13 7 23 11	9 23 25 16 12 18 4 6	3 15 15 21 8 15 8	1 8 10 7 19 9	 4 5 4 10 11 2 4	 1 3 5 12 16 3	266562	 2 2 3 6 1 2	 2 5 3 11 11 4	2 2 4 7 12 17 22 21	13 91 277 362 388 448 618 296 214	2,495 2,495 2,992 3,695 3,965 4,039	3,32

Table 18.—EMPLOYMENT STATUS, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

	<u> </u>	Total			White		Ī	Nonwhite	
Employment status and sex	Canal Zone	Urban	Rural	Canal Zone	Urban	Rural	Canal Zone	Urban	Rural
BOTH SECES				:					
Total, 14 years old and over	28,592	8,767	19,825	19,004	3,077	15,927	9,588	5,690	3,898
Labor force. Percent of total. Armed Forces. Civilian labor force. Employed. Unemployed. Percent of civilian labor force. Not in labor force. Inmate of institution. Enrolled in school.	17,566 61.4 6,543 11,023 10,542 481 4.4 11,026 452 2,427	4,254 48,6 36 4,228 3,979 249 5,9 4,503 11 1,062	13,302 67.1 6,507 6,795 6,563 232 3.4 6,523 441 1,365	12,461 65,6 5,916 6,545 6,340 205 3,1 6,543 63 1,587	1,791 58,2 32 1,759 1,706 53 3,0 1,286 2 406	10,670 67,0 5,884 4,786 4,634 152 3,2 5,257 61 1,181	5,105 53,2 627 4,478 4,202 276 6,2 4,483 389 840	2,473 43.5 2,469 2,273 196 7.9 3,217 9 656	2,632 67.5 623 2,009 1,929 80 4,0 1,266 380 184
Under 65 years old	7,587 560	3,173 257	4,414 303	4,560 333	766 112	3,794 221	3,027 227	2,407 145	620 82
MALE									
Total, 14 years old and over	16,346	4,456	11,890	11,111	1,527	9,584	5,235	2,929	2,306
Labor force. Percent of total. Armed Forces. Civilian labor force. Employed. Unemployed. Percent of civilian labor force. Not in labor force. Inmate of institution. Enrolled in school. Other:	13,813 84,5 6,535 7,278 7,116 162 2.2 2,533 314 1,172	3,161 70,9 35 3,126 3,044 82 2,6 1,295 11 527	10,652 89,6 6,500 4,152 4,072 80 1,9 1,238 303 645	10,061 90.5 5,909 4,152 4,080 72 1.7 1,050 45	1,232 80.7 31 1,201 1,176 25 2.1 295 2	8,829 92.1 5,878 2,951 2,904 47 1.6 755 43 551	3,752 71,7 6,26 3,126 3,036 90 2,99 1,483 269 417	1,929 65.9 4 1,925 1,868 57 3.0 1,000 9	1,823 79,1 622 1,201 1,168 33 2,7 483 260 94
Under 65 years old	900 147	706 51	194 96	98 98	51 38	1.01 60	748 49	655 13	93 36
FEMALE									
Total, 14 years old and over	12,246	4,311	7,935	7,893	1,550	6,343	4,353	2,761	1,592
Labor force. Percent of total. Armed Forces. Civilian labor force. Employed. Unemployed. Percent of civilian labor force. Not in labor force. Innate of institution. Errolled in school.	3,753 30.6 8 3,745 3,426 319 8,5 8,493 138	1,103 25,6 1 1,102 935 167 15,2 3,208	2,650 33,4 7 2,643 2,491 152 5,8 5,285 138 720	2,400 30.4 7 2,393 2,260 133 5,6 5,493 18	559 36.1 1 558 530 28 5.0 991	1,841 29.0 6 1,835 1,730 105 5.7 4,502 18	1,353 31.1 1,352 1,166 186 13,8 3,000 120 423	544 19.7 544 405 139 25.6 2,217 	809 50.8 1 808 761 47 5.8 783 120
Other: Under 65 years old. 65 years old and over.	6,687 413	2,467	4,220 207	4,408 235	715 74	3,693 161	2,279 178	1,752 132	527 46
Married, spouse present	7,733 1,937 4,513 1,816	2,442 672 1,869 431	5,291 1,265 2,644 1,385	5,762 1,499 2,131 901	1,013 345 537 214	4,749 1,154 1,594 687	1,971 438 2,382 915	1,429 327 1,332 217	542 111 1,050 698

Table 19.—EMPLOYMENT STATUS, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE: 1960 AND 1950

Parl and the land		1960			1950	
Employment status and sex	Total	White	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite
BOTH SEXES						
population, all ages	42,122	28,196	13,926	52,822	32,007	20,815
Total, 14 years old and over	28,592	19,004	9,588	38,595	24,256	14,339
Labor force Armed Forces Civilian labor force Employed. Unemployed. Parcent of civilian labor force. Not in labor force.	17,566 6,543 11,023 10,542 481 4.4 11,026	12,461 5,916 6,545 6,340 205 3.1 6,543	5,105 627 4,478 4,202 276 6,2 4,483	24,900 9,645 15,255 14,458 797 5,2 13,695	16,634 9,482 7,152 7,002 150 2,1 7,622	8,266 163 8,103 7,456 647 8,0 6,073
MALE					1	
Population, all ages	23,278	15,878	7,400	30,729	19,564	11,165
Total, 14 years old and over	16,346	11,111	5,235	23,433	15,545	7,888
Labor force. Armed Force. Civilina labor force. Employed. Unemployed. Percent of civilian labor force. Not in labor force.	13,813 6,535 7,278 7,116 162 2.2 2,533	10,061 5,909 4,152 4,080 72 1.7 1,050	3,752 626 3,126 3,036 90 2,9 1,483	20,788 9,486 11,302 10,894 408 3,6 2,645	14,381 9,329 5,052 4,989 63 1,2 1,164	6,407 157 6,250 5,905 345 5,5 1,481
· FEMALE					-0.4/2	9,650
Population, all ages	18,844	12,318	6,526	22,093	12,443	6,451
Total, 14 years old and over		7,893	4,353	15,162	8,711	1,859
Labor force Armed Forces Civilian labor force, Employed, Unemployed Fercent of civilian labor force Not in labor force,	319	2,400 7 2,393 2,260 133 5.6 5,493	1,353 1 1,352 1,166 186 13.8 3,000	4,112 159 3,953 3,564 389 9,8	2,100 2,100 2,013 87 4,1 6,458	1,853 1,551 302 16,3 4,592

Table 20.—LABOR FORCE STATUS, BY AGE, COLOR, AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

	[Perc	ent not shown v	vhere less than U.	l or where base is	less than 100]				
		Total			White			Nonwhite	
Area, age, and labor force status	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
CANAL ZONE						ļ			
Population	-1	26.246	12,246	19,004	11,111	7,893	9,588	5,235	4,353
Total, 14 years old and over	28,592 3,193 5,767 5,886 6,716 6,165 865	16,346 1,559 4,088 3,200 3,509 3,622 368	1,634 1,679 2,686 3,207 2,543 497	1,654 3,911 4,405 4,697 3,907 430	798 2,985 2,415 2,490 2,258 165	856 926 1,990 2,207 1,649 265	1,539 1,856 1,481 2,019 2,258 435	761 1,103 785 1,019 1,364 203	778 753 695 1,000 894 232
Labor Force		13,813	3,753	12,461	10,061	2,400	5,105	3,752	1,353
Total, 14 years old and over	17,566 323 4,085 3,905 4,540 4,507 206	137 3,527 3,086 3,438 3,460	186 558 819 1,102 1,047 41	200 3,128 2,930 3,204 2,925 74	99 2,849 2,394 2,475 2,190 54	101 279 536 729 735 20	123 957 975 1,336 1,582 132	38 678 692 963 1,270	279 283 373 312 21
Percent of Population in Labor Force		84.5	30,6	65,6	90.5	30,4	53,2	71,7	31.1 10.9
Total, 14 years old and over	61,4 10,1 70,8 66,3 67,6 73,1 23,8	8,8 86,3 96,4 98,0 95,5 44,8	11.4 33.2 30.5 34.4 41.2 8.2	12,1 80,0 66,5 68,2 74,9 17,2	12.4 95.4 99.1 99.4 97.0 32.7	11.8 30.1 26.9 33.0 44.6 7.5	8,0 51,6 65,8 66,2 70.1 30.3	61.5 88.2 94.5 93.1 54.7	37.1 40.7 37.3 34.9 9.1
URBAN			{					7 000	2,761
Population Total, 14 years old and over	1,626 1,211 1,074 2,124 2,441	4,456 818 604 472 1,016 1,475 71	4,311 808 607 602 1,108 966 220	3,077 433 297 475 770 972 130	1,527 210 136 215 352 566 48	1,550 223 161 260 418 406 82	5,690 1,193 914 599 1,354 1,469 161	2,929 608 468 257 664 909 23	585 446 342 690 560 138

Table 20.—LABOR FORCE STATUS, BY AGE, COLOR, AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960—Con.
[Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100]

		Total			White			Nonwhite	
Area, age, and labor force status	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
URBANCom.									
Labor Force		İ							
Total, 14 years old and over	4,264	3,161	1,103	1,791	1,232	559	2,473	1,929	544
14 to 17 years	73 343 640 1,387 1,787 34	35 206 432 1,009 1,459 20	38 137 208 378 328 14	44 144 308 529 748 18	21 83 209 350 559	23 61 99 179 189 8	29 199 332 858 1,039 16	14 123 223 659 900 10	15 76 109 199 139 6
Percent of Population in Labor Force									
Total, 14 years old and over	48.6	70,9	25,6	58.2	80.7	36.1	43.5	65,9	19.7
14 to 17 years. 18 to 24 years. 25 to 34 years. 35 to 44 years. 45 to 64 years. 65 years and over.	4.5 28.3 59.6 65.3 73.2 11.7	4,3 34,1 91,5 99,3 98,9	4.7 22.6 34.6 34.1 34.0 6.4	10.2 48.5 64.8 68.7 77.0 13.8	10.0 61.0 97.2 99.4 98.8	10,3 37.9 38,1 42.8 46.6	2.4 21.8 55.4 63.4 70.7 9.9	2,3 26,3 86,8 99,2 99,0	2,6 17.0 31.9 28.8 24.8 4,3
RURAL									
Population									
Total, 14 years old and over	19,825	11,890	7,935	15,927	9,584	6,343	3,898	2,306	1,592
14 to 17 years. 18 to 24 years. 25 to 34 years. 35 to 44 years. 45 to 64 years. 65 years and over.	1,567 4,556 4,812 4,592 3,724 574	741 3,484 2,728 2,493 2,147 297	826 1,072 2,084 2,099 1,577 277	1,221 3,614 3,930 3,927 2,935 300	588 2,849 2,200 2,138 1,692 117	633 765 1,730 1,789 1,243 183	346 942 862 665 789 274	153 635 528 355 455 180	193 307 354 310 334 94
Labor Force									
Total, 14 years old and over	13,302	10,652	2,650	10,670	8,829	1,841	2,632	1,823	809
14 to 17 years. 18 to 24 years. 25 to 34 years. 35 to 44 years. 45 to 64 years. 65 years and over.	250 3,742 3,265 3,153 2,720 172	102 3,321 2,654 2,429 2,001 145	148 421 611 724 719 27	156 2,984 2,622 2,675 2,177 56	78 2,766 2,185 2,125 1,631 44	78 218 437 550 546 12	94 758 643 478 543 116	24 555 469 304 370 101	70 203 174 174 173 15
Percent of Population in Labor Force									
Total, 14 years old and over	67.1	89,6	33.4	67.0	92,1	29.0	67,5	79.1	50.8
14 to 17 years. 18 to 24 years. 25 to 34 years. 35 to 44 years. 45 to 64 years. 65 years and over.	16.0 82.1 67.9 68.7 73.0 30.0	13.8 95.3 97.3 97.4 93.2 48.8	17.9 39.3 29.3 34.5 45.6 9.7	12.8 82.6 66.7 68.1 74.2 18.7	13.3 97.1 99.3 99.4 96.4 37.6	12.3 28.5 25.3 30.7 43.9 6.6	27.2 80.5 72.9 71.9 68.8 42.3	15,7 87,4 88.8 85.6 81.3 56.1	36.3 66.1 49.2 56.1 51.8

Table 21.—WEEKS WORKED IN 1959, BY COLOR, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

Area and weeks worked	Total	White	Nonvhite	Pe	reent distribution	
	LOSILL	WILL GO	nonwitte	Total.	White	Nonwhite
CANAL ZONE						
Total, 14 years old and over	28,592	19,004	9,588	100.0	100.0	100.0
Vorked in 1959, 50 to 52 weeks. 48 to 49 weeks. 40 to 47 weeks. 27 to 39 weeks. 14 to 26 weeks. 13 weeks or less, Veeks worked not reported. Did not vork in 1959.	17,670 14,615 394 453 693 678 743 94 10,922	12,855 10,528 321 366 564 497 512 67 6,149	4,815 4,087 73 87 129 181 231 27 4,773	61.8 51.1 1.4 1.6 2.4 2.4 2.6 0.3 38.2	67.6 55.4 1.7 1.9 3.0 2.6 2.7 0.4 32.4	50,2 42,6 0,8 0,9 1,3 1,9 2,4 0,3 49,8
URBAN						
Total, 14 years old and over	8,767	3,077	5,690	100.0	100,0	100,0
Vorked in 1959. 50 to 52 weeks 48 to 49 weeks. 40 to 47 weeks. 27 to 39 weeks. 14 to 26 weeks. 13 weeks or less. Weeks worked not reported. Did not work in 1959.	4,136 3,637 22 54 150 123 135 15 4,631	1,816 1,506 12 34 111 76 71 6 1,261	2,320 2,131 10 20 39 47 64 9	47.2 41.5 0.3 0.6 1.7 1.4 1.5 0.2 52.8	59.0 48.9 0.4 1.1 3.6 2.5 2.3 0.2 41.0	40.8 37.5 0.2 0.4 0.7 0.8 1.1 0.2 59.2
RURAL						
Total, 14 years old and over	19,825	15,927	3,898	100.0	100,0	100.0
Vorkes in 1959 50 to 52 weeks 48 to 49 weeks 40 to 47 weeks 27 to 39 weeks 14 to 26 weeks 13 weeks or less Weeks worked not reported bid not vork in 1959	13,534 10,978 372 399 543 555 608 79 6,291	11,039 9,022 309 332 453 421 441 441 4,888	2,495 1,956 63 67 90 134 167 18	68.3 55.4 1.9 2.0 2.7 2.8 3.1 0.4 31.7	69.3 56.6 1.9 2.1 2.8 2.6 2.8 0.4 30.7	64.0 50.2 1.6 1.7 2.3 3.4 4.3 0.5

Table 22.—PERSONS EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE AND IN NONAGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES, BY CLASS OF WORKER, COLOR, AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

Area and class of worker	To	tal	Wh:	ite	Nonwi	hite	Area and class of worker	To	tal	Wh	ite	Nonwi	hite
****	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
CANAL ZONE							URBANCon.						
Employed in agriculture	315	21	59	4	256	17	Employed in nonagricultural	!					
Private wage and salary workers	66	4	8	1	58	3	industries	3,039	935	1,175	530	1,864	405
Government workers	39	[[20		19		Private wage and salary workers	169	353	108	110	61	243
Self-employed workers	171	13	26 5	3	145	10	Government workers	2,838	550 32	1,046	400 20	1,792	150 12
Unpaid family workers	39	4	"	•••	34	1 41	Self-employed workers	32		li .			
Employed in nonagricultural			1 1			i i	Outbern remark and were					• • • •	
industries	6,801	3,405	4,021	2,256	2,780	1,149	RURAL					-	
Private wage and salary workers	586	1,495	351	561.	235	934	1,012	:					1
Government workers	6,137	1,835	3,607	1,638	2,530	197	Employed in agriculture	310	21	58	4	252	17
Self-employed workers	78	71	63	55	15	16	Private wage and salary workers	66	4	8	1	58	3
Unpaid family workers	••••	4	***	2	•••] . 2	Government workers	34		19		1.5	,
							Self-employed workers	171	13	26	3	145	10
URBAN						1	Unpaid family workers	39	4	٦	•••	34	4
							Employed in nonagricultural						1
Employed in agriculture	5		1		4		industries	3,762	2,470	2,846	1,726	916	744
Private wage and salary workers							Private wage and salary workers	417	1,142	243	451	174	691
Government workers.			i ii	:::	•••	:::	Government workers	3,299	1,285	2,561	1,238	738	47
Self-employed workers			.,.				Self-employed workers	46	39	42	35	4	4
Unpaid family workers]					Unpaid family workers	•••	4		2	•••	2

Table 23.—OCCUPATION GROUP OF EMPLOYED PERSONS, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

		All classes			White			Nonwhite	
Area and occupation group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
CANAL ZONE									
Total employed	10,542	7,116	3,426	6,340	4,080	2,260	4,202	3,036	1,166
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	1,593	855	738	1,496	793	703	97	62	35
Accountants and auditors	95	76	19	95 172	76 170	19		:::	•••
Engineers, technical	172 384	170 144	240	369	131	238	15	13	2
Medical and other health workers	21.3	5	208	212	5 89	207	1		
Physicians and surgeons,	96 75	92 47	28	93 64	37	27	11	10	1
Other medical and health workers	46	45	1	45	44	1 179	1 24	1	15
Teachers, elementary schools	21.5 11.4	21 51	194 63	191 102	12	58	12	7	5
Teachers, secondary schools Teachers (n.e.c.)	52	13	39	49	11	38 10	3 6	2 5	1
Technicians, except medical and dental	63 452	52 283	11 169	57 416	47 258	158	36	25	11
Other professional, technical, and kindred workers	183	171	12	29	26	3	154	145	9
Farmers and farm managers	899	823	76	866	792	74	33	31	2
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm Officials and inspectors, public administration	237	215	22	236	214	22	1	1	
Officers, pilots, pursers, and engineers, ship	264	264 61	13	264 59	264 47	12	15	14	"i
Other specified managers, officials, and propris Managers, officials, and proprietors (n.e.c.)	74 324	283	41	307	267	40	17	16	1
Construction	53	52	1 6	53 13	52 7	1 6			
Eating and drinking placesFederal public administration	21 39	15 34	5	38	33	5	1	1	•••
All other industries	211	182	29	203	175	28	8	7	1
Clerical and kindred workers	1,838	777	1,061	1,369	382 19	987 114	469 18	395 12	74 6
Bookkeepers	151 93	31 51	120 42	1.33 53	19	42	40	40	
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	72	63	9	72	63	9		i	'ii
Secretaries	170 137	6 1	164 136	158 134	5 1	153 133	12		3
StenographersStock clerks and storekeepers	108	88	20	52	34	18	56	54	2 13
Typists	230	54 105	176 138	167 164	53	163 111	63 79	50 52	27
Other specified clerical workers	243 634	378	256	436	192	244	198	186	12
Sales workers	202	82	120	103	45	58	99	37	62
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	1,476	1,456	20	1,143	1,125	18	333	331	2
Carpenters	107	107		37	37 244		70 90	70 90	:::
Construction craftsmen, except carpenters	334 335	334 319	16	244 273	257	16	62	62	
Foremen (n.e.c.)	89	89		88	88	•••	1 1	1 1	
Machinists	158 236	158 235	"i	157 185	157 185		51	5G	1
Mechanics and repairmen	217	214	ã	159	157	2	58	57	1
Operatives and kindred workers	1,354	1,333	21	411	408	3	943	925 97	18
Boatmen, canalmen, and lock keepers	193 173	193 173		96 25	96 25	•••	97 148	148	
Drivers and deliverymen	103	103		23	23		80	80	
Sailors and deck hands	340	340	20	70 102	70 99		270 98	270	17
Other specified operatives	200 345	180 344	1	95	95		250	249	1
Private household workers	1,225	13	1,212	333	3	330	892	10	882
Service workers, except private household	1,160	1,028	132	452	380	72	708	648	60
Attendants, hospital, recreation and personal					13	13	78	63	15
service (n.e.c.)	104 207	76 205	28 2	26 11	n		196	194	2
Kitchen workers (n.e.c.), except private household	132	128	4	3	3		129 177	125 175	4 2
Protective service workers	523 143	512 143	11	346 52	337 52		91	91	
Firemen, fire protection	193	183	10	114	106	8	79	77 7	2
Policemen and detectives	183	182	1	176 4	175 4		7	'	:::
Other protective service workers		107	87	66	16	50	128	91	37
Farm laborers and foremen	1.38	132	6	25	25	. 1	112	107	5
Farm laborers, unpaid family workers	42	38 94	4 2	5 21	5 20	"i	37 75	33 74	1
All other farm laborers, and foremen	96	11	5	89	89	1	347	342	5
Laborers, except farm and mine	1	431	23	23	12	11	15	3	12
Occupation not reported	38	17	["	2	1			_	
URBAN		il .			li		i		
	0.000	2044	935	1,706	1,176	530	2,273	1,868	405
Total employed		3,044	193	388	218	170	73	50	23
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	461 40	31	9	40	31	9			
Engineers, technical	65	. 65	-::	65	65 29	43	'ii	'iò	"i
Medical and other health workers	د 8	39	44 37	72 38	1 1	37			
Nurses, professional	17	17	l	17	17 11		ii	iö	
Other medical and health workers	. 28	21	7	17	1			∥	
Teachers, elementary schools,	. 89	13	76	67	4	6.3	22 8	9 5	13
Teachers, secondary schools	30	16	14	12	11 5	11 7	2	2	
Teachers (n.e.c.)	13	12	1	9	8	1	4	4	
Other professional, technical, and kindred workers.	126	84	42	100	64	36	. 26	20	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							";
Farmers and farm managers			1 30	211	1 200	11	27	26	1
Farmers and farm managers	238	226	12		//3	1 2		II .	1
Farmers and farm managers	238 45	226 43 64	2	45 64	43 64	2		:::	
Farmers and farm managers	238 45 64 28	43 64 24	4	45 64 15	64 12		13	 12	"i
Farmers and farm managers	238 45 64 28	43 64 24 95	2 4 6	45 64 15 87	64	 3 6	13 14	12 14	1
Farmers and farm managers	238 45 64 28 101 24	43 64 24	4	45 64 15	64 12 81		13 14 8	 12	"i

Table 23.—OCCUPATION GROUP OF EMPLOYED PERSONS, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960—Con.

T			AND RUR		White	ī		Nonwhite	
Area and occupation group	Total	All classes Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
URBANCon. Clerical and kindred workers. Bookkeepers. Payroll and timekeeping clerks. Postal clerks. Secretaries. Stenographers. Stock clerks and storekeepers. Typists. Other specified clerical workers. Clerical and kindred workers (n.e.c.) Sales workers. Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers. Canpenters. Construction craftsmen, except carpentere. Foremen (n.e.c.) Locomotive engineers. Machinists. Mechanics and repairmen,	743 61 52 32 55 32 53 89 117 252 103 504 59 115 123 33 42 56	423 22 33 30 5 49 42 62 180 40 500 59 115 120 33 42	320 39 19 2 50 32 4 47 55 72 63 4 	380 49 22 32 49 32 49 32 6 38 54 98 18 281 8 59 73 33 41	11.3 1.3 30 00 4 21 21 37 10 278 8 59 70 33 41 23	267 36 19 2 45 32 2 37 33 61 8	363 12 30 6 47 51 63 154 85 223 51 56 50 	310 9 30 45 41 41 143 30 222 51 56 50 1 32	53 3 5 2 10 22 11 55 1
Other eraftemen and kindred workers. Operatives and kindred workers. Boetmen, canalmen, and look keepers. Drivers and deliverymen. Gilers and greasers, except auto. Sailors and deek hands. Other specified operatives. Operatives and kindred workers (n.e.c.).	76 926 130 129 82 247 113 225	76 913 130 129 82 247 101 224	13 12 1 257	167 41 10 16 29 35 36 56	44 166 41 10 16 29 34 36	1 1 56	759 89 119 66 218 78 189 203	747 89 119 66 218 67 188 2	12 11 1 201 48
Service workers, except private household. Attendants, hospital, recreation and personal service (n.e.c.)	68 52 8 260 98 88 71	410 52 50 5 257 98 85 71 3 46	61 16 2 3 3 37	8 6 6 135 27 36 69 3 16	7 6 6	1 2 2 	60 46 8 125 71 52 2	45 44 5 124 71 51 2 	15 2 3 1 1 27
Farm laborers and foremen. Farm laborers, unpaid family workers. All other farm laborers, and foremen. Laborers, except farm and mine.	3	255	3	36	36		222	219 1	3 8
Occupation not reported		4	9	4	3	1	9	1	
RURAL				4 634	2 904	1,730	1,929	1,168	761
Total employed. Professional, technical, and kindred workers. Accountants and auditors. Fegineers, technical. Medical and other health workers. Nurses, professional. Physicians and surgeons. Other medical and health workers. Radio operators. Teachers, elementary schools. Teachers, elementary schools. Teachers elementary schools. Teachers (n.c.c.) Technicians, except medical and dental. Other professional, technical and kindred workers. Farmers and farm managers. Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm. Officials and inspectors, public administration. Officers, pilots, pursers, and engineers, ship. Other specified managers, officials, and proprisors. Exting and drinking places. Federal public administration. All other industries. Clerical and kindred workers. Bookkeepers. Payroll and timekeeping clerks. Postal clerks. Secretaries. Steongraphers. Stook clerks and storekeepers Typists Other specified clerical workers. Clerical and kindred workers (n.e.c.) Sales workers. Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers. Carpenters. Construction craftsmen, except carpenters. Foremen (n.e.c.). Locomotive engineers Machanics and repairmen. Other craftsmen and kindred workers. Deparatives and kindred workers. Boatmen, canalmen, and look keepers. Drivers and deliverymen. Other specified operatives. Operatives and kindred workers. Operatives and kindred workers. Operatives and kindred workers.	1,132 55 107 301 175 79 47 45 126 84 38 50 326 183 661 192 200 46 223 29 154 1,095 105 115 126 382 111 29 154 1,095 111 26 382 111 27 28 29 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	1 1 39 12 43 198 42 956 48 219 199 56 116 180 63 420 63 421 93 77	9 9 35 1 5 4 25 741 81 22 7 114 100 16 125 83 184	655 191 200 204 4220 29 11 29 15 16 105 105 105 11 11 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	105 102 4 72 26 43 8 8 8 9 194 26 59 171 200 188 22 188 22 188 25 188 26 112 12 188 15 16 16 11 16 16 16 16 17 17 17 16 16 17 17 16 16 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	533 10 2 195 170 4 21 116 16 46 47 31 9 122 3 63 20 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63	24	12 3 1 2 1 5 145 5 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	12

		All classes			White			Nonwhite	
Area and occupation group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
RURALCon.						207	689	9	681
Private household workers	966	11	955	277	3	274		°	
Service workers, except private household	689	618	71	287	228	59	402	390	12
services (n.e.c.)	36	24	12	1.8	6	12	18	18	• • •
Janitors and sextons	155	155		5	. 5	***	150	150	***
Kitchen workers (n.e.c.), except private household	124	123	1	3	3	• • •	121	120 51	ŗ
Protective service workers	263	255	8	211	204	7	52 20	50 21	1
Firemen, fire protection	45	45	•••	25	25	••••	20	20 26	***
Guards, watchmen, and doorkeepers	105	98	7	78	72	5	£1	5	-
Policemen and detectives	112	111	1	107	106	μ.			•••
Other protective service workers	1	1	***	1 1	ا مُد	40	61	51	10
Other service workers	111	61	50	50	10	40			
Farm laborers and foremen	135	129	6	26	25	1	109	104	5
Farm laborers, unpaid family workers	42	38	4	5	5	• • • •	37	33	. 4
All other farm laborers, and foremen	93	91	2	21	20	1	72	71	1
Laborers, except farm and mine	178	176	2	53	53		125	123	2
Occupation not reported	25	11	14	19	9	10	6	2	4

Table 24.—INDUSTRY GROUP OF EMPLOYED PERSONS, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

	77.77	All classes			White			Norwhite	
Area and industry group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	. Female	Total	Male	Female
CANAL ZONE									
Total employed	10, 542	7,116	3,426	340 ر6	4,080	2,260	4, 202	3,036	1,166
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	339	317	22 21	66 307	61 286	5 21	273 178	256 178	17
Construction	485 385	464 355	30	198	173	25	187	182	5
Ship and boat building and repairing	290 95	277 78	13 17	163 35	150 23	13 12	127	127 55	
Other manufacturing industries	1,799	1,761	38	1,005	967	38	794	794	
Other transportation, communication, and public util	820 53	748 42	72 11	486 28	419 20	67 8	334 25	329 22	5 3
Wholesale trade	1.05	38	67	79	1.4	65	26	24	2
Eating and drinking places	122 462	77 304	45 158	25 177	9 107	16 70	97 285	68 197	29 88
Other retail trade	1,236	20	1,216	337	5	332	899	15	884
Medical and other health services	600 585	273 173	327 412	457 487	154 109	303 378	143 98	119 64	24 34
Educational services Other professional and related services	305	208	97	211	136	75	94	72	22 11
Public administration and postal services	2,717 495	1,963 360	754 135	2,182 274	1,439 170	743 104	535 221	524 190	31
Other industries Industry not reported	34	13	21	21	ű	10	13	2	11
URBAN									
Total employed	3,979	3,044	935	1,706	1,176	530	2,273	1,868	405
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	6 333	5 322	1 11	2 175	1 164	1 11	158	158	
Construction	103	97	6	15	13	2	88	84	4
Ship and boat building and repairing		55 42		11 4	11 2		44	44	
Other manufacturing industries	872	869	3	280	277	3	592	592	···
Other transportation, communication, and public util	414	399 25	15 5	152 14	139	13 3	262 16	260 14	2 2
Wholesale trade	11	10	1	3	2	1	8	. 8	.;;
Eating and drinking places	56	27 203	29 94	5 54	2 35	3 19	51 243	25 168	26 75
Private households	260	3	257	56		56	204 111	3 91	201 20
Medical and other health services Educational services	206 219	129 79	77 140	95 146	38 31	57 115	73	48	25
Other professional and related services	134	98	. 36	89	1 71	18	45	27 257	18 2
Public administration and postal services Other industries	791 235	594 181	197 54	532 84	337 52	195 32	259 151	129	22
Industry not reported	12	3	g	4	3	1.	8	•••	8
RURAL									
Total employed		4,072	2,491	4,634	2,904	1,730	1,929	1,168	761
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	333 152	312 142	21 10	64 132	60 122	10	269 20	252 20	17
Manufacturing	282	258	24	183	160	23	99	98	1
Ship and boat building and repairing Other manufacturing industries	235	222	13 11	152 31	139 21	13	83	83 15	···i
Water transportaion	927	892	35	725	690	35	202	202	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Other transportation, communication, and public util. Wholesale trade	. 406	349 17	57 6	334 14	280	54 5	72	69 8	1
General merchandise retailing	. 94	28	66	76	12	64	18	16	2 3
Eating and drinking places	66 165	50 101	16 64	20 123	7 72	13	46 42	43 29	13
Private households	976	17	959	281	5	276	695	12	683
Medical and other health services	394	144 94	250 272	362 341	116 78	246 263	32 25	28 16	4 9
Other professional and related services	171	110	61	122	65	57	49	45	4
Public administration and postal services Other industries		1,369	557 81	1,650 190	1,102	548 72	276 70	267 61	9
Industry not reported		ió	12	17	8	9	5	2	3

Table 25.—INCOME IN 1959 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS, BY COLOR, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

[Percent not shown where less than 0.1]

Total money income		Canal Zone			Ürban			Rurel	
Total money income	Total.	White	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite
Families and Unrelated Individuals							1		
		20 000		3 20/	1 201	1,903	11,896	9,442	2,454
Total	15,190 14,612	10,833	4,357 4,071	3,294 3,239	1,391	1,873	11,373	9,175	2,198
Under \$500. \$500 to \$699.	1,206 310	352 120	854 190	97 25	55	42 22	1,109	297 117	812 168
\$700 to \$999	374	262	112	27))	10 54	17 360	347 1,670	252 1,327	95 343
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	2,084 1,658	1,381 651	703 1,007	414 806	68	738	852	583	269
\$2,000 to \$2,499	982 697	454 438	528 259	390 211	39 43	351 168	592 486	415 395	177 91
\$3,000 to \$3,499	659	508	151	100	19	81	559	489 475	70 50
\$3,500 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	586 830	494 735	92 95	61 69	19 36	42 33	525 761	699	62
\$5,000 to \$5,999	701	660	41 26	84 518	72 512	12	2,107	588 2,087	29 20
\$6,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	2,625 1,334	2,599 1,323	11 (316	315	1 (1,018	1,008	10
\$15,000 and over	566 578	564 292	2 286	121 55	121 25	30	523	267	256
Median incomedollars	2,996	4,831	1,588	2,321	8,070	1,836	3,309	4,340	1,035
Families			ļ						
Total	8,008	6,063	1,945	2,574	1,072	1,502	5,434	4,991	443
Number reporting	7,958	6,032 15	1,926 55	2,560 1	1,065 1	1,495	5,398 69	4,967 14	431 55
Under \$500. \$500 to \$699.	70 19	3	16	3 ((i	2 5	16 11	2 5	14 6
\$700 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	17 351	6 54	11 297	294	36	258	57	18	39
\$1,500 to \$1,999	755 476	75 99	680 377	650 342	46 28	604 314	105 134	29 71	76 63
\$2,000 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,999	372	192	าี่ 80 (179	31	148	193	161	32
\$3,000 to \$3,499	426 446	317 376	109 70	93 55	15 17	78 38	333 391	302 359	31 32
\$3,500 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	617	544	73 (56 [25 [31 11	561 457	519 439	42 18
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$9,999	509 2,113	480 2,093	29 20	52 413	41 408	5	1,700	1,685	15 6
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,239	1,232	7 2	297 119	296 119	1	942 429	936 427	2
\$15,000 and over	50	31	19	14	7	7	36	24	12
Median incomedollars	5,845	7,634	1,929	2,477	8,848	1,899	6,875	7,340	2,202
Unrelated Individuals	: {								
Median incomedollars	1,445	1,689	996	1,758	5,177	1,549	1,416	1,635	664
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION							1		
Families and Unrelated Individuels				.					
Number reporting	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1,00,0	100.0	100.0 3.2	100,0 36,9
Under \$500. \$500 to \$699.	8,3 2,1	3.3 1.1	21.0 4,7	3,0 0,8	4.0 0.2	2,2 1,2	9.8 2.5	1,3	7.6
\$700 to \$999	2.6	2.5	2.8 17.3	0.8 12.8	0.7 4.0	0.9 19.2	3.1 14.7	2.7 14.5	4.3 15.6
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	14.3 11.3	13.1	24.7	24.9 12.0	5.0	39.4 18.7	7.5 (5.2 (6,4 4,5	12,2 8,1
\$2,000 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,999	6.7 4.8	4.3 4.2	13,0 6.4	6.5	3.1	0,0	4.3	4,3	4.1
\$3,000 to \$3,499	4.5	4.8	3.7	3,1 1,9	1.4 1.4	4.3 2.2	4.9 4.6	5,3 5,2	3,2 2,3
\$3,500 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	4.0 5.7	4.7 7.0	2,3 2,3	2.1	2.6	1,8	6.7	7.5 6.4	2,8 1,3
\$5,000 to \$5,999	4.8 18.0	6,3 24,7	1.0 0.6	2.6 16.0	5,3 37,5	0.6	5.4 18,5	-22.7	0.9
\$6,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	9,1	12.6	0.3	9.8 3.7	23,1 8,9	0.1	9,0 3,9	11.0 4.8	0,5 0,1
\$1.5,000 and over	3.9	5.4	•••		-,-	{			
Families		Ì							
Number reporting	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0 1.3	100.0	100.0 12.8
Under \$500 \$500 to \$699	0.9 0.2	0.2 0.1	9.0	o.i	0,1	0.i 0.3	0.3	o,i	3.2 1.4
\$700 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499.	0.2	0.9	0.6 15.4	0.2 11.5	0,1 3,4	17.3	1,1	0.4	9.0
\$1,500 to \$1,999	9.5	1.2 1.6	35.3 19.6	25.4 13.4	4.3 2.6	40.4 21.0	1.9 2.5	0.6 1.4	17.6 14.6
\$2,000 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,999	4.7	3.2	9.3	7.0	2.9	9.9	3.6	3.2	7.2
\$3,000 to \$3,499	5.4	5,3 6,2	5.7 3.6	3,6 2,1	1.4 1.6	5.2 2.5	6.2 7.2	6.1 7.2	7.2
\$3,500 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	5.6 7.8	9,0	3.8	2,2	2.3	2.1	10,4 8,5	10.4 8.8	9.9
\$5,000 to \$5,999	6.4 26.6	8.0	1.5 1.0	2.0 16.1	3,8 38,3	0.3	31.5	33.9	3.5
\$6,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	15.6 ∬	20.4	0.4	11.6	27.8 11.2	0.1	17.5 7.9	18.8 8.6	1.4
\$15,000 and over	6,9	3'1	0.1	7.3					

Table 26.—INCOME IN 1959 OF PERSONS, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

		All classes		······································	White			Nonwhite	
Area and total money income	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
1									
CANAL ZONE	04 500	16,346	12,246	19,004	11,111	7,893	9,588	5,235	4,353
Total, 14 years old and over	28,592 9,838	2,254	7,584	5,412	806	4,606	4,426	1,448 3,569	2,978 1,196
With income	17,906 848	13,630 462	4,276 386	13,141 451	10,061 244	3,080 207	4,765 397	218	179
Total with income	17,906	13,630 155	4,276 262	13,141 189	10,061 45	3,080 144	4,765 228	3,569 110	1,196 118
\$1 to \$99 or loss \$100 to \$299	417 780 905	290 216	490 689	347 370	106 78	241 2 92	433 535	184 138	249 397
\$300 to \$499 \$500 to \$699	551 635	214 369	337 266	287 460	117 258	170 202	264 175	97 111	167 64
\$700 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,999.	2,499 2,093	2,219 1,833	280 260	1,591 901	1,418 696	173 205	908 1,192	801 1,137	107 55 14
\$2,500 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,499	1,189	1,042 698	147 83	664 570	531 494	133 76	525 211	511 204	7
\$3 000 to \$3 499	758 614	663 557	95 57	646 555	554 500	9 2 55	112 59	109 57	3 2
\$3,500 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999.	988 1,108	774 60).	214 507	923 1,080	716 575	207 505	65 28	58 26	7 2
\$5,000 to \$9,999. \$6,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 and over	3,446 1,142	2,885 1,114	561 28	3,425 1,133	2,867 1,106	558 27	21 9	18 8	3 1
Median incomedollars	2,451	2,842	1,168	3,991	4,326	2,425	1,412	1,651	416
Percent Distribution									
Total with income	100,0	100,0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0 9.9
\$1 to \$99 or loss \$100 to \$299	2,3 4.4 5,1	1.1 2.1 1.6	11.5	2,6	1.1	7.8 9.5	9.1 11.2	5,2 3,9	20.8 33.2
\$300 to \$499 \$500 to \$699 \$700 to \$999	3.1	1.6 2.7	7.9 6.2	2,2 3,5	1.2 2.6	5.5 6.6	5,5 3,7	2.7 3.1 22.4	14.0 5.4 8.9
\$1,000 to \$1,499	14.0	16.3 13.4	6.5 6.1	12.1 6.9	14.1 6.9	5.6 6.7	19.1 25.0	31.9 14.3	4.6 1.2
\$2,000 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,999	6.6 4.4	7.6 5.1	3.4 1.9	5.1 4.3	5,3 4,9	4.3 2.5	11.0	5.7	0.6
\$3,000 to \$3,499 \$3,500 to \$3,999	4.2 3.4	4.9 4.1	2,2 1,3	4.9 4.2	5.5 5.0	3.0 1.8	2,4 1,2	3.1 1.6	0,3
e/ nor += e/ non 1	5.5 6.2	5.7 4.4	5.0 11.9	7.0 8.2	7.1 5.7	6.7 16.4	1,4 0,6	1.6 0.7 0.5	0.6 0.2 0.3
\$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$5,999. \$10,000 and over.	19,2 6.4	21.2 8.2	13,1	26,1 8,6	28,5 11.0	18.1	0,4 0,2	0.2	0.1
URBAN									
Total, 14 years old and over	8,767	4,456	4,311	3,077	1,527	1,550 868	5,690 3,259	2,929 996	2,761
Without income	4,361 4,244	1,230 3,171	3,131 1,073	1,102 1,916 59	234 1,274 19	642 40	2,328	1,897	431 67
Income not reported	162 4,244	55 3,171	1,073	1,916	1,274	642	2,328	1,897	431
Total with income	65	18 48	47 124	13 56	3 23	10 33	52 116	1.5 2.5	37 91
\$300 to \$499 \$500 to \$699	154 115	25 29	129 86	67 38	14 8	53 30	87 77	11 21 19	76 56 40
\$700 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	108 627	29 511	79 116	49 100	10 69	39 31 37	59 527 871.	442 844	85 27
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499	994 420	930 377	64 43	123 77 53	86 43 41	37 34 12	343 120	334 11.6	9 4
\$2,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,499	173 88	157 61	16 27	49	23	26	39	38	1
\$3,500 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	49 92	35 35	14 57	30 80	16 27	14 53 132	19 12 3	19 8 3	
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$9,999	197 755	65 619	132 136	194 752 235	62 617 232	135		2	i
\$10,000 and over	235 1,943	232 1,998	1,308	6,154	7,374	4,038	1,641	1,746	541
RURAL									
Total, 14 years old and over	19,825	11,890	7,935	15,927	9,584	6,343	3,898	2,306	1,592
Without income	5,477 13,662	1,024 10,459	4,453 3,203	4,310 11,225	572 8,787	3,738 2,438	1,167 2,437	452 1,672	71.5 765 112
Income not reported	686	407	279 3,203	392 11,225	225 8,787	167 2,438	2,437	182	765
Total with income\$1 to \$99 or loss	13,662 352 608	10,459 137 242	215 366	176	42 83	134 208	176 317	95 159	81. 158
\$100 to \$299 \$300 to \$499 \$500 to \$699	751 436	191 185	560 251	303 249	64 109	239 140	448 187	127 76	321 111
\$700 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	527 1,872	340 1,708	187 164	411 1,491	248 1,349	163 142	116 381	92 359	24 22 28
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499	1,099 769	903 665	196 104	778 587	610 488	168	182	293 177	5
\$2,500 to \$2,999	608 670	541 602	67	517 597	453 531	64	73	88	2
\$3,000 to \$3,499 \$3,500 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	565 896	522 739	43 157	525 843	484 689	41 154	40 53	38 50	3
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$9,999	911 2,691	536 2,266	375 425	886 2,673	513 2,250	373 423	18	23 16	2
\$10,000 and over	907 2,843	882 3,264	1,069	898 3,702	3,930	24		1,400	1 .
Median incomedollars	ربورء _	1	1	11 -,,,,,,,,	шш			<u> </u>	

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COURT DISTRICTS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1960

[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

		All classes			White			Nonwhite	
Area and age	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
COURT DISTRICTS									
Balboa	30,623	16,849	13,774	22,004	12,311	9,693	8,619	4,538	4,081
Under 1 year	774 2,717	387 1,411	387 1,306	611 2,105	313 1,108	298 997	163 612	74 303	89 309
5 to 9 years	3,563	1,787	1,776	2,618	1,330	1,288	945 1,053	4 <i>5</i> 7 523	488 530
10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years	3,283 2,810	1,690 1,616	1,593 1,194	2,230 1,753	1,167 1,064	1,063 689	1,057	552	505
20 to 24 years	3,225 2,273	2,369 1,281	856 992	2,358 1,722	1,812 964	546 758	867 551	557 317	310 234
30 to 34 years	2,215	1,148 1,170	1,067	1,736	907 915	829 956	479 545	241 255	238 290
35 to 39 years	2,416 2,415	1,285	1,246 1,130	1,871 1,698	931	767	717	354	363
45 to 49 years, 50 to 54 years,	1,853 1,212	1,048 661	805 551	1,250 871	714 470	536 401	603 341	334 191	269 1 <i>5</i> 0
55 to 59 years	800 414	486 234	314 180	578 241	351 128	227 113	222 173	135 106	8 7 67
65 to 69 years	196	74	122	116	41	75 68	80 93	33 44	47 49
70 to 74 years	203 1.54	86 65	117 89	110 82	42 31	51	72	34	38
80 to 84 years	55 45	28 23	27 22	25 29	9 14	16 15	30 16	19 9	11 7
Under 18 years	11,917	6,057	5,860	8,508	4,382	4,126	3,409	1,675	1,734
21 years and over	16,715 653	9,380 276	7,335 377	12,140 362	6,877 137	5,263 225	4,575 291	2,503 139	2,072 152
Median age	23,4	23.2	23.7	23.6	23,2	24.7	22,8	23,2	21.9
Cristobal	11,499	6,429	5,070	6,192	3,567	2,625	5,307	2,862	2,445
Under 1 year	279 910	142 440	137 470	182 535	93 263	89 272	97 375	49 177	48 198
5 to 9 years	1,310	688	622	675	357 329	318 339	635 850	331 433	304 417
10 to 14 years	1,518 1,227	762 699	756 528	668 490	324	166	737	375	362 144
20 to 24 years	874 645	588 375	286 270	532 432	390 261	142 171	342 213	198 114	99
30 to 34 years	753 926	396 503	3 <i>5</i> 7 423	515 615	283 344	232 271	238 311	113 159	125 152
35 to 39 years	959	551	408	513	300 258	213 165	446 389	251 249	195 140
45 to 49 years. 50 to 54 years.	812 522	507 321	305 201	423 282	172	110	240	149	91 54
55 to 59 years. 60 to 64 years.	369 183	249 116	120 67	192 70	126 39	66 31	177 113	123 77	36
65 to 69 mars	59	25 28	34 40	19 22	5 11	14 11	40 46	20 17	20 29
70 to 74 /mars,	68 46	20	26	9	5	4 7	37 15	15 8	22 7
80 to 84 powers	24 15	10 9	14 6	9	2 5	4	6	4	2
Under 18 years	4,806	2,434	2,372	2,338	1,183	1,155	2,468 2,518	1,251 1,443	1,217 1,075
21 years and over	6,048 212	3,553 92	2,495 120	3,530 68	2,110 28	1,420 40	144	64	80
Median age	22.9	24.1	20,4	25,2	25.5	24.5	19.7	21.7	18.5
PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE									
Balboa	3,139	1,510	1,629	3,032	1,485	1,547	107	25	85
Under 1 year1 to 4 years	68 195	28 100	40 95	195	100	95			··i
5 to 9 years	31.1 404	160 189	151 215	307 394	157 189	150 205	1.0		10
15 to 19 years	334 133	163 55	171 78	314 117	158 50	156 67	20 16	5	15 11
20 to 24 years	169	72	97	1 <i>5</i> 7 1 <i>5</i> 8	68 80	89 78	12	3	8 6
30 to 34 years	167 215	83 77	84 138	207	76	131	8	1 2	7 10
40 to 44 years	320 314	143 175	177 139	308 309	141 175	167 134	12 5		5
45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years	218	114 93	104 56	213 148	114 92	99 56	5 1	"i	5
55 to 59 years	149 54	28	26	53	28	25 18	1 1		1 1
65 to 69 years	29 24	10 9	19 15	28 23	10 8	15	1	1	
75 to 79 years	21 8	8 2	13 6	21 8	8 2	13 6	:::	:::	
85 years and over	6	1	5	6	1	5	29	8	21
Under 18 years	1,221 1,801	596 862	625 939	1,192 1,735	588 845	604 890	66	17	49
65 years and over	88	30 29,2	58 28,3	86 28.9	29 29.4	57 28.5	25.6	1	1
Median age	28,7	[['		602	552	2,335	1,236	1,099
Gamboa	3,489	1,838	1,651	1,154	17	18	50	22	28
Under 1 year1 to 4 years	313	163	150 244	134 151	69 83	65 68	179 346	94 170	85 176
5 to 9 years	497 508	253 265	243	147	83	64	361 273	182 142	179 131
15 to 19 years	352 145	177 67	175 78	79 42	35 19	23	103	48	55
25 to 29 years	116 184	54 81	62 103	50 79	23 30	27 49	66 105	31, 51	35 54
30 to 34 years	284	144	140 146	100 97	45 56	55 41	184 230	99 125	85 105
40 to 44 years	327 252	181 163	89	70	42	28 25	182 110	121 71	61 39
50 to 54 years. 55 to 59 years.	165 107	101 80	64 27	55 50 23	30 38	12	57	42	15
60 to 64 years	70 26	47 5	23 21	23 11	14 4	7	47 15	33	14 14
65 to 69 years	24	7	17	14 10	5	9	10 11	2	10
75 to 79 years	21 7	6 4	15 3	4	3	1	3	1	2 3
85 years and over	6	1	5 200	3 524	1 281	2 243	1,110	554	556
Under 18 years	1,634 1,693	835 917	799 776	599	309	290	1,094	608 5	486 37
65 years and over	84 19,9	23 21,6	61 19.1	23.7 23.7	18 23.7	24 23.7		20.8	18,1
0		•							

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COURT DISTRICTS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1960—Con.
[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

Amon and and		All classes			White		Nonwhite			
Area and age	Total.	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	
PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE-Con.										
Paraiso	3,113	1,625	1,488	312	170	142	2,801	1,455	1,346	
Under 1 year. 1 to 4 years. 5 to 9 years. 10 to 14 years. 15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 36 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 55 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 50 to 54 years. 60 to 54 years. 60 to 64 years. 65 to 69 years. 65 to 69 years. 65 to 69 years. 65 to 69 years. 65 to 79 years. 60 to 84 years. 65 to 79 years. 60 to 84 years. 65 years and over. 65 years and over. 65 years and over. 65 years and over.	51 246 403 497 472 188 83 110 179 300 265 128 79 55 14 17 13 8 5 1,506 1,377	21 122 196 263 248 106 38 48 78 160 159 83 60 34 2 2 2 1 1 3 768 744	30 124 207 234 224 82 45 62 101 140 106 45 19 21 12 15 12 738 633 48	7 28 46 55 37 14 14 14 26 28 20 10 5 6 1 1 162 134 2	5 12 28 31 15 7 7 7 5 11 22 13 7 4 2 	2 16 18 24 22 7 7 9 15 6 7 3 1 4 1 	44 218 357 442 435 174 69 96 153 272 245 218 74 49 13 16 13 8 5 1,344 1,243	16 110 168 232 233 99 31 43 67 138 146 76 56 32 2 1 1	28 108 189 210 202 75 38 53 86 134 99 42 18 17 11 15 2 663 575 47	
Median age	18,8	19.2	18.3	17.7	18.0	17.5	18.9	19.3	18.4	
Rainbow City	3,688	1,841	1,847	53	29	24	3,635	1,812	1,823	
Under 1 year. 1 to 4 years. 5 to 9 years. 10 to 14 years. 25 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 35 to 39 years. 45 to 39 years. 45 to 49 years. 55 to 59 years. 60 to 64 years. 65 to 69 years. 65 to 69 years. 75 to 79 years. 85 to 79 years. 86 to 74 years. 86 to 74 years. 87 to 79 years. 88 years.	61 251 499 695 589 202 107 138 199 300 256 153 103 73 18 19 17 6	31, 113, 255, 363, 305, 98, 48, 48, 83, 150, 142, 83, 69, 44, 3, 2, 2, 2, 1,	30 138 244 332 284 104 59 90 116 150 114 70 34 29 15 17	 6 7 11 9 3 2 1 4 6 3 1 	2 2 6 6 7 2 1 1 1 4 2 1		61 245 492 684 580 199 105 197 195 300 250 150 102 73 18 19 17 6	31.1 253 3377 298 996 477 47 822 150 138 81 68 44 3 2 2	30 134 239 327 282 103 58 90 113 150 112 69 34 29 15 17 15	
Under 18 years. 21 years and over. 65 years and over. Median age.	1,924 1,531 62 17,9	976 746 9 17.6	948 785 53 18,2	30 19 	14 12 	16 7 	1,894 1,512 62 17.9	962 734 9 17.6	932 778 53 18.2	

General Population Characteristics

Table 28.—SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR COURT DISTRICTS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1960

[Rate and median not shown where base is less than 100; characteristic not shown where fewer than five persons in the area]

	T .									~			
Sub-de-ort	Court d	istricts	Plac	es of 2	500 or 1	nore	0.25.4	Court d	istricts	Plac	es of 2,	500 or 1	ore
Subject	Balboa	Cris- tobal	Balboa	Gamboa	Pa- raiso	Rainbow City	Subject	Balboa	Gris- tobal	Balboa	Gamboa	Pa- raiso	Rainbow City
COUNTRY OF BIRTH							MARITAL STATUS						
Total population	30,623	11,499	3,139	3,489	3,113	3,688	Male, 14 years old and over	11,817	4,529	1,069	1,161	1,074	1,152
Born in Canal Zone	6,969 665 15,543 7,446		1,041 1,580 517	1,508 8 569 1,404	1,766 1 7 1,339	1 3	Single. Married Percent married. Separated. Widowed. Divorced.	4,742 6,670 56,4 113 137 268	1,731 2,639 58.3 64 53 106	306 721 67.4 8 17 25	367 745 64.2 23 20 29	494 544 50,7 20 19 17	527 610 53,0 4 9
							Female, 14 years old and over	9,002	3,244	1,178	1,014	943	1,176
Total enrolled, 5 to 34 years old. Level of school: Kindergarten	6,728 474 3,450 968 379 1,108 291 58	3,062 129 1,521 502 235 598 56 21	996 51 417 157 91 209 64 7	788 10 443 134 53 134 7	29 8 5 3 8 3 2		Single	2,366 6,010 66,8 132 442 184	910 2,155	331 734 62,3 26 80 33	284 661 65.2 7 55 14	381 504 53.4 7 52 6	493 613 52,1 3
Number enrolled in school by age: 5 and 6 years old. 7 to 13 years old. 14 and 15 years old. 16 and 17 years old. 18 and 19 years old. 20 and 21 years old. 22 to 24 years old. 25 to 34 years old.	897 3,790 757 593 257 128 101 205	227 1,681 436 389 171 47 36	96 502 174 130 57 12 7	34 499 120 89 35 7 2	 8 7 5 1 3 1 4	9 551 193 178 91 26	Married couples With own household. Families Husband-wife families Unrelated individuals	5,618 5,557 5,828 5,560 5,526	2,091 2,180 2,094	698 682 739 685 322	680 646	493 491 522 494 142	598 593 633 595 12
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED							Total population,,,,,,	30,623		3,139	3,489	3,113	3,688
Male, 25 years old and over No school years completed	7,589 164 255 125 470	3,110 53 189 102 397	815 4 6 4 8	874 9 74 42 179	669 7 41 37 166		In households. Head of household. Head of primary family. Primary individual. Wife of head. Child under 18 of head. Other relative of head.	26,568 6,626 5,817 809 5,557 11,511	2,603	3,068 894 738 156 682 1,169 213	653 1,613	3,113 607 522 85 491 1,480 478	639 632 7 593 1,859
7 years	159 848 1,008 2,406 964 962	125 440 389 874 304 225	14 48 137 305 128 161	41 243 98 118 40 27	31 245 79 51 9	55 175 55 44 9	Nonrelative of head. In group quarters. Inmate of institution. Other. Population per household.	1,139 4,055 449 3,606	237 1,010 6 1,004	110 71 11	35 124 124		
School years not reported Median school years completed	228 12.3	12 10.9	12,6	3 8.4	8,2	7,1	CHILDREN EVER BORN	·	ľ	,			
Female, 25 years old and over No school years completed Elementary: 1 to 4 years	6,662 77 242	2,271 16 141	879 6 17	71.5 16 53	587 10 37	715 4 78	Women ever married, 15 to 24 years old Reporting on children ever born	587 567		55 54		14 14	
5 years	169 679 164 754	112 341 81 285	11 42 11 62	40 147 27 175	28 171 27 203	85 228 39 163	Children per 1,000 women ever married reporting	1,317.5 1,819 1,780		143			
High school: 1 to 3 years	833 2,068 956 560	298 591 245 153	107 325 175 123	72 128 40 15	54 49 4	64 42 6	Children per 1,000 women ever married reporting	2,599.4 2,221 2,157	2,893.4 817 806	2,169.0 292 287			4,714.3 263 253
School years not reported	160 12.2	10.6		8.4	2 2 8,1	6.8	Children per 1,000 women ever		1	2,641.1	3,786,0	4,359.7	4,819.

Table 29.—ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR COURT DISTRICTS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1960

[Median not shown where base is less than 100; characteristic not shown where fewer than five persons in the area]

	Court dist	ricts		Places of 2,50		n-1 h
Subject	Balboa	Cristobal	Balboa	Gamboa	Paraiso	Rainbow City
EMPLOYMENT STATUS		, 500	1,069	1,161	1,074	1,1
Male, 14 years old and over	11,817	4,529 3,785	858	890	712	7
ebor force	10,028 4,768	2,510	850	863 852	712 682	7
Employed	4,684	2,432 78	838	11	30	
Unemployedtin labor force	84 1,789	744	211	271	362	4
Inmate of institution	309	5 458	11 160	120	9	ž
Enrolled in school	714	428		121	347	2
Other: Under 65 years	642	258	20 20	131	6	1
65 years and over	124	23	20		012	.\
Female, 14 years old and over	9,002	3,244	1,178	1,014	943	1,1
abor force	3,001	752	546	161 160	197 197]
Civilian labor force	2,996 2,839	749 587	546 525	155	142	3
Employed	157	162	21	5 853	55 746	9
t in labor force	6,001	2,492	632		***	
Inmate of institution	137 757	498	167	114	9	2
Other:		1 000	413	685	689	
Under 65 years	4,809 298	1,878	52	54	48	
65 years and over	2.0					
AGE OF PERSONS IN LABOR FORCE	·					
Male, 14 years old and over	10,028	3,785	858	890	712	4
to 17 years	88	49 713	20 61	5 41	57	
to 24 yearsto 34 years	2,814 2,340	746	148	129	78 237	
to 44 years	2,393	1,045	218 402	323 388	335	
to 64 years	2,295 98	1,165	9	4	3	
years and over	ł		546	161	197	
Female, 14 years old and over	3,001	752	33	1		
to 17 years	138 446	48 112	67	18	18	
to 24 yearsto 34 years	672	147	96	33 61	32 87	
to 44 years	878	224 216	167 178	40	60	
to 64 yearsyears and over	831	5	5	8	•••	
arried women in labor force, husband present	1,470	467	296	101	147	
AFFICE WOMEN IN TADOT TOTCE, IMBURG PICCETO	-,					
OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED		į				
Male	4,684	2,432	838	852	682	
rofessional, technical, and kindred workers	730	125 78	176	51	23	1
armers and farm managers	93 558	265	145	59	13	
erical and kindred workers	544	233	101	89	131	
ales workersaftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	49 901	33 555	206	134	81	
eratives and kindred workers	770	563	72	308	253	
ivate household workers	11 740	2 288	2 118	119	107	
rvice workers, except private household	33	5	110			
l other farm laborers, and foremen	36	58		84	1 63	ļ
borers, except farm and mine	206 13	225	7 2		1	
cupation not reported			i	i	142	
Female	2,839	587	525	155	142	
rofessional, technical, and kindred workers	575 9	163	155	16	14	
magers, officials, and proprietors, except farm	61	15	9	2	1	
erical and kindred workers	908 95	153 25	231	49 11	25 26	
des workersaftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	11	9	. 3		***	
eratives and kindred workers	1,058	9 154	101	2 65	4 55	
rivate household workers	90	42	17	10	18	1
rm laborers, umpaid family workers	1	3	***	′ …	***	
l other farm laborers, and foremen	2 2	•••	:::	:::	•••	
borers, except farm and mine	15	8	"i	:::	"i]
industry of employed						
Mele,	4,684	2,432	838	852	682	
riculture, forestry, and fisheries	172	145	1	112	1.	
nstruction	422 48	42 307	45 11	243	22 10	
nufacturing	28	249	10	4	6	1
Suid and hoar ourrants and reburning.	20 865	58 896	186	3 221	4 215	
Other manufacturing industries	477	271	186 96	221 87	128	
Other manufacturing industriester transportation		20	10	6	1	
Other manufacturing industries	22		1	4	3 11	
Other manufacturing industries. ter transportation. ther transportation, communication, and public utilities tolesale trade. meral merchandise retailing.	22 29	9	9			
Other manufacturing industries. ter transportation. ther transportation, communication, and public utilities. tolesale trade. meral merchandise retailing. ting and drinking places. ther retail trade.	22 29 61 170	9 16 134	3 27	2 36	54	1
Other manufacturing industries ther transportation, communication, and public utilities. ther transportation, communication, and public utilities. tolessle trade mercal merchandise retailing ting and drinking places. ther retail trade, trivate households.	22 29 61 170 16	16 134 4	27 3	36	54	
Other manufacturing industries. iter transportation. ther transportation, communication, and public utilities. nolesale trade. meral merchandise retailing. thing and drinking places. ther retail trade. rivate households. adical and other health services.	22 29 61 170 16 218	16 134 4 55	27 3 34	36 ••• 44	54 32	
Other manufacturing industries ther transportation, communication, and public utilities. nolesale trade. meral merohandise retailing. thing and drinking places. ther retail trade. rivate households. dical and other health services. thear professional services.	22 29 61 170 16 218 109 185	16 134 4 55 64 23	27 3 34 25 60	36 44 12 26	54 32 24 6	
Other manufacturing industries. iter transportation. ther transportation, communication, and public utilities. nolesale trade. meral merchandise retailing. thing and drinking places. ther retail trade. rivate households. adical and other health services.	22 29 61 170 16 218	16 134 4 55 64	27 3 34 25	36 44 12	54 32 24	

Table 29.—ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR COURT DISTRICTS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1960—Con.

[Median not shown where base is less than 100; characteristic not shown where fewer than five persons in the area]

Cublinat	Court dis	tricts		Places of 2,5	00 or more	
Subject	Balboa	Cristobal	Balboa	Gambos	Paraiso	Rainbow City
INDUSTRY OF EMPLOYED-Con.	1	Į				
	2,839	507	525	3.55	1/0	22.0
Female.	2,839	587		155	142	113
Agriculture, forestry, and fisherles	21	.,7	1 3		• • • •	***
Manufacturing	9 }	21	2		i	3
Ship and boat building and repairing	1 8	12 9	2	:::	"il	";
Water transportation	10 53	28	3 n		.,,[***
Wholesale trade	10	19 1	3)	1 2	
General merchandise retailing	61 27	6 18	1 2		ii	'ii
Other retail trade	110	48 (18	20	31 (25
Private households	1,062	154 81	101 52	65 8	54 12	37 5
Educational services	304	108	106	- 11 (9	14
Other professional and related services	84 715	13 39	21 174	21	9 1	2 1
Other industries	99	36	26	10	10	8
Industry not reported	13	8	1	•••	1	7
CLASS OF WORKER						
Agriculture		•	j].		
Male, employedPrivate wage and salary workers	170 37	145 29	1		1	3
Government workers	6	33 [ï	:::	i	3
Self-employed workers	93 34	78 5	•••	•••	•••	•••
			••••	•••	***	***
Female, employed. Private wage and salary workers.	14	7		•••	:::	***
Government workers.]		::: }	:::	•••]	•••
Salf-exployed workers. Unpaid family workers.	10	3	***	:::	***	***
	-	1				
Nonagriculture industries						
Male, employed	4,514 346	2,287 240	837 78	852 47	681 16	669 28
Government workers	4,113	2,024	746	790	665	637
Self-employed workers	55		13	15	***	
j		•		ı	142	113
Fermale, employed Private wage and family workers	2,825 1,291	580 204	525 153	155 (75)	78	47
Government workers	1,487	348 26	353 19	77	64	56 10
Self-employed workers	45 2	20	19		***	***
						•
WEEKS WORKED IN 1959						
Total, 14 years old and over	20,819	7,773	2,247	2,175	2,017	2,328
Vorked in 1959	13,178 10,920	4,492 3,695	1,438 1,148	1,059 978	841 781	798 730
50 to 52 veeks. 48 to 49 veeks.	304	7,090	11	3	5	3
40 to 47 veeks	335 499	118 194	30 100	26	11	13
14 to 26 Weeks	514	164	68	23 17	17 16	15 29
13 weeks or less. Veeks worked not reported.	548 58	195 36	73 8	3		4
Did not work in 1959	7,641	3,281	809	1,116	1,176	1,530
FAMILY INCOME IN 1959						
All families	5,828	2,180	739	680	522	633
Number reporting.	5,793	2,165	738	673	519	630
Under \$500	44	26	1	·i		
\$500 to \$699. \$700 to \$999.	12 13	7 4	"i	4		. 1
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	160 471	191 284	2.5	75 218	55 194	162 233
32.900 to \$2.499	312	164	7	91	138 58	106 67
\$2,200 to \$2,999,	268	104	6	48 28	33	26
\$3,000 to \$3,499 \$3,500 to \$3,999	291 327	135 119	6	17	15	17
\$4,000 KD \$4,999	483	134	18	11 15	17	10 4
\$6,000 to \$9,999	415 1,609	94 504	27 321	88	2	2
\$10,000 to \$14,999.	965	274 125	233 105	63 14	1	***
\$15,000 and over	423 35	15	1	7	` . 3	
Median income:	·				2 220	1,822
Families	6,250 1,379	4,362 1,775	9,614 4,136	2,212 1,631	2,038 1,694	1,817
Families and unrelated individualsdollars	3,028	2,911	8,422	1,978	1,945	1,017

Table 29.—ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR COURT DISTRICTS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1960—Con.

[Median not shown where base is less than 100; characteristic not shown where fewer than five persons in the area]

Subject	Court d	istricts	Places of 2,500 or more						
Subject	Balbos	Cristobal	Balboa	Gamboa	Paraiso	Rainbow City			
INCOME OF PERSONS IN 1959									
Male, 14 years old and over	11,817	4,529	1,069	1,161	1,074	1,15			
Vithout income	1,541	71.3	159	242	375	45			
income not reported	9,892 384	3,738 78	896 14	905 14	683	68			
Total with income	9,892	3,738	896	905	683	68			
\$1 to \$99 or loss	100	55	4	6	í				
\$100 to \$299	193	97	25	7	4				
\$300 to \$499. \$500 to \$699.	169 147	47 67	14	2 3	2				
\$700 to \$999	295	74	9	ر 5	8				
\$1,000 to \$1,499	1,589	630	20	157	123	2			
\$1,500 to \$1,999	1,233	600	24	335	308	2			
\$2,000 to \$2,499	691	351	13	100	155	1.			
\$2,500 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,499.	51.4 469	184 194	15 12	58 21	41 20				
\$3,500 to \$3,999	439	118	9	14	8				
\$4,000 to \$4,999	588	1.86	20	7	ž				
\$5,000 to \$5,999	481	120	44	19	1 [
\$6,000 to \$9,999	2,136	749	509	108	1				
\$10,000 and over	848	266	169	63	•••	•			
Median incomedollars.	3,016	2,426	7,807	1,907	1,817	1,6			
Female, 14 years old and over	9,002	3,244	1,178	1,014	943	1,19			
ithout income	5,279	2,305	534	803	759	1,0			
ith income	3,410	866	608	189	163	1			
income not reported	31.3	73	36	22	21				
otal with income	3,410	866	608	189	163	1			
\$1 to \$99 or loss,	180	82	11	11	11				
\$100 to \$299. \$300 to \$499.	596	98 83	43 62	28 34	33 23				
\$500 to \$699	287	50	41	14	23				
\$700 to \$999	192	74	36	บัง	16				
\$1,000 to \$1,499	199	81 [27	23	33				
\$1,500 to \$1,999	160	100	30	10	16				
\$2,000 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,999	118 58	29 25	25 9 I	11 3	4				
\$3,000 to \$3,499.	73	22	24	اد	1				
\$3,500 to \$3,999	45	12	10	4 1					
\$4,000 to \$4,999	188	26	44	11	"i	•			
\$5,000 and over	912	184	246	25	•••]				
Median incomedollars	1,121	1,284	3,417	873	626	79			

Table 30.—AGE BY SEX, FOR PLACES OF 1,000 TO 2,500: 1960

[Characteristic not shown where fewer than five persons in the area]

		Male								Female						
Place	Under 5 years	5 to 14 years	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and over	Under 5 years	5 to 14 years	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and over
Anson. Coco Solo. Cocoli. Curundu. Diablo Heights. Margarita-Escondido.	58 79 138 60 32 40	97 154 91 172 119 142	35 52 72 73 28 84	61 70 129 67 38 52	92 116 70 106 101 135	115 63 36 90 107 167	56 18 27 40 52 68	14 2 2 8 9	52 74 110 60 41 52	92 159 111 136 103 139	71 63 147 104 67 80	92 91 133 93 69 57	103 120 73 130 117 132	118 51 38 77 124 136	55 10 23 24 52 45	26 11 9 20 16 20

Table 31.—GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR PLACES OF 1,000 TO 2,500: 1960

[Characteristic not shown where fewer than five persons in the area]

			Population		Households				4 years old	and over	Females 14 years old and over			
Place	Total	By	sex.	By co	olor	Number	Population	~		Widowed		· · · · ·	Widowed	
		White	Nonwhite	Number	Population	Single	Married	divorced	Single	Married	and divorced			
Ancon. Coco Solo. Cocoli. Curundu Dlablo Heights. Margarita-Escondido.	1,133 1,209 1,260 1,075	528 554 565 616 486 703	609 579 644 644 589 661	1,039 1,087 1,046 1,182 1,037 1,284	98 46 163 78 38 80	481 301 404 365 391 485	1,124 1,133 1,209 1,240 1,075 1,362	250 270 289 251 281 343	31 1 12 29 18 47	94 62 40 110 45 142	249 271 289 253 287 340	62 25 44 80 54 45	162 66 100 131 112 109	

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